THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

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FIRST EDITION

SANTO DOMINGO.

Diplomacy Extraordinary—Hayti Warned by the United States to be Neutral Toward Santo Domingo.

Communications from United States officials, referring to the pending negotiations with Santo Domingo, and warning Hayti to remain neutral, have been published in the Haytien journals, and excited a great deal of unpleasant comment. Translations of several of these documents have been received. The first is a letter from Admiral Poor to the Provisional President of Hayti:—

To President Saget, Provisional President Republic Hayti:

Sir:—The undersigned avails himself of the arrival in this port, of the Severn, flagship of the United States North Atlantic squadron, to inform your Excellency that he has received instructions from his Government to inform your Excellency that negotiations are now pending between the United States Government and the Government of Santo Domingo, and that during such negotiations the United States Government is determined to use all its power to prevent any meddling on the part of Hayti or any other power with the Dominican Government. Therefore, any interference with, or attack on the Dominicans by ships under the Haytien flag, or any other flag, during the said negotiations, will be considered an act of hostility to the United States flag, and will provoke hostilities in return. I have, etc.,

C. H. POOR, Rear-Admiral, etc.

Port-au-Prince, Feb. 10, 1871.

United States Consul Gautier addresses General Nord Alexis in the following terms:—

General:—A large majority of the Dominican people have asked through their representatives to be annexed to the United States; and the negotiations with that view have been entered into and still continue. A commission has been appointed to go to Santo Domingo and make a careful examination, when all who are opposed to annexation will again have an opportunity to make themselves heard. In the meantime the United States have engaged to protect the legitimate Government of the Dominican Republic—that of President Baez—against all intervention from outside, and to fulfil this engagement the United States will even use force, if other means prove inefficient. The Haytien Government has been duly cautioned, and has promised to preserve a strict neutrality.

Consul Gautier proceeds to point out the movements of General Luperon and his associates, and continues:—

"I do not wish to say by this that the authorities at Cape Haytien are secretly aiding the Dominican insurgents, although it is known to every one that General Luperon is in friendly relations with them, and that they have accorded him long interviews; but I desire to warn the authorities here, fearing that their sympathies, by leading them to exceed the limits of their duties, may not only alienate the good feeling of the United States towards the Haytien Government, but may occasion grave complications which may still be avoided by prudence."

General Nord, in reply, says:—

"I have already been ordered by my Government to preserve the strictest neutrality regarding the affairs of the Dominican quarter."

Minister Bassett addressed the following letters to the Haytien Secretary of State:—

To the Hon. T. Rameau, Secretary of State.

Sir:—I have the honor to inform you that negotiations are pending between the United States and President Baez of the Dominican Republic; and I am instructed by my Government to make known to the Haytien Government that it will regard with decided disfavor all attempts made (no matter by whom) to disturb the peace or interfere in the internal affairs of the neighboring Dominican Republic during these negotiations.

I respectfully ask that you will, without delay, direct the attention of your Government to these instructions from my Government, and I express the hope that the Government and people of Hayti will be encouraged to preserve the strictest neutrality in regard to the internal affairs of the Dominican Republic, and that they shall use their influence to prevent the occurrence of any incident arising from the revolutionary state of this island, calculated to affect in the least degree the interests of the United States, as well as the amity existing between Hayti and the United States. I have, etc.,

EBENEZER D. BASSETT.

United States Legation, Port-au-Prince, Jan. 10, 1870.

This letter was replied to by Secretary Rameau, when Minister Bassett answered as follows:—

Sir:—I thank you for your letter of the 21st ult., in reply to mine of an earlier date, inviting your Government to observe strict neutrality in the internal affairs of Santo Domingo, and I shall have much pleasure in informing the United States Government of the friendly spirit in which you have received the notification of its wish and of its expectation in this particular circumstance.

But, nevertheless, it would be more satisfactory and more agreeable to my Government and myself, if, when writing in the name of your Government, you felt yourself authorized to give the assurance of neutrality asked and expected by the United States.

Since the receipt of your despatch we have heard, from sources worthy of consideration, reports which, supposing them to be reasonably exact, may give rise to serious embarrassments, in the absence of any assurance of neutrality on the part of your Government. I shall not insist on the accuracy of these reports. I will mention only, that your Consul at Kingston, Jamaica, is known to be well informed respecting certain schemes of intervention in the affairs of Santo Domingo, and that he and your Consul at Curacoa are accused of masking and protecting, or being ready to mask and protect, by means of their official position, projects of the character indicated. It has also come to our knowledge that certain other persons propose to disturb the internal peace of Santo Domingo under cover of the Haytien flag.

In the absence of a declaration of a neutral policy on the part of your Government relative to the internal affairs of Santo Domingo, the United States, despite its wish to the contrary, may find cause of dissatisfaction when, from well-informed authorities, we receive reports which lead the Government to fear that the Haytien Government may be compromised by her citizens and representatives, who, so far as we know, have received no notice from their Government to observe that neutrality which my Government, in cordial amity, much desires and counts upon you to see observed. I have, etc.,

EBENEZER D. BASSETT.

U. S. Legation, Port-au-Prince, Feb. 9, 1871.

The Port-au-Prince *Civilisateur*, February 16, in the course of a long article, thus complains of alleged acts of intimidation on the part of United States officials:—

'The promoters of the annexation project, in order to secure its success, have sought to exercise a system of complete though disguised coercion. It is first the commander of a ship of war who arrives at Jacmel to inform the military governor there that he must be quiet (*coi*) during the annexation negotiations or unpleasant consequences would follow. This was done without the least care for our national sovereignty or interests, which, feeble as we are, are nevertheless entitled to respect. Next, a diplomatic agent, regularly accredited in a form half fawning and half menacing, renews the same invitation. Then a naval officer presents himself to the Chief of State, himself, to reiterate the same injunction accompanied this time by a monitor of fifteen guns, as if to show the penalties which would be incurred by any deviation from the policy which he invited the President to adopt. Now, it is a simple consular officer of the second class who believes it his duty to play his part in the affair.

"Now, how can these acts be reconciled with the solemn statements made to the men of principle in the United States Congress, in order to calm their first auspicions, that only the truth is sought in the Santo Domingo question, and that only honest representations would be acted upon. Are not Cabral, Luperon, Pimental, Hongria, Gomez, and many others like them, Dominicans? If they desire to make themselves heard, why, if truth alone is sought, are so many precautions taken to suppress the expression of their sentiments? The resolve to annex, when it really exists, implies a determination on the part of the annexationists too strong to require as support schemes unworthy of a power guided only by goodwill, truth, and justice."

THE "COMMISSION" BILLS.

Who is Engineering Them.

A Harrisburg despatch to the New York *Tribune* says:—

It appears that Pennsylvania Democrats have been looking to New York city for counsel in their doings. A committee, largely composed of Philadelphians, visited New York last July, and were received by Tweed, who gave them some insight into his means of victory. The ensuing election was not a Democratic success, and they again sought their adviser. They were assured of the efficacy of gold. When the present legislative session began the movers commenced sounding the members. When all was ready a bill substantially identical in form and feature to that providing for the Government of New York was brought forward in behalf of Philadelphia, and by the aid of a few Republican votes consigned to the Committee on Corporations. The committee deliberated upon the measure, but dared not report.

The Speaker of the House, learning that tangible arguments had been brought to bear upon the committee, added four men of undoubted backbone to the committee, and lo! it was found there was but one majority against the scheme. It would not be adding material point to this narrative to give names. Here men who were offered from $1000 to $3000 are neither scarce nor backward in avowing it. Since the defeat of the bill, a unique telegraphic correspondence has passed between the abject Pennsylvanians and their indignant New York mentor, whose last vehement command was to "pay more money and carry the thing—you know how it is yourself." In a new shape and with more money, it is openly declared, the bill must sooner or later become a law. "What!" said a cool monarch, "do they think we have money just to make us rich? Not much. We mean to rule, as well as control this big State, and when things work just right, money will make majorities wherever we want them."

Baltimore Produce Market.

BALTIMORE, March 18.—Cotton dull and weak and lower; low middling, 13½c. Flour dull, but entirely unchanged. Cloverseed quiet at $7 50@7 62½. Wheat dull, except for choice, and entirely nominal. Corn—white Southern firm and scarce at 86@87c.; yellow Southern dull at 83@84c. Oats firm at 64@65c. Mess Pork quiet at $22. Bacon steady; shoulders, 9½c.; rib sides, 11½c.; clear rib, 12c.; hams, 17½@18c. Lard quiet at 13½c. Whisky dull at 92c.

SECOND EDITION

TO-DAY'S CABLE NEWS.

The Montmartre Insurrection.

The Black Sea Question.

Protocol of the Conference.

History of the Negotiations.

DOMESTIC AFFAIRS.

THE METHODIST CONFERENCES.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM EUROPE.

The Montmartre Insurrection.

LONDON, March 18.—The *Times'* special despatch from Paris says:—On Friday morning a battalion, the 134th, of the National Guard prevented the battalion 21st from taking position on the ramparts of the fortification at Montmartre, because they were not devoted to the republic.

Prussian Outrages in France.

PARIS, March 18.—The splendid chateau of Charles Bonnehese having been wantonly pillaged by the German soldiers, its owner has written to the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg, complaining of the outrage, and declaring that he will place a tablet on the wall perpetuating the memory of the disgraceful act.

Napoleon and Eugenie.

LONDON, March 18.—Napoleon has not yet arrived in England. The Empress is much disappointed, but supposes there was a mistake in the telegram notifying her of his intended visit, and remains at Dover awaiting her husband.

United States Corvette Shenandoah.

The Mayor and Mayoress of Southampton will give a grand ball on the evening of Tuesday next. The officers of the United States corvette Shenandoah at Southampton have received invitations.

The Black Sea Question.

LONDON, March 17.—The protocols of the proceedings on the Black Sea question will be laid on the table of the House of Commons to-night. They are signed by the plenipotentiaries of the seven powers represented. Their general features are of a

Conciliatory Tone

on the part of Russia, willingness on the part of Turkey to accept a deneutralization of the Black Sea, and a deference of the conference to the wishes of either power. On January 17 Lord Granville was chosen President. Lord Granville regretted the absence of the plenipotentiary from France, and declared that the object of the conference was to examine the Black Sea question without partisanship, and to discuss with perfect liberty the Russian proposals for a revision of the treaty of Paris.

Baron Brunnow Made a Statement

which contained no trace of the imperative tone of Prince Gortschakoff's circular. Baron Brunnow's speech was most conciliatory throughout, and was responded to in the same spirit by Mausouros Pasha. The conference then went to work on the declaration to the effect that the plenipotentiaries recognize it as the essential principle of the

Right of Nations

that no power can shake off the engagement of a treaty or modify its stipulations, except with the consent of the contracting parties. This friendly understanding was arrived at, and on March 13 the Duc de Broglie gave his adhesion to it. A second meeting took place January 24, when Baron Brunnow stated that changes had taken place since 1865, and that

All Treaties Shall be Judged

by new considerations arising in the interval. He contended that the treaty of Paris really perpetuated irritations by wounding the Russian national sentiment.

The Turkish Ambassador combatted the arguments of the Russian Ambassador, and declared that Turkey was fully satisfied with the treaty, but if the other powers thought it right to admit

The Russian Demand

on that Government, and would give guarantees equivalent and compatible with the rights and security of the Ottoman Empire, he was authorized to concur. The other plenipotentiaries, while recognizing the justice of the Turkish objections, adhered to their former expression that the Turkish consent must be a condition of equivalents. At the third sitting February 3d, on the treaty four articles were proposed by Earl Granville. The second article gave to Turkey the power to introduce ships of war of the

Non-Riverain

powers into the Black Sea only, if compelled to do so for the security of the Ottoman empire. Monsouros Pasha objected to the phrase non-riverain as restrictive to Turkey and offensive to Russia.

A Long Debate

generally in opposition followed, the representative of the Turkish Government pleading his instructions as very peremptory. At the same meeting the secondary questions of

The Danube Commission

was first mooted, and it was agreed to insert arrangements therefor in the principal treaty, at the fourth meeting of February 7. No instructions had been received by the plenipotentiaries, and nothing was done.

At the fifth meeting, which was held on the 13th inst., the Duc de Broglie was introduced. He declared that the French Government saw no sufficient reason to modify the treaty of Paris, but it now willingly accepted the arrangements which had been partially concluded.

The Italian Minister met the objection of the Turkish Minister by proposing a new article, in which the words

"Friendly and Allied Powers"

were substituted for "non-riverain powers." This amendment was accepted freely by Turkey and the other powers. There were no differences on the other articles. After their completion the Turkish and Russian plenipotentiaries announced they had been authorized to conclude a convention abrogating the stipulations of the treaty of Paris relative to the number and strength of their respective fleets in the Black Sea.

Ship News.

LIVERPOOL, March 18—Arrived on the 18th steamer Virginia, from New York; 18th, steamer Wyoming, from New York.

This Morning's Quotations.

LONDON, March 18—11·30 A. M.—Consols opened at 92⅝ for money, and 92⅞ for account. American securities firmer. United States bonds, of 1864, 92¾; of 1865, old, 91¾; of 1867, 91; 10-40s, 89½; Erie Railroad, 18¾; Illinois Central, 110; Great Western, 85⅜.

LONDON, March 18—Linseed Oil, £33@33 5s.

FRANKFORD, March 17—United States bonds closed at 96⅝.

LIVERPOOL, March 18—11·30 A. M.—Cotton opened dull; uplands, 7⅛@7¼d.; Orleans, 7⅛@7⅛d. The sales to-day are estimated at 10,000 bales. The stock of cotton afloat is 501,000 bales, including American, 335,000.

FROM THE STATE.

Philadelphia Methodist Conference—Fourth Day.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

READING, Pa., March 18.—Saturday morning, Bishop Scott in the chair. Devotional services were conducted the Rev. J. H. Alday.

Rev. James Flannery was reported as having gone to the better land during the year. Rev. Dr. Nadal was also reported as having fallen at his post during the year.

Rev. C. J. Little was granted a supernumerary relation.

A communication was received from the Hon. George Connell, of the State Senate, in reference to the collateral inheritance tax, and asking the influence of the conference in aid of its passage. It was referred to a special committee.

Rev. Dr. Pattison represented the Reading district as being generally prosperous and peaceful. He has been happy in his work, and the Church is advancing in every department. The preachers were called and passed.

The annual missionary sermon will be preached on Monday morning at 10½ o'clock by Rev. Jacob Todd.

Rev. T. A. Fernley was granted leave of absence on account of the death of his sister in Philadelphia.

Memorial service in memory of the dead of the year was appointed for Monday afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

Rev. Dr. Carrow offered the following:—

Resolved, That it is the judgment of this conference that no Presiding Elder should serve longer than one term, or four years.

Withdrawn for the present.

The following local preachers were elected to deacon's orders:—George W. Evans, Randolph Craige, Michael Hensel.

John Hean, Jr., W. Kenneday, and J. W. Donnelly were elected to local elder's orders.

G. D. Carrow, J. H. Alday, and J. Dickerson were appointed a committee on the communication from Senator Connell.

The report of the Preachers' Aid Society was presented by Rev. J. A. McCullough; $8758·97 have been received and distributed during the year. The trustees of the Society are also the stewards of what is termed the fund for conference claimants, and the report combines the mutual relief fund and the collections taken up in the various charges.

Resolutions expressive of sorrow on account of the death of Amos Phillips, Esq., who was for a long time a lay steward, and who gave very liberally to the Preachers' Aid Society, were also offered.

The report and resolutions were adopted.

The transfer of Rev. J. T. Gracey from the India Conference to the Philadelphia Conference was read. Rev. J. T. Gracey and Rev. J. Lanahan, D. D., were introduced.

Rev. J. B. McCullough, James Long, and B. Schofield were elected trustees of the Preachers' Aid Society.

Rev. A. W. Guyer, of the Central Pennsylvania Conference, was introduced.

Rev. T. B. Ruly was continued as supernumerary with appointment. Rev. T. W. MacClary was made effective.

The committee on the extra missionary apportionment and expenses of the next General Conference reported through Rev. J. Welch. Adopted.

Resolution welcoming Rev. J. T. Gracey, who on account of his wife's health has been compelled to be transferred from the India Mission Conference, was adopted by a rising vote.

The transfer of the Rev. A. Rittenhouse from the Wilmington Conference was announced.

The following pulpits in Philadelphia will be filled by members of the conference to-morrow:—

Twelfth Street Church—Rev. J. A. Cooper.

Eleventh Street Church, above Washington avenue—Rev. P. Coombe in the morning, Rev. J. A. Watson at night.

Nineteenth Street Church—Rev. S. T. Kemble.

Mount Zion, Manayunk—Rev. J. Atwood.

Tabernacle—Rev. J. S. J. McConnell.

FROM NEW JERSEY.

New Jersey Methodist Conference.

FOURTH DAY.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

SALEM, N. J., March 18.—The session was opened with reading the second psalm, singing the 219th hymn, and prayer by Rev. George Hitchins.

The minutes of yesterday's session were read and approved.

The seventh question was taken up. Rev. G. E. Brown, a supernumerary preacher, was called. He said he would gladly enter upon the active work of the ministry, but his health was not sufficient. J. Jaquett, E. Hanel, B. F. Woolston, A. Atwood, J. S. Bugle, T. Sovereign, A. Owen, S. H. Johnson, L. J. Rhodes, J. Atwood, J. T. Tucker, J. Herr, D. L. Adams, and W. Willner were passed and their relations continued.

D. Duffield's character was passed, and his relation changed to superannuated.

The application of local preachers for deacon's orders were called for, and James Moore, William Wright, William Kirby, William H. Carter, Charles Carter, Firth Stringer, David Scale, Allen Thompson, William Wood, and James Elfreth were represented and elected to be ordained.

A paper on the legal form of church property was presented, and referred to the appropriate committee.

The fourth question was taken up, and W. F. Randolph was elected to elder's orders.

Rev. Dr. Dashiell was introduced, and addressed the conference on the subject of education. He said they designed that the graduates of Dickinson College shall be the peers of the graduates of any other institution of learning.

The Tract Committee reported the aggregate amount of the collections made $93,076, an increase of $97·47 over last year.

The report of the Committee of the Freedmen's Aid Society was made, and resolutions recommending it to the continued patronage of the conference.

Bishop Janes urged its claims upon the brethren.

Rev. Mr. Lewis presented a paper from the trustees of Perkintown Church, asking the conference to take such action as would permit them, by legal enactment to transfer the church to the Education Board for purposes of education.

The Committee on Sunday-schools made their report, $79·16 having been collected during this year.

The Committee on Church Extension reported $1789·48 as raised last year.

The Committee on Ladies' and Pastors' Aid Union reported that a union be formed in every church.

Rev. Dr. Dobbins read a memoir of Rev. A. J. Scott, a young man and a devoted minister, who died after two years' sickness.

It was resolved that, as far as practicable, we take a collection for the Freedmen's Aid Society.

A paper on the desecration of the Sabbath was presented and adopted, deprecating such desecration and the holding of camp-meetings on the Sabbath unless such measures are taken as will prevent Sabbath-breaking.

The Committee on Bible Cause presented their report, pledging the conference to a deeper interest and larger collections. The collections amounted to $2214·48, an increase over last year of $37.

Rev. Dr. Holdich, Secretary of the American Bible Society, was introduced and addressed the conference at great length on the history of the Bible work.

Specie Shipments.

NEW YORK, March 18.—The specie shipments today amount to $406,000, mostly in silver.

—A year ago Tuesday the snow was so deep in many streets in Boston that, where there were large drifts, sleighs were driven on the sidewalks early in the morning.

THIRD EDITION

MATTERS AT WASHINGTON.

Revising U. S. Statutes.

Ways of the West.

Resignation of Governor Clayton.

Later from Europe.

France Settling Down.

England has an Earthquake.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM EUROPE.

Earthquake in England.

LONDON, March 18.—A slight shock of earthquake was felt this morning in the northern portions of England.

Shipping.

QUEENSTOWN, March 18.—The steamship Holsatia, from New York, arrived this morning.

Maritime Law in France.

PARIS, March 18.—The Government is devoting much time to the consideration of the subject of maintaining mercantile law. The questions at present under discussion, and which will be first decided upon are those relating to the excess of taxes on bonded goods, and revision of the navigation laws. It is said that the

New Loan

is for the purpose of converting a loan of two hundred and fifty million francs contracted by the Tours delegation of the September government.

The Bank of France will not ask the payment of supplementary interest, except in case of persons who avail themselves of the delays accorded by the new law.

The Northern and Eastern Railways are to be amalgamated.

The French Army

is being rapidly reorganized and the men nearly all armed.

The suppression of the Montmartre revolt is in contemplation for to-day.

The Remains of Charles Hugo

will be brought to Paris to-morrow by his father for interment. Funeral arrangements are such that the procession will be very large and the ceremonies imposing.

It is announced that

Marshal MacMahon

supports the present Government, but will retire from the army to private life.

Marshal Bazaine

insists upon an investigation into his conduct at Metz.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Revision of United States Statutes.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Benjamin Vaughn Abbott and Victor C. Barringer, two of the commissioners selected to revise the statutes of the United States, have addressed a letter to the chairmen of the committees of the two houses of Congress on that subject, giving a history of the progress of the work. They are desirous to ascertain the decision of Congress as to the completion of the work. If the time designated in the act of May 4th, 1870, three years, is to be adhered to, they advise the increase of the commission to four instead of three, as at present. They are convinced that it is not possible for the three commissioners to complete the work in the time specified, but that it can be done with additional aid, and increased attention to the lapse of time and the necessity for expedition, if the committees of Congress were to give a definite expression of opinion that the revision should and must be completed within the term of three years without contemplating an extension.

FROM THE WEST.

Tennessee Legislature.

MEMPHIS, March 18.—A special despatch to the *Avalanche*, from Little Rock, Ark., says:—In the House yesterday, a bill was introduced to provide for filling the office of Governor in case of a vacancy. It provides that the President *pro tem.* of the Senate shall become Governor, and if there is none, then the Speaker of the House.

The Senate assembled at 1 o'clock as a high court of impeachment, acting Chief Justice Whylock presiding. A communication was received from Chief Justice McClure acknowledging service, saying he was ready for trial. Counsel for respondent submitted a general demurrer to the articles of impeachment, after which the court adjourned till Monday, when argument will be had on the demurrer. Of course it will be sustained and the defendant released.

Governor Clayton Sent in his Resignation

to the House this morning, announcing that he had turned over the books and papers of his office to the President pro tem. of the Senate. Clayton leaves for Washington to-morrow. Hadley was sworn in this evening and entered on the discharge of his duties as Governor. About three years ago he was a merchant and failed, took the benefit of the Bankrupt law, and has been in the State five years. When the Reconstruction bill passed he entered into politics as a radical, succeeding in being elected Senator from this district. He was one of the strongest advocates of the Funding bill passed by the last Legislature, and is said to have made a good thing of it. He is now well off. Before Clayton resigned he signed near a thousand commissions for friends who had been provided for, among them Speaker Tankersley, as Superintendent of the Penitentiary at Jackson, Tenn.

Crime in the West.

The special despatch says that Hester Long and Charles Johnson, colored, are being tried for the murder of Mr. Van Hook. Their connection with the murder is not yet established.

An officer leaves for Little Rock to-day with a requisition from Governor Senter for Hardwick, the swindler and bigamist.

New York Money and Stock Market.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Stocks active. Money easy at 4@5 per cent. Gold, 111. 5-20s, 1862, coupon, 112⅝; do. 1864, do., 113½; do. 1865, do. 112½; do. 1865, new, 111¼; do. 1867, 111¼; do. 1868, 111¼; 10-40s, 109¼; Virginia 6s, new, 65½; Missouri 6s, 91¾; Canton Co., 84; Cumberland preferred, 32; New York Central and Hudson River, 98¾; Erie, 20½; Reading, 101¾; Adams Express, 70; Michigan Central, 118½; Michigan Southern, 99½; Illinois Central, 134½; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 113¾; Chicago and Rock Island, 114¼; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 97; Western Union Telegraph, 57¾.

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Cotton dull; sales 1500 bales at 15c. Flour a shade firmer; sales 9300 bbls. State at $6@7·25; Ohio at $6·75@7·50; Western at $6@7·80. Wheat firmer; sales of 32,000 bush. new spring at $1·60 afloat; winter red and amber Western at $1·71@1·72. Corn steady; sales 38,000 bushels new mixed Western at 87@88½c. Oats dull; sales 16,000 bushels Ohio and Western at 68@70c. Beef quiet. Pork steady; new mess, $21·75; old mess, $21. Lard quiet; steam, 13@12¾c.; kettle, 13¾c. Whisky quiet at 91¾c.

THE PRESIDENT.—The President, now stopping at the residence of A. J. Drexel, Esq., on account of the inclemency of the weather kept in doors. On Monday he returns to Washington, while Mrs. Grant will visit New York.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE ITEMS.

Failure of the Pittsburg "Paper"—Why Its Backers Failed to Respond.

The *Commercial* also has the following:—

For a considerable time past it has been known that the *Paper*, the new Democratic journal in this city, was in extremity, and its cessation, or at least suspension, has been confidently expected. The new journal did not appear to-day, and it will probably not appear to-morrow, or the next day.

It is not four months since the paper was started. It was to have command of unlimited pecuniary resources, New York capitalists "backed" it, and "solid" men here subscribed to its stock, the subscriptions ranging from $20,000 to a few hundred dollars each. But presently it was found that "backing" and subscriptions did not always imply the payment of money. Money from New York, if any had been promised, was not forthcoming. The stock company, we believe, has not been fully incorporated, and the subscribers for the most part were worse than backward in honoring their subscriptions. So the movers of the enterprise, who had expended ready resources lavishly at first, found themselves with plenty of splendid material, a fine press, and the most elegantly furnished office in the city, on their hands, and not the means at command to pay salaries or paper bills.

From reliable sources we ascertain that the total expenditures during the brief existence of the enterprise aggregate sixty-five thousand dollars. Among their liabilities is one of $3200 to the Pittsburg Paper Manufacturing Company, while other evidences of indebtedness in the way of notes are held by several of our banking institutions. The employes also have claims against the establishment for wages remaining unpaid.

THE PROTEST.

A Memorial to the Legislature about the Commission Bills.

The following is a copy of the memorial prepared by the committee appointed at the recent town meeting, and is being extensively circulated for signatures, before it is sent to Harrisburg:—

To the Honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of Pennsylvania:—The undersigned, citizens and tax payers of the city of Philadelphia, do most earnestly remonstrate and protest against the passage of the bills lately submitted to the House of Representatives, known as "the Commission bills," and do respectfully assign for cause of our remonstrance and protest:—

First, That the effect of these acts will be to hand over for five years the city and its wealth, its business, its manufactures, and its destiny, to the keeping and absolute management of a few commissioners and their swarms of agents, contractors, and officers, without accountability to the people of Philadelphia, or to their chosen representatives in Councils.

Second. Because the people whose millions are to be expended, and whose property is to be controlled by these commissioners, have no voice in their appointment, and have no control over their acts.

Third. Because these acts empower the commissioners to compel Councils to levy any rate of taxation the commissioners may think fit, which is taxation without representation, thus striking a blow at the most cherished principles of republican government.

Fourth. Because these acts will open the door to the most stupendous corruption which may ensue from the wholesale transfer to irresponsible commissioners of the control of the public expenditures.

Fifth. Because these acts sweep away our ancient privileges and long enjoyed municipal franchises, and launch our city with all its hopes and destinies upon unknown and dangerous seas.

Sixth. Because these bills are sought to be passed without a single petition to the Legislature in their favor from the people whom they are to affect; their authors not daring publicly to advocate them, but issuing anonymous communications to mislead the people and to cover up iniquitous schemes, we have a just right to believe, and to infer that their end and design is to enrich themselves at the public expense, and, with the vast funds under their control, to perpetuate their tenure of office.

Seventh. Because the passage of these bills would deprive us of all voice in our municipal government, would violate the cardinal principles of American liberty, "that governments are instituted among men deriving their just power from the consent of the governed," and would virtually declare and adjudge us incapable of self-government.

For these reasons, and many others, which we are not now able more specifically to set forth, the undersigned do most earnestly submit this their remonstrance and protest, and they will ever pray.

PENN TREATY.

Probable Purchase of the Monument and the Grounds by the City.

The Penn Treaty Monument, and the plot of ground from the centre of which it rises, are in a neglected condition that does not speak well of our regard for this memorable spot. The monument, which consists of a square shaft of granite tapering towards the top, and resting on a granite base, was placed upon this spot by a Society of Friends, having first obtained permission of its owner, a Mr. Vandusen, for so doing. In 1852 the Legislature passed a bill for the purchase of the site of the Old Elm, but from some disagreement arising in the assessment of damages, the project suddenly dropped out of consideration. Meanwhile the mischievous youths of Beach street made it a target to shoot at, and destroyed the fences about it, while the relic hunters, who happened to discover it hidden behind piles of lumber and rubbish, chipped off pieces from the granite column for mementoes. Councils have at last come to consider the propriety of buying up this property and preserving the monument from total obliteration. A subcommittee of the Committee on Property will recommend its purchase. But there is an objection that perhaps may not be overcome. The owner will not sell the plot on which the shaft stands unless taken with all the tract of land he there owns, covering an area of 85 by 300 feet. For this he asks $58,000, and will dispose of the whole or nothing. The monument bears upon its faces these inscriptions:—

Treaty Ground of Wm. Penn and the Indian Nations, 1682. Unbroken Faith.	Wm. Penn, Born 1644. Died 1718.	Placed by the Penn Society to mark the site of the Great Elm Tree.	Pennsylvania Founded 1681, By deeds of Peace.

Mr. Van Dusen, who is an aged man, declares that the exact site of the Great Elm, which was blown down on the 3d of March, 1810, is 30 feet southeast of the monument.

HOW IT WAS DONE.

The Robberies at Tenth and Market Streets—A Virtuous Bootblack.

A few days ago we announced that a robbery had been perpetrated at the clothing store of Messrs. Mahlon Bryan & Co., at Tenth and Market streets, by which that firm lost $1000 of their stock. Through the perseverance of Detective Fletcher, the *modus operandi* of the affair has been brought to light, and one of the offenders has been taken in custody.

It will be remembered that over this store, on the second floor, is a gilder's room, and back of it a billiard-room. Four weeks ago last Saturday night, while a little bootblack named William Brown was engaged in putting away the cues and balls (for which he was employed), two men, one of them named John Glazier, aged about 50, entered and went to playing billiards. They then sent Brown out for 50 cents worth of oysters, and having eaten these, they told the little fellow that they would lie down and take a nap. The lad also was soon asleep.

When he awoke he saw the two worthies looking through the door into the billiard-room and then retreat. He followed them and discovered that they had pried open the door leading into the gilder's room with a jimmy, and was astonished when he followed them to a closet that they had taken up the boards of the floor. They said to Brown, "We will kick away the plastering and then you can see into the clothing store. Will you go down? We want only the ready-made clothing. We can wear it out on our own backs, so that it will not be noticed. You will make $100 by the job." To which proposition he promptly returned "No, I won't." Glazier and his partner then cautioned Brown not to say a word about it, and replaced the boards, and retreated from the gilder's room into the billiard-room, carrying with them a number of picture frames. Brown told them they shouldn't stay in the building any longer, and they left. On last Saturday night the store was robbed of $1000 worth of ready-made clothing, the robbers having entered through the gilder's room, torn up the floor in the closet, and let themselves down by means of a rope. For complicity in this crime Glazier was arrested, and this afternoon will have a hearing.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

Percy Spear's Case.

United States District Court—Judge Cadwalader.

In the case of Percival B. Spear, convicted of forging a bond in $25,000, Judge Cadwalader this morning overruled the motion for a new trial, and said he would pronounce sentence on Saturday next.

Alleged Infanticide.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Judge Ludlow.

Judge Ludlow to-day heard upon habeas corpus the case of Dr. Lewis A. Hall and his wife, at whose house the child of Rose Kelley was born, and who were charged with having caused its death. The Judge discharged Mrs. Hall at once, and held the case as to the Doctor under advisement.

William Hart.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Judge Peirce.

The Court is to-day still engaged with the trial of William Hart upon the charge of stealing carpet from Godley's bonded warehouse, which we reported yesterday. The defense allege an *alibi*, and argue that the carpets were left by thieves at Hart's shop during his absence and without his knowledge. The case has not been concluded.

Desertion Cases.

His Honor Judge Finletter sat in the Grand Jury room to-day to dispose of desertion cases presented by Solicitor Seltzer.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

EVENING TELEGRAPH OFFICE,
Saturday, March 18, 1871.

There is an entire absence of animation in financial circles to-day, owing to the disagreeable weather rendering outside operations extremely unpleasant. Trade is in the same dull condition, and hence speculation and regular business movements are temporarily retarded. Rates, under these circumstances, are somewhat easier both on call and time contracts. We quote at 5@6 per cent. on good collaterals, and at 7@8 per cent. on acceptable mercantile paper having three or four months to run.

Gold is exceedingly quiet and decidedly weak, the premium continuing steady at 111¾.

In Government bonds there is generally a steady feeling, but a small portion of the list shows a fractional decline.

Stocks were very dull and rather weak. Sales of State 6s, 1st series, at 103½; and City 6s, new bonds, at 101¾.

Reading Railroad was neglected but steady at 51. Sales of Pennsylvania at 61⅝; Lehigh Valley at 59¾; and Oil Creek and Alleghany at 48 for small lots. 44½ was bid for Little Schuylkill, and 40¾ for Catawissa preferred.

The balance of the list was quiet, with sales of Mechanics' Bank at 32½, and Manufacturers do. at 20½. No Canal shares were disposed of.

—The following banks have subscribed through us to-day for the new five per cent. Government bonds:—

Farmers' National Bank,	Ripley, Ohio	$153,000
Merchants' "	New Albany, Ind.	20,300
Bellefontaine "	Ohio	93,350
Fourth National "	New York	1,000,000
Total up to 12 o'clock		$1,198,650
Previously subscribed		3,279,400
Total		$4,498,050

JAY COOKE & Co.,
Agents Treasury Department.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.
Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street.

FIRST BOARD.

$700 Pa 6s, 2 se	103¾	3 sh Penna R	61¼
$2000 do	103¾	100 do	b30. 61½
$1000 Pa R 1 mt 6s	101¾	86 do	61¾
$1000 Pa 6s 2 m 6s	102¾	30 sh Leh Val R	29¾
$500 Bel. & Del 2m. 86		10 sh Bank of Rep.	96½
4 sh Mech Bk	32½	40 sh O C & A R	48

BETWEEN BOARDS.

$6500 U S 5-20, 64	112¾	29 sh Manu Bank	29½
$2500 do '62	112½	200 sh Read R	b60. 51
$16100 City 6s, New	101¾	50 sh Leh Nav St	35½
$500 Bel & Del 2d. 86			

SECOND BOARD.

$1000 Phila & E 7s	86¼	18 sh Cam & Am	116¾
$300 C & A m 6s, 89	96	100 sh 13th & 15th R	23¾
100 sh Leh N	35¾	100 sh Phil & E R	27
200 sh Read R.	s5 1.50	39 sh Leh V R	59¾
500 do	50		

MESSRS. DE HAVEN & BROTHER, No. 40 S. Third street, Philadelphia, report the following quotations:—U. S. 6s of 1881, 115¼@115¾; do. 1862, 112¼@113; do. 1864, 112@112½; do. 1865, 112¾@113¼; do. 1865, new, 111¾@111¾; do. 1867, do. 111@111¼; do. 1868, do. 111¾@111¾; 10-40s, 109@109¾. U. S. 30 Year 6 per cent. Currency, 113¾@114¼; Gold, 110⅞@111¼; Silver, 106½@108; Union Pacific Railroad 1st Mort. Bonds, 840@850; Central Pacific Railroad, 955@965; Union Pacific Land Grant Bonds, 765@775.

NARR & LADNER, Brokers, report this morning gold quotations as follows:—

10·00 A. M.	111	11·26 A. M.	111
10·02 "	111¼	10·56 "	111¼
10·13 "	111¼	12·13 P. M.	111
10·15 "	111¼	12·16 "	111¼

Philadelphia Trade Report.

SATURDAY, March 18.—Bark—In the absence of sales we quote No. 1 Quercitron at $31 per ton.

There is less activity in the Flour market, and prices of the medium and low grades of spring wheat families favor buyers. The demand is confined to the wants of the home consumers, whose purchases foot up 600 bushels, including superfine at $5·50@5·75; extras at $6@6 25; Wisconsin and Minnesota extra family at $7@7·50; Pennsylvania do. do., at $6·25@7; Indiana and Ohio do. do. at $7·25@7·75, and fancy brands at $8@9·50, as in quality. Rye Flour sells at $6. In Corn Meal no transactions.

There is less demand for Wheat, and the offerings have fallen off.

SPIRIT OF THE PRESS.

Editorial Opinions of the Leading Journals upon Current Topics—Compiled Every Day for the Evening Telegraph.

THE NEW UNITED STATES LOAN.

From the N. Y. Tribune.

This loan must be made a success. Possibly it may be found expedient by a future act of Congress to raise the rate of interest to five per cent. upon the entire amount. This can be determined only by testing the markets of the United States and of Europe. As the new bonds will be free from local and national taxation, which, taken together, will not in most of our cities amount to less than two per cent., the interest derived from the five per cent. bonds will be equivalent to that which is derived from seven per cent. bonds if subject to such taxation. If the income tax, which is at present less than one-half of one per cent. of the interest, should be removed, yet the local taxation, amounting to not less than one and one-half per cent., will remain, and in that case the five per cent. untaxed loan will pay the same net interest to the holder as a six and one-half per cent. loan would pay if subject only to local taxes. This rate of interest will insure the ultimate absorption of these five per cent. bonds by banks, insurance offices, and by capitalists who seek a secure and permanent investment of trust funds here and abroad.

That the United States are amply able to pay the public debt, and have given to the world the most solemn pledge that it shall be fully and faithfully paid, no one can doubt who is acquainted with the state of public opinion, or with the Constitution itself, which provides that the obligations of the United States shall not be impaired, while on the other hand the debt incurred in maintaining the Rebellion shall not be assumed or paid, either by the States individually or by the nation.

There is but one danger to which the public was formerly exposed. It was discovered in the early years of the war, and has been more fully developed by later experience. Formerly it was the practice of the Treasury Department to manufacture the public securities at Washington by persons employed in the Printing Bureau, and the result of this experiment was not satisfactory to the Treasury Department, to Congress, or to those who were interested in Government issues. It was so obviously subject to great abuse that it was condemned by the joint investigating committee of the House and Senate, in their ample report of March 3, 1869, and by the report of the Hon. George S. Boutwell, Secretary of the Treasury, who stated, in substance, that for the purpose of giving the highest degree of security against a repetition of the unfortunate irregularities disclosed in the committee report, he had adopted the plan which had been also sanctioned by that committee, namely, to have all the Treasury securities so prepared as to require at least three imprints upon every piece of paper; one to be made by one bank note engraving company, of unquestioned responsibility; a second imprint to be made by another of such companies—both of which should be wholly disconnected with the Treasury Department, and in a different city; and the last imprint to be made by the Printing Bureau in the Treasury at Washington. All paper to be used was to be manufactured at still a third and distant point, to be delivered under special safeguards, and to be of a peculiar character. The paper manufacturer and the two companies thus became guards upon each other and upon the employes in the Printing Bureau, and the Printing Bureau a guard over them, and thus all probable chances of over-issues, duplications, or other fraud seemed avoided. This plan of manufacturing the Government securities, which, as stated in his official report, has been adopted by the Secretary of the Treasury, has met with the approbation of all financial men who are acquainted with the subject, and has justly secured among capitalists a feeling of confidence that there is now little danger of their waking up some years hence to find their vaults filled with false or duplicate bonds, which might be repudiated by the Government, though printed from genuine plates and issued from its Printing Bureau. Some rumors have been started of late that the Secretary proposes to abandon this plan of manufacturing the new bonds, and to return to the scheme which experience has proved so disastrous. We do not credit them, for it is not probable that Mr. Boutwell will act contrary to the assurances he has given to the public in his report, or that he will, for any cause, endanger the success of his new loan by diminishing confidence in the safety of his bonds.

THE TRUE COMPROMISE BETWEEN THE TWO WINGS OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

From the N. Y. Times.

The recent votes of the House on the duties upon coal and salt must convince many Republicans of the fact we urged so strongly and frequently more than a year ago—that the moderate party on the tariff question is extremely strong throughout the country. It is all very well for the Pennsylvania Republicans to seek to bolster up their local interests to an extreme degree, or, on the other hand, for the ultra free-traders of Missouri and the West to air their theories for universal free-trade and direct taxation. The nation at large favors neither of these ultraisms. The people know, whatever they may think of the abstract benefit of free trade, that the interest on the debt and the sums towards its redemption must be paid from indirect taxation, and that no form of this burden is so little felt as the duties of a tariff. Undoubtedly, in a purely abstract view, the most just and sound method of taxation is the direct one; but practically the people will not bear it, and they pay most easily what they do not know to be paid to the tax-gatherer.

Taxes in this country must always be indirect. And as the consumption by this nation of luxuries will always include a vast amount of products of foreign countries, these imports will always form the favorite object of taxation. The vast and increasing agricultural districts of the country, or the commercial cities, such as New York, do not desire to have all their greatest necessities in production burdened with duties because certain monopolies in the Central and Eastern States claim a bountiful protection from the Government. Even New England has mainly abandoned her former demand for high protective tariffs. With this strong party in the West and East supporting a revenue tariff, there will soon appear an ally in the South, whose interest must always be in low duties. The result is what we predicted more than a year ago, that the medium tariff party, being able on many points to include from 40 to 100 Democratic votes in Congress, and holding a strong position in the Republican party, will substantially control the balance of power on this question in both houses of Congress.

If the monopolists and high-protective wing will only regard this fact reasonably, and act accordingly, it will benefit the whole Republican party, both now and in the future Presidential election. Let them give up the effort to protect monopolies any further; let them abandon high duties, and suffer iron and coal and wool and lumber to take their chance on a moderate revenue tax, or with no Government aid at all. Their constituents have either sufficiently enriched themselves, or they have proved to the whole people that these interests cannot float without an assistance from the Government which is a public burden. Let the monopolist wing now yield to the inevitable, and accept a carefully-framed revenue tariff.

If, however, they are obstinate, and obstruct every moderate reform in the tariff because they cannot sufficiently protect their own interest, there is imminent danger of a worse thing coming upon them, and upon the country. There is undoubtedly a body of the Democrats who would see with indifference the repudiation of the national debt, and would hail such a lightening of the customs duties as would practically prevent the payment of the interest, and entirely shut out any possibility of ever meeting the principal. If the revenue reformers were rendered desperate, they might be driven into a serious revolt from the national party, and, with the Democrats and the South, sweep away the most important portions of even a revenue tariff, and put a Democratic administration in Washington on the basis of low taxes and repudiation. We do not suppose for a moment that the present Republican "revenue reformers," who include some of the most honored and intelligent members of the party, propose or aim at such a disastrous culmination of their efforts. We only warn the monopolist and the ultra protectionist that such a fruit of their selfish policy is among the possibilities. Let them in time govern their course accordingly, and abandon extreme claims which the country will not sanction.

The true compromise between the wings of the Republican party is the formation of a committee of moderate views, who shall frame for the next session a medium revenue tariff, with sole and exclusive reference to lightening the burdens of taxation, and at the same time raising revenue enough to meet all the demands of the Treasury. Under such a tariff they could go before the country in the next Presidential election, and carry everything before them. The nation at large neither want monopoly nor repudiation. The medium course will be the reasonable and popular one.

BUTLER IN HOT WATER.

From the N. Y. World.

An eel in the well-sanded fist of a kitchen maid, who holds the snake-like squirmer tight and applies the knife to take off its skin, is not quite an image of felicity; and yet the eel might be congratulated by its brother the lobster, dropped alive into scalding water and remorselessly boiled from black to red. If Butler had succeeded in introducing his Ku-klux bill his torments would have been like those of the unskinned eel in the well-sanded hand of relentless Biddy; but he has escaped that form of agony by being dropped at once into the boiling kettle. Read the proceedings in the House of Representatives on Thursday. Butler could not have been more unhappy if he had been tossed by his fellow-members into a caldron of burning pitch.

Before the New Hampshire election it seemed a settled thing that Congress would not adjourn without passing a strong Ku-klux bill. This was understood to be the main reason for extending the session. It was at first given out that General Grant would send in a special message urging such legislation. The Republican newspaper organs sounded forth their preludes, the heaving, deep-lunged bellows of the *Tribune* reverberating its hoarsest bass. It was said, and sung, and shouted, and bellowed, as if all the bulls of Bashan and the cattle on a thousand hills had joined in the chorus, that the one indispensable duty of Congress, before it adjourned, was to pass a good, tough, retributive act, which could not be "chawed up" by the terrible Ku-klux. What an opportunity for the irrepressible Butler! A flood-tide of Republican sentiment seemed moving and swelling in one direction, and he had only to be the first in launching his bark to float it, covered all over with pennants and streamers, into the harbor of a secure popularity. Happy, happy Butler!

"As wild his thoughts and gay of wing
As Eden's garden bird."

To be sure, he had competitors in this race for popularity. Half a score of treason-scenting, popularity-hunting Radicals busied themselves in drafting Ku-klux bills; but Butler's superior alertness, dexterity, sinewy English, and hatred of the South, eclipsed his competitors. His bill was preferred and indorsed by a caucus of the Republican members of the House, and was under discussion in a caucus of the Republican Senators. Butler seemed the rising demagogue, the man skilled to float on "a tide in the affairs of men which taken at the flood leads on to fortune," when, all of a sudden, the New Hampshire election falls upon Congress like a thunder-clap. The tide had swiftly receded, and poor Butler was left a stranded hulk upon the beach. A New England man, aspiring to be the New England leader, he was flung overboard by New England influence. Speaker Blaine drew, and Mr. Peters, of Maine, offered, the resolution which ripped open the balloon in which Butler was mounting to the clouds, and dropped him, without a parachute to break his fall, upon the stony ground. The New Hampshire election had taught the Representatives from the adjacent State of Maine a little wisdom, and New England deserted and humiliated Butler at the very moment when he supposed that all the New England members would be a tail to his mounting kite. There will be no Ku-klux bill passed this session, and Grant, Butler, Greeley, and company "hide their diminished heads." There is now some hope that the disgusted Republicans will consent to an early adjournment, which is the best thing they can do to spare the pride of General Grant. His Santo Domingo scheme is a wreck now, and his friends, if he has any, should take pity on him and save him from the mortification of an adverse vote by Congress. By December other subjects will occupy public attention, and during the summer the Santo Domingo job will die a quiet natural death, whereas if it were brought to a vote at this session, on the heels of the New Hampshire election, the President would be again put to open shame.

Butler's ill-temper and rabid abuse of his fellow-Republicans show from what a height he has fallen. But he retains something of his wonted cunning. Seeing that Grant is deserted and repudiated by New England, Butler turns against him too, and flouts the influence at "the other end of the avenue." Nay, in his published card he espouses the cause of Sumner, and awkwardly insinuates that he considers him an injured man, although it is notorious that Sumner was deposed and degraded in subserviency to General Grant's wishes. This shows how ready Butler is to throw off the mask and cease to be Grant's parasite, as soon as Grant is deserted by fortune.

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We have no store or salesroom on Chesnut street.

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CHINA, GLASSWARE, ETC.

GAY'S CHINA PALACE

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No. 1109 CHESNUT Street.

Opening of the New Store

Monday, March 13.

An entire new Stock imported and selected by Mr. GAY in Europe, to which the attention of the Public is invited. We will commence in our New Store on MONDAY, and offer goods at a great reduction on former prices.

White French China Dining Sets, 127 pieces	$18 00
White French China Tea Sets, 44 pieces	5 75
White French China Tea Sets, 46 pieces	6 75
Stone China Dining Sets, 98 pieces	7 75
Stone China Cups and Saucers, per set 12 pieces	50
Table Tumblers, per dozen	50
Table Goblets, per dozen	75
Glass Tea Sets (4 articles)	45
Bohemian Cologne Sets, 2 Bottles and Puff Box	90

An endless variety of Fancy Goods, at an immense reduction from former prices.

Goods to go out of the city will be packed and delivered to transportation office free of charge, and insured against breakage to destination.

SHOW ROOMS OPEN TILL 9 O'CLOCK AT NIGHT. [3 15 smwlm

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Safe Makers to the United States Government

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Bank Vaults, Burglar-Proof Safes,

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Of Welded Steel and Iron, with Sargent's, Isham's, and Pillard's Locks.

SILVER SAFES, EXPRESS BOXES, Etc., built to order. 3 1 mwfm6mrp

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Spring Importations,

NEW DESIGNS IN ALL FABRICS.

Now in store and to arrive, together with the whole stock, are offered at

Popular Prices,

To insure large sales,

Preparatory to Removal

In July to our new warehouse,

Nos. 1012 and 1014 Chesnut St.

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No. 509 CHESNUT Street,

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CARRIAGES, ETC.

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JOSEPH BECKHAUS,

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Manufacturer of exclusively FIRST-CLASS

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NEWEST STYLES.

Clarences, Landaus, Landaulettes, Close Coaches, Shifting qr. Coaches, Coupes, Barouches, Phætons, Rockaways, Etc., SUITABLE FOR PRIVATE FAMILY and PUBLIC USE. Workmanship and finish second to none in the country.

Fine and varied stock on hand—completed and in the works. Orders receive prompt and personal attention. All work warranted. 12 21 3mrp

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NEW 7-30 GOLD LOAN.

SAFE! PROFITABLE! PERMANENT!

We offer for Sale at Par, and Accrued Interest, the FIRST MORTGAGE LAND GRAND GOLD BONDS OF THE

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.

These bonds are secured, *first*, by a First Mortgage on the Railroad itself, its rolling stock and all equipments; *second*, by a First Mortgage on its entire Land Grant, being more than Twenty-two Thousand Acres of Land to each mile of Road.

The Bonds are free from United States Tax; the Principal and Interest are payable in Gold—the Principal at the end of Thirty years, and the Interest semi-annually, at the rate of SEVEN AND THREE-TENTHS PER CENT. per annum.

They are issued in denominations of $100, $500, $1000, $5000, and $10,000.

The Trustees under the Mortgage are Messrs. Jay Cooke, of Philadelphia, and J. Edgar Thomson, President of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company.

These Northern Pacific 7-30 Bonds will at all times before maturity, be receivable at Ten per Cent. Premium (or 110) in exchange for the Company's lands at their lowest cash price.

In addition to their absolute safety, these Bonds yield an income larger, we believe, than any other first-class security. Persons holding United States 6-20s can, by converting them into Northern Pacifics increase their yearly income *one-third*, and still have a perfectly reliable investment.

Persons wishing to exchange stocks or other bonds for these can do so with any of our Agents, who will allow the highest current price for ALL MARKETABLE SECURITIES.

JAY COOKE & CO.,

Fiscal Agents Northern Pacific Railroad Co.

For sale in Philadelphia by

D. C. WHARTON SMITH & CO., No. 121 South THIRD Street.
GLENDINNING, DAVIS & CO., No. 48 S. THIRD Street.
BOWEN & FOX, No. 13 MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.
SEVENTH NATIONAL BANK, N. W. cor. FOURTH and MARKET.
T. A. BIDDLE & CO., No. 326 WALNUT Street.
WM. PAINTER & CO., No. 36 South THIRD Street.
BULL & NORTH, No. 121 South THIRD Street.
BARKER BROS & CO., No. 28 South THIRD Street.
EMORY, BENSON & CO., No. 6 South THIRD Street.
B. K. JAMISON & CO., N.W. corner THIRD and CHESNUT.
P. S. PETERSON & CO., No. 39 South THIRD Street.
TOWNSEND WHELEN & CO., No. 309 WALNUT Street.
CHARLES B. KEEN, No. 325 WALNUT Street.
JNO. S. RUSHTON & CO., No. 50 South THIRD Street.
NARR & LADNER, No. 30 South THIRD Street.
M. SCHULTZ & CO., No. 44 South THIRD Street.
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WILLIAM T. ELBERT, No. 321 WALNUT Street.
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SAMUEL WORK, No. 54 South THIRD Street.
GEORGE J. BOYD, No. 18 South THIRD Street.
H. H. WILTBANK, No. 305 WALNUT Street.
RALEY & WILSON, No. 41 South THIRD Street.
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JAMES E. LEWARS & CO., No. 29 S. THIRD Street.
JACOB E. RIDGEWAY, No. 56 S. THIRD Street.
W. H. SHELMERDINE, No. 10 S. THIRD Street.

1 26 tuwthfs40t

SPECIAL NOTICE TO INVESTORS.

A Choice Security.

We are now able to supply a limited amount of the

Catawissa Railroad Company's

7 PER CENT.

CONVERTIBLE MORTGAGE BONDS,

FREE OF STATE AND UNITED STATES TAX.

They are issued for the sole purpose of building the extension from MILTON TO WILLIAMSPORT, a distance of 30 *miles*, and *are secured by a lien on the entire road of nearly 100 miles*, fully equipped and doing a flourishing business.

When it is considered that the entire indebtedness of the Company will be less than $16,000 per mile, leaving out their *Valuable Coal Property of 1900 acres*, it will be seen at once what an unusual amount of security is attached to these bonds, and they therefore must commend themselves to the most prudent investors. An additional advantage is, that they can be converted, at the option of the holder, after 15 years, into the Preferred Stock, at par.

They are registered Coupon Bonds (a great safeguard), issued in sums of $500 and $1000. Interest payable February and August.

Price 92½ and accrued interest, leaving a good margin for advance.

For further information, apply to

D. C. WHARTON SMITH & CO.,

No. 121 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

1 26 tf PHILADELPHIA.

JOHN S. RUSHTON & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

GOLD AND COUPONS WANTED.

City Warrants

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No. 50 South THIRD Street,

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DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS RECEIVED AND INTEREST ALLOWED ON DAILY BALANCES.

ORDERS PROMPTLY EXECUTED FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF ALL RELIABLE SECURITIES.

COLLECTIONS MADE EVERYWHERE.

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JAY COOKE & CO.,

PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK and WASHINGTON.

JAY COOKE, McCULLOCH & CO.,

LONDON.

BANKERS

AND

Dealers in Government Securities.

Special attention given to the Purchase and Sale of Bonds and Stocks on Commission, at the Board of Brokers in this and other cities.

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GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT AND SOLD

In connection with our London House we are now prepared to transact a general

FOREIGN EXCHANGE BUSINESS,

Including Purchase and Sale of Sterling Bills, and the issue of Commercial Credits and Travellers' Circular Letters, available in any part of the world, and are thus enabled to receive GOLD ON DEPOSIT, and to allow four per cent. interest in currency thereon.

Having direct telegraphic communication with both our New York and Washington Offices, we can offer superior facilities to our customers.

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Pamphlets and full information given at our office,

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A RELIABLE

Safe Home Investment.

THE

Sunbury and Lewistown Railroad Company

7 PER CENT. GOLD

First Mortgage Bonds.

Interest Payable April and October, Free of State and United States Taxes.

We are now offering the balance of the loan of $1,200,000, which is secured by a first and only lien on the entire property and franchises of the Company,

At 90 and the Accrued Interest Added.

The Road is now rapidly approaching completion, with a large trade in COAL, IRON, and LUMBER, in addition to the passenger travel awaiting the opening of this greatly needed enterprise. The local trade alone is sufficiently large to sustain the Road. We have no hesitation in recommending the Bonds as a CHEAP, RELIABLE, and SAFE INVESTMENT.

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For full particulars apply to

HOWARD DARLINGTON,

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New United States Loan.

Agents appointed to receive subscriptions or exchange

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Books now open and information furnished as to terms, etc.

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Office No. 304 WALNUT Street,

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CAPITAL $1,000,000.

SURPLUS UPWARDS OF $750,000.

Receives money on deposit, returnable on demand, for which interest is allowed.

And under appointment by individuals, corporations, and courts, act as

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And for the faithful performance of its duties as such all its assets are liable.

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Wilmington and Reading Railroad

7 PER CENT. BONDS,

Free of Taxes.

We are now offering a limited amount of the SECOND MORTGAGE BONDS of this Company

At 82½ and Accrued Interest.

The Bonds are issued in

$100s, $500s, and $1000s

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We placed the FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS of this Company at 85 per cent. They are now bringing on the open market 95 per cent. This fact is strong evidence of the standing and credit of this Company.

The road is now finished and doing a large and profitable business.

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Loan of the United States

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE

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These Bonds are made absolutely secure by act of Legislature compelling the city to levy sufficient tax to pay interest and principal.

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Bankers, 3 Nassau St., N. Y.
Dealers in U. S. Bonds, Members of Stock and Gold Exchanges, Issue Drafts on London, Paris & Germany and Letters of Credit available throughout Europe.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

The City Amusements.

AT THE CHESNUT the comedy of *Town and Country* and the farce of *Turn Him Out* will be represented this afternoon.

This evening it is expected that President Grant will be in attendance to witness Mr. Davenport's great personation of "Sir Giles Overreach," in Massinger's comedy of *A New Way to Pay Old Debts.*

On Monday a new play, entitled *The Marquis*, adapted from the French by Mrs. E. Edward Lewis, of this city, will be produced in handsome style.

AT THE WALNUT Mr. and Mrs. Williams will appear this evening in Falconer's drama of *The Men in the Gap; or, Innisfallen.*

AT THE ARCH the drama of *Fire Fly* will be performed this afternoon and evening, with Lotta in the leading *role.*

THE TWO-HEADED GIRL will be on exhibition this afternoon and evening at the Assembly Buildings for the last times.

AT THE SEVENTH STREET OPERA HOUSE a variety performance will be given this evening.

AT THE MUSEUM, Ninth and Arch streets, dramatic performances will be given this afternoon and evening.

AT THE AMERICAN there will be a family matinee to-day.

An attractive miscellaneous programme will be presented this evening.

NEWS SUMMARY.

City Affairs.

—The committee, consisting of fifty, to memorialize the Legislature on the subject of the "Commission" legislation has been appointed by Mayor Fox.

—Dr. Neville, of the celebrated infanticide case, is lecturing on "One hundred days in Moyamensing."

—The boiler-plate manufacturers, owing to the effects of the coal strike in advancing the price of pig metal, have determined to raise the price ⅛ of a cent per pound.

—Twenty-three kegs of powder were found in an open shed near Manayunk, by the Harbor Police, yesterday. They have been sent to the powder magazine.

—The thermometer yesterday, at 3 P. M., marked 71 degrees.

—General Grant last evening paid a visit to the Hibernian Society.

—Two pickpockets, on Thursday afternoon, in Market street, seized a Mr. R. Weber, and one stole his money while the other throttled him.

Domestic Affairs.

—The St Louis Western Colony has just been located at Evans, Colorado.

—Twenty-five bridges have been swept away in Morgan county, Ill., by recent storms.

—Navigation has been resumed as far north as Maine, and the Kennebec river is reported as free from ice.

—General Butler notifies his friends that he does not intend to let his issue with Speaker Blaine drop where it now is.

—The United States steamer Tennessee, with the San Domingo Commission, will reach Key West, Fla., on Monday.

—St. Patrick's Day was yesterday generally celebrated throughout the United States by the Sons of Erin who have made the New World their home.

—Jeff. Davis is at Montgomery, Ala., and last night, in answer to a serenade, returned thanks to his auditors, but did not make any allusion to public matters.

—At Henrysburg, West Virginia, on Thursday evening, Henry Yans shot Moses Kline through the breast, then attempted to shoot his wife and child, and afterward shot himself dead.

—A construction train, on the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Minnesota Railroad, having aboard a large force of laborers, was yesterday thrown from the track, killing five men and seriously injuring others.

—Delegates from the miners of the anthracite and bituminous regions of this State met at Johnstown yesterday, and the W. B. A. was merged into a State association, which is to be known as the Miners' and Laborers' Beneficial Association.

Foreign Affairs.

—Robert Chambers, the well-known publisher, of Edinburgh, died yesterday.

—The vacancies in the French Assembly are mostly from Alsace and Lorraine.

—The Germans who remain in France are accused of continuing depredations.

—During the sittings of the Assembly at Versailles ten trains will run to and from that city daily.

—Owing to the prevalence of the cattle plague, the holding of cattle fairs in some parts of Belgium is prohibited.

—Emperor William arrived in Berlin yesterday, amid great enthusiasm, and the city was illuminated in his honor.

—The telegraph throughout France for the transmission of private messages will commence operations on Monday.

—The Cambridge and Oxford boat crews are now daily practising on the Thames, preparatory to the great race appointed for the 1st of April.

—The celebration of St. Patrick's Day in Ireland yesterday was quite general, and up to late last night no disturbances were reported.

—The debate on the reorganization of the British army was reopened in the House of Commons last night, by Mr. Disraeli and Mr. Gladstone.

THE EFFECTS OF ALCOHOL ON THE HUMAN SYSTEM.—Alcohol forms no part of the living body, and when taken into the stomach is rapidly absorbed, or rather permeates the membranes and the coats of the blood-vessels, and finds its way into the blood, with which it forms no homogeneous mixture, but, alien-like, is hurried along in the circulation, to be eliminated, in great part, as speedily as possible, that which is retained producing very equivocal effects, and in many instances painful and fatal diseases. It escapes by the way of the lungs, as shown in the breath of those who have been drinking ardent spirits or strong wines, and also by the skin and kidneys. That portion of the alcohol which is retained in the body accumulates most readily in the brain and liver, and it has been found in its pure state after death in these organs, especially in the brain. The first manifest effects of an alcoholic liquor are on the brain and nervous system generally, on which it acts, in a small dose, as an excitant, and in a larger one as a narcotic. Other parts are affected in a corresponding manner, being at first stimulated, not strengthened, and afterwards retarded and weakened in their action.

For example, the heart, that wonderful and, during life, never-ceasing pump, when its inner surface is reached by the tide of blood containing alcohol, works away so much the faster to get rid of the intruder; in so doing its machinery is needlessly strained, and if this be continued from day to day is more apt to be deranged and sooner worn out. Under the operation of the prolonged use of alcoholic liquors the heart often becomes hypertrophied or morbidly thickened, and at other times dilated and thinner in its substance; or a still worse condition supervenes—its muscular texture is converted into fatty matter, and it fails to contract with the requisite force and regularity, and is liable at any moment to cease beating. In this sudden cessation of the heart's action is found an explanation of some of the sudden deaths of which we read. These destructive effects of the use of alcoholic liquors are not by any means confined to drunkards; they are seen in persons who had never been intoxicated during their lives, but who had been regular drinkers of these liquors. The liver is diseased in a similar manner from the like cause.—*From "What Shall We Drink?" in the April number of Lippincott's Magazine.*

HOW DAN DONNELLY FOUND A RASON FOR DRINKING.—"The dirty blagard! He brought the wife on me, and me innocent as the child unborn. He came in here one day, with a grate scrape, for Dan affects 'quality manners,' he having seen the world.

"'Your riverence,' says he, presenting a great horn, 'this is a quare bottle.'

"'Ye bosthoon,' says I, 'it's an owld antediluvian cow's horn, judging by the size. And what may be in it, Dan?'

"'Faix, I'm tould it's potheen,' says he, 'but meself has not drawn the cork. It's a grate grief I can't. I'm on me oath agin it, Father Mick. I thought you'd like to see a horn bottle, the first ever I seen, an' I brought it over.'

"'It's a grate horn entirely, and you may lave it, Dan,' said I, jestingly, 'for I have a reverence for old things. You are sworn against the contents; I am not.'

"'I'd be proud to lave it wid yer riverence, an' tin times the like of it, but I daren't,' said Dan, 'for it's not all out mine.'

"Well, I returned the horn, and without draming the laste harm, I said, 'It's a curiosity, Dan, and may the drink in it do you good! Mind ye don't make a beast of yourself. Drink *is* for man's health and comfort, and not to destroy him body and soul and make a fool and rogue of him to boot, which is worse in the world's eye than infidelity. It is necessary to keep on a level with heaven and earth both, Dan. Take pattern by me.'

"'I would wid all my bones,' returned Dan, 'but I'd like to taste the dhrink would overcome you, Father Mick; I'm in belief they've left off distillin' it.'

"The unhanged vagabond! He thought he paid me a compliment. It's little they know I am often drinking the pure spring water when they're content it's whisky. The women know the secret and keep it; my blessing on them for it!

"But I was a deluded priest that day, though there is satisfaction in knowing I was not the first had the feather drawn over his eyes.

"On the word of a gentleman and priest, believe it, Dan's ugly, red-headed, weasel-eyed, vixen old wife—the harridan! she was ten years older than Dan—was here next morning by screech of day, hanging about my premises like an unclean spirit, waiting till she could pounce on me out of reach and hearing of old Peggy: and that same she succeeded in. I tell you I had not the least idea of the hag's intentions, so I fell victim to her quite asy and natural—bad luck to her that I should say so! for in my heart I wish ill to no human soul.

"'Priest,' said she, 'why did ye giv Dan lave to dhrink, and him sworn agin it, an' you knowin' it?'

"'I didn't,' said I.

"'Ye did,' said she, 'an' he's rowling dhrunk now, an' says you gev it him.'

"'Give him "rowling drunk," Biddy!' said I, joking on her trip of the tongue, for she was beginning to look like Nell Cafferty's cat, the biggest divil between the two ends of Ireland, no dog daring to go within a mile of her—'gave him "rolling drunk," Biddy?' said I, in my pleasantest way, thinking to soothe her; 'how could I give him "rowling drunk," Biddy, *mo caroibhin cno?* If he's "rowling drunk," it's the whisky he got the distemper from, the perjured sinner!'

"A female fury makes me nervous, throws me out altogether.

"'Och,' says she, 'but yer nate at a joke, mighty nate; it does one's heart and sowl good to hear you: I feel the betther already. My sarvis to ye! I see yer gilty, an' Holy Mary help me, the bishop shall hear of yer thricks.'

"And away she went across the bog, laving me bothered. It came out that Dan's oath went to this—that he would not touch drink again till it was put into his hand by the priest; and sure I did put it into the fellow's hand, though innocent of the interpretation he put on it.

"So it was Dan found a rason for drinking, the nefarious rascal! But I settled with him for his perjury and deceit of me. Biddy was on her knees to me ever after."

The priest's nectar was fine, the reason for drinking it good, and the story gave additional zest. Dan was a model of his kind—"Dan of the hern" they call him to this day.—*From "Wild Ireland," in the April number of Lippincott's Magazine.*

GROCERIES, ETC.

ESTABLISHED 1809.

WARRANTED PURE

Old Government Java Coffee.

Roasted fresh every day, at only 35 cents per lb., or 3 lbs. for one dollar. Lovers of good Coffee, give this a trial and satisfy yourselves.

For sale only at

COUSTY'S East End Grocery,

No. 118 South SECOND St.,

Below Chesnut, West Side.

N. B.—Choice Groceries of all kinds constantly arriving. 3 2 thsturp§

LONDON BROWN STOUT AND SCOTCH ALE,

In glass and stone, by the cask or dozen.

ALBERT C. ROBERTS,

Dealer in Fine Groceries,

11 7 Corner ELEVENTH and VINE Sts.

WHISKY, WINE, ETC.

CARSTAIRS & McCALL.

No. 126 Walnut and 21 Granite Sts

IMPORTERS OF

Brandies, Wines, Gin, Olive Oil, Etc.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

PURE RYE WHISKIES,

IN BOND AND TAX PAID. 3 12 §

FURNITURE.

JOSEPH H CAMPION (late Moore & Campion), WILLIAM SMITH, RICHARD R. CAMPION,

SMITH & CAMPION,

Manufacturers of

FINE FURNITURE, UPHOLSTERINGS, AND INTERIOR HOUSE DECORATIONS,

No. 249 SOUTH THIRD Street,

Manufactory, Nos. 215 and 217 LEVANT Street, Philadelphia. 21§

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE,

A NEW AND ELEGANT

BROWN STONE RESIDENCE,

East Side of Logan Square,

Three Doors above Sumner St.,

Replete with all modern conveniences,

WILL BE SOLD ON ACCOMMODATING TERMS.

POSSESSION AT ONCE. CAN BE SEEN AT ANY HOUR OF THE DAY. 2 11 tf

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With Marble Counters, Large Fire-proof, Desk Letter Press, etc., will be sold cheap for cash good trade.

No. 836 CHESNUT STREET UNDER THE CONTINENTAL. 12 15 tf

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE.—AN ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT. A large double stone Mansion, Stable, Ice-house, etc., with Lands. Situated within ten minutes walk of a station on the North Pennsylvania Railroad, and twenty-five minutes ride of the city, and hourly trains running. Apply at No. 113 South WATER Street, below Chesnut. 3 17 3t*

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE DWELLING No 317 South FIFTH street, below Spruce. Good house and lot 20x180 feet to a wide back street. Apply to S. WAGNER, JR., 3 15 6t No. 627 WALNUT Street.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED.

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Payable in good and available trade, and partly in cash. Address

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BUSINESS PROPERTY, No. 427 WALNUT STREET.

Four-story front, five-story double back buildings, occupied as offices, and suitable for an insurance company, 21 feet 9 inches front, 124 feet deep.

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TO RENT.

GOOD BUSINESS STAND TO LET,

SUITABLE FOR ANY BUSINESS.

Store and Dwelling,

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Apply on premises. 3 14 tf

TO RENT.—ON MODERATE TERMS, very desirable store, No. 224 MARKET street, 21 by 150 feet. 3 16 tf

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Comprises the following Departments:—

Harvard College, the University Lectures, Divinity School, Law School, Medical School, Dental School, Lawrence Scientific School, School of Mining and Practical Geology, Bussey Institution (a School of Agriculture and Horticulture), Botanic Garden, Astronomical Observatory, Museum of Comparative Zoology, Peabody Museum of Archæology, Episcopal Theological School.

The next academic year begins on September 28, 1871.

The first examination for admission to Harvard College will begin June 29, at 8 A. M. The second examination for admission to Harvard College, and the examinations for admission to the Scientific and Mining Schools, will begin September 28. The requisites for admission to the College have been changed this year. There is now a mathematical alternative for a portion of the classics. A circular describing the new requisites and recent examination papers will be mailed on application.

UNIVERSITY LECTURES.—Thirty-three courses in 1870-71, of which twenty begin in the week February 12-19. These lectures are intended for graduates of colleges, teachers, and other competent adults (men or women). A circular describing them will be mailed on application.

THE LAW SCHOOL has been reorganized this year. It has seven instructors, and a library of 16,000 volumes. A circular explains the new course of study, the requisites for the degree, and the cost of attending the school. The second half of the year begins February 13.

For catalogues, circulars, or information, address J. W. HARRIS, 2 6 2m Secretary.

EDGEHILL SCHOOL

MERCHANTVILLE, N. J.,

Four Miles from Philadelphia.

The session commenced MONDAY, April 10, 1871.

For circulars apply to

3 21 1y Rev. T. W. CATTELL.

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MAPLEWOOD INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG Ladies, Pittsfield, Mass. Long and widely-known for superior facilities and rare beauty of location. Board and English tuition, $150 for half year, commencing February 23. Special terms to clerical patrons and teachers. 2 16 1m† Rev. C. V. SPEAR, Principal.

AUGUSTUS KINKELIN, TEACHER OF PIANO, can be engaged for Dancing, Parties, Entertainments, etc. Orders by mail from suburban residences punctually attended to. Residence, No. 110 S. ELEVENTH Street, below Chesnut. 3 13 1m

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Plain and Galvanized

Wrought and Cast Iron Pipes

For Gas, Steam and Water.

FITTINGS, BRASS WORK, TOOLS, BOILER TUBES.

STEAM HEATING

Pipe of all Sizes Cut and Fitted to Order

CARD.

Having sold HENRY B. PANCOAST and FRANCIS I. MAULE (gentlemen in our employ for several years past) the Stock, Goodwill and Fixtures of our RETAIL ESTABLISHMENT, located at the corner of THIRD and PEAR Streets, in this city, that branch of our business, together with that of HEATING and VENTILATING PUBLIC and PRIVATE BUILDINGS, both by STEAM and HOT WATER, in all its various systems, will be carried on under the firm name of PANCOAST & MAULE, at the old stand, and we recommend them to the trade and business public as being entirely competent to perform all work of that character.

MORRIS, TASKER & CO.

Philadelphia, Jan. 22, 1870. 3 16§

PROPOSALS.

TO CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.—SEALED PROPOSALS, indorsed "Proposals for Building a Public School-house in the Twenty-seventh Ward," will be received by the undersigned at the office, south-east corner of SIXTH and ADELPHI Streets, until THURSDAY, March 23, 1871, at 12 o'clock M., for building a Public School-house on a lot of ground situate on the corner of Thirty-eighth and Spruce streets, in the Twenty-seventh Ward.

Said school-house to be built in accordance with the plans of L. H. Esler, Superintendent of School Buildings, to be seen at the office of the Board of Public Education.

No bids will be considered unless accompanied by a certificate from the City Solicitor that the provisions of an ordinance approved May 25, 1860, have been complied with.

The contract will be awarded only to known master builders.

By order of the Committee on Property.

H. W. HALLIWELL

3 11 16 18 23 Secretary.

FRANKFORD ARSENAL, OFFICE A. C. S. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 15, 1871.

SEALED PROPOSALS in duplicate will be received at this office until 12 M., April 15, 1871, for furnishing the fresh beef required by the Subsistence Department, U. S. A., at this station during the two months commencing May 1, 1871. Information as to conditions, quality of beef, payments, etc., can be obtained by application to

WILLIAM PRINCE,

3 15 6t First Lieut. Ord., A. C. S.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, ETC.

CLOTH HOUSE.

JAMES & HUBER.

No. 11 North SECOND Street,

Sign of the Golden Lamb,

Are now receiving a large and splendid assortmen of new styles of

FANCY CASSIMERES

And standard makes of DOESKINS, CLOTHS and COATINGS, [3 28 mws

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Please take notice that the undersigned has filed a petition in the Court of Common Pleas for the City and County of Philadelphia, for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of this State, and that the said Court have appointed THURSDAY, the 30th day of March, 1871, at the County Court House, as the time and place for the hearing of the said petition, and where the creditors of the undersigned may attend, should they deem proper. MATTHYS KAAS,

3 14 tuths 6t Insolvent.

COAL.

R. P. OWEN & CO., COAL DEALERS, FILBERT STREET WHARF, SCHUYLKILL. 3 10 1y§

SNOWDON & RAU'S COAL DEPOT, CORNER DILLWYN and WILLOW Streets.—Lehigh and Schuylkill COAL, prepared expressly for family use at the lowest cash prices. 1 13

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

PUBLIC SALE—THOMAS & SONS, AUCTIONEERS.—Desirable Country Mansion, with Stable and Coach-house, Riverside, Burlington county, New Jersey, on the line of the Camden and Amboy Railroad, 12 miles above Camden, and two minutes' walk from Station and five from Steamboat Landing. On Tuesday, April 18, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, a modern double 2½-story brick rough-cast mansion, situate at the northeast corner of Lafayette avenue and Kossuth street, Riverside, Burlington county, New Jersey; the lot containing 90 feet in front on Lafayette avenue, and extending in depth along Kossuth street 371 feet ½ of an inch. At the depth of 151 feet it widens to 100 feet, and continues in depth of that width. Excellent gunning and fishing near at hand; fine roads and driving in the vicinity; 11 trains to and from the city daily pass the premises. Photograph can be seen at the auction rooms, and for a plan of the house and further particulars, inquire of Edward A. Heintz, No. 432 Walnut street, Philadelphia. Immediate possession. Will be shown by Mr. Bear, on the premises. Terms—One-half of the purchase money can remain.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,

3 11 25 a 1 6 15 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Large and valuable lot, S. E. corner of Broad and Snyder streets, First ward. Three fronts. On Tuesday, March 21, 1871, at 12 o'clock noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that large and valuable lot of ground situate at the S. E. corner of Broad and Snyder streets, First ward, containing in front on Broad street 120 feet, and extending in depth eastward (crossing a certain new street 50 feet wide, 265 feet eastward from and parallel with Broad street, and also crossing 2 other new streets, each 25 feet wide, one of them at the distance of 150 feet eastward from and parallel with Broad street, and the other at the distance of 87 feet 6 inches westward from and parallel with Thirteenth street, and extending from Snyder to Jackson street), 515 feet to Thirteenth street. Terms—$6000 may remain on mortgage. The above lot is very valuable for building purposes, being in an improving neighborhood, and in the immediate vicinity of several desirable dwellings.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,

3 9 18 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE.—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Large and Valuable Square of Ground, Twelfth street, Thirteenth street, Mifflin street, McKean street, First ward. 400 feet front, 396 feet deep. 4 fronts. On Tuesday, March 21 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that large and valuable square of ground situate on Twelfth street, Thirteenth street, Mifflin street, and McKean street, First ward; containing in front on Twelfth and Thirteenth streets 400 feet, and extending in depth on Mifflin and McKean streets 396 feet. Curbed, paved, and water-pipes on Thirteenth and Mifflin streets. Terms—One-third cash; balance may remain on mortgage. The above lot is very valuable for building purposes, being in an improving neighborhood, and in the immediate vicinity of several desirable dwellings.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,

3 9 18 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

PEREMPTORY SALE—THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers.—Valuable lot, Richmond street, above Allegheny avenue, Twenty-fifth ward, 60 feet front. On Tuesday, March 28, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, without reserve, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that valuable lot of ground, situate on the northwest side of Richmond street, 80 feet 6¾ inches southwest of Westmoreland street, Twenty-fifth ward; containing in front on Richmond street 60 feet, and extending in depth 100 feet to a 25 feet wide street called Fisher street—two fronts. Clear of all incumbrance. Sale absolute.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,

3 9 18 25 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

EXECUTOR'S AND TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Estate of Ferris Price, deceased. Thomas & Sons, auctioneers. Well-secured Ground Rent, $60 a year. On Tuesday, March 28, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that well-secured redeemable ground rent of $60 a year, payable January and July, issuing out of a lot of ground, upon which is erected a three-story brick dwelling, situate on the east side of Florida street, 217 feet south of Fitzwater street, Fourth ward, No. 765; containing in front on Florida street 16 feet, and extending in depth 54 feet to Jessup street.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,

3 4 18 25 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE.—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Very Valuable Business Stand. Three-story Store, No. 1013 Chesnut street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, 24½ feet front. On Tuesday, March 28, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, three-story brick store, No. 1013 Chesnut street, 24 feet 6 inches by 178 feet.

Terms—$10,000 cash. Keys at the auction rooms. For further particulars apply to Edward C. Diehl, No. 530 Walnut street.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,

3 4 s4t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Building lot, Dauphin street, west of Tulip street, Nineteenth ward. On Tuesday March 21, 1871, at 12 o'clock noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that lot of ground situate on the south side of Dauphin street, 36 feet west of Tulip street, Nineteenth ward; containing in front on Dauphin street 18 feet, and extending in depth 76 feet 6 inches. Terms cash.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,

3 9 18 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE ON THE PREMISES—Estate of WILLIAM SNYDER, Deceased.—THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers.—Three desirable frame Cottages, Stable, and Shop, and Cottage Lots, Green Street and Goodman street, Rising Sun, Twenty-fifth ward. On THURSDAY, April 13, 1871, at 1 o'clock, will be sold at public sale, on the premises. Full particulars at the Auction Rooms. M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,

3 9 11 18 25 ap1 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH St.

CITY ORDINANCES.

COMMON COUNCIL OF PHILADELPHIA
CLERK'S OFFICE,
PHILADELPHIA, March 17, 1871.

In accordance with a Resolution adopted by the Common Council of the city of Philadelphia on Thursday, the sixteenth day of March, 1871, the annexed bill, entitled, "An ordinance creating a loan for the extension of the Water Works," is hereby published for public information.

JOHN ECKSTEIN,
Clerk of Common Council.

AN ORDINANCE CREATING A LOAN FOR THE EXTENSIOF OF THE WATER WORKS.

Section 1. The Select and Common Councils of the city of Philadelphia do ordain, That the Mayor of Philadelphia be and he is hereby authorized to borrow at not less than par, on the credit of the city, two million one hundred and twenty-two thousand dollars for the further extension of the Water Works. For which interest not to exceed the rate of six per cent. per annum, shall be paid half-yearly, on the first days of January and July, at the office of the City Treasurer.

The principal of said loan shall be payable and paid at the expiration of thirty years from the date of the same, and not before without the consent of the holders thereof; and the certificates therefor, in the usual form of the certificates of city loan, shall be issued in such amounts as the lenders may require, but not for any fractional part of one hundred dollars, or, if required, in amounts of five hundred or one thousand dollars; and it shall be expressed in said certificates that the loan therein mentioned and the interest thereof are payable free from all taxes.

Section 2. Whenever any loan shall be made by virtue thereof, there shall be by force of this ordinance annually appropriated out of the income of the corporate estates, and from the sum raised by taxation, a sum sufficient to pay the interest on said certificates; and the further sum of three-tenths of one per centum on the par value of such certificates so issued shall be appropriated quarterly out of said income and taxes to a sinking fund, which fund and its accumulations are hereby especially pledged for the redemption and payment of said certificates.

RESOLUTION
TO PUBLISH A LOAN BILL.

Resolved, That the Clerk of Common Council be authorized to publish in two daily newspapers of this city daily for four weeks the ordinance presented to Common Council on Thursday, March 16, 1871, entitled "An ordinance creating a loan for the extension of the Water Works." And the said Clerk, at the stated meeting of Councils after said publication, shall present to this Council one of each of said newspapers for every day in which the same shall have been made. 3 17 24t

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICAN ACADEMY OF MUSIC

GRAND CONCERT

BY

BECK'S PHILADELPHIA BAND, No. 1.

THURSDAY EVENING, April 13, 1871.

GRAND MILITARY BAND,

in an Entire New Uniform.

CHOICE SELECTIONS OF VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.

Tickets, 50 cents each.

Reserved seats, 75 cents. G 4 13 t 4 13

DAVENPORT'S CHESNUT STREET THEATRE.

DAVENPORT'S STAR COMPANY

will appear on

SATURDAY EVENING.

By very special desire,

A NEW WAY TO PAY OLD DEBTS

will be performed, with

E. L. DAVENPORT as SIR GILES OVERREACH.

Doors open at 7½; commence at 8 o'clo k.

WALNUT STREET THEATRE.—THIS (Saturday) EVENING, March 18, FAREWELL ENGAGEMENT OF MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS.

The successful Irish Drama, by Falconer, entitled

THE MEN IN THE GAP; OR, INNISFALLEN.

Mr. BARNEY WILLIAMS as.....Terrence O'Ryan with the favorite song—"Wearing of the Green."

Mrs. BARNEY WILLIAMS as.....Maggie Maguire with the beautiful song of "Killarney Lakes."

In act fourth will be shown a new and MAGNIFICENT PANORAMA.

MRS. JOHN DREW'S ARCH STREET THEATRE. Begins ½ to 8 o'clock.

TO-NIGHT (Saturday), at ½ to 8,

Seventh and Last Time of FIRE FLY,

LOTTA AS FIRE FLY.

MONDAY—"Little Nell and the Marchioness."

Seats secured six days in advance.

FAREWELL OF THE TWO-HEADED GIRL COMBINATION.

POSITIVELY THE LAST WEEK.

No one should fail to improve this the LAST OPPORTUNITY of witnessing NATURE'S GREATEST LIVING WONDER,

ASSEMBLY BUILDING, from 2 to 5 and from 7 to 10 P. M. Admission, 35 cents.

At NORRISTOWN, March 20.

At PHŒNIXVILLE, March 21. 3 16 3t*

SEVENTH STREET OPERA HOUSE.—REECE'S VARIETY TROUPE,

Commencing MONDAY EVENING, March 13, 1871,

In their Songs, Dances, Ethiopian Acts, Burlesques, Character Songs, Etc.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Commence at 8. [3 13 6t

FOR ONE WEEK LONGER,

ROTHERMEL'S BATTLE OF GETTYSBURG,

AT

No. 1008 CHESNUT Street.

From 10 A. M. to 10 P. M.

All who have not yet seen this great Picture should not fail to do so before its removal. x 2 25

AMERICAN MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE Northwest corner of NINTH and ARCH Streets.

Open daily from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.

100,000 CURIOSITIES

From all parts of the World,

THIRTY CAGES OF WILD ANIMALS,

The Splendid Dramatic Company appearing in the Lecture Room every Evening at 8 o'clock, and Wednesday and Saturday afternoons at 2 o'clock.

Admission to all the Attractions, 25 cents. 12 19 tf

FOX'S NEW AMERICAN THEATRE, CHESNUT Street, above Tenth,

AMUSEMENTS OF ALL NATIONS.

EVERY EVENING And SATURDAY MATINEE.

GREAT CONGRESS OF STARS.

Comprising the best artists in the country, who appear in Grand Ballets, Dutch Comedy, Local Sketches, Minstrelsy, Ethiopian Acts, Farce, Comic Vocalism, Pantomime, etc.

LOOKING GLASSES, ETC.

JAMES S. EARLE & SONS.

No. 816 CHESNUT STREET,

Have reduced the prices of ALL THEIR

Chromos 25 Per Cent.

This includes

ALL CHROMOS PUBLISHED,

AMERICAN AND OTHERS.

FRAMES of every character equally as cheap.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

THE

NEW YORK WATCH COMPANY'S

WATCHES,

(Factory, Springfield, Mass.

In presenting their Watches to the American public, we do so with the knowledge that in point of finish and time-keeping qualities they are superior for the price to any Watch made in this country.

For sale by

ALEX. R. HARPER & BRO.,

Successor to John M. Harper,

No. 308 CHESNUT STREET,

SECOND STORY, [2 2 2mrp*

Salesroom of the American Watch.

GOLD MEDAL REGULATORS.

G. W. RUSSELL,

No. 22 NORTH SIXTH STREET,

Begs to call the attention of the trade and customers to the annexed letter:—

TRANSLATION.

"I take pleasure to announce that I have given to Mr. G. W. RUSSELL, of Philadelphia, the exclusive sale of all goods of my manufacture. He will be able to sell them at the very lowest prices.

"GUSTAV BECKER,
"First Manufacturer of Regulators,
5 25§ "Freiburg, Germany.

FISHING TACKLE.

TO SPORTSMEN.

THE OLDEST FISHING TACKLE STORE IN THE CITY.

(40 years established.)

SAMUEL SPANG,

No. 148 NORTH THIRD STREET.

Just received direct from England, a full and varied assortment of FISHING TACKLE, as follows:

2000 dozen Best English Trout Flies, to suit the season.

A full supply of Fine English Trout Rods and Books.

2000 Best Savannah Fishing Rods, 25 to 30 ft. long.

Also, a full supply of R. Hemming & Son's superior quality of Fish Hooks, Limerick & Kirby's etc. etc.

Gut Snoods, Silk, Silk and Hair, Grass Lines of every description. Also, Bamboo Rods, 17 to 18 feet.

Seines made to order.

Sole importer (for 40 years) of the GENUINE HAARLEM OIL. 3 7 tuthsim

STAIR RODS, STEP PLATES,

GAS TORCHES, GAS TURNERS, WAX TAPERS, Etc. Etc.,

On hand and for sale by

WILER & MOSS,

MANUFACTURERS,

3 10 1m No. 225 South FIFTH Street.

HATS AND CAPS.

WARBURTON'S IMPROVED VENTILATED and easy-fitting DRESS HATS (patented), in all the improved fashions of the season. CHESNUT Street, next door to the Post Office. rp§

Evening Telegraph

SATURDAY, MARCH 18, 1871.

RELIEF OF FRENCH SUFFERERS.

A CABLE telegram from Paris says that "the members of the National Guard have been invited to call at the American Legation to receive each five francs in money or a pound of tobacco, from subscriptions made in America for the relief of the sufferers in France." It was generally supposed in this country that starving stomachs and not empty tobacco-pipes were to be filled by the money collected from American citizens. The wisdom of giving any portion of the funds thus raised to the National Guard of Paris may well be questioned. The French Government will not permit them to suffer serious personal privations; or, at the worst, their position is such that so long as food can be obtained in any quarter they will be certain of receiving a fair share of it. In days of piping peace the soldiers who parade through a capital are about the last objects that require charitable assistance from a foreign country; and the proposition to give them their choice between a five franc piece and a pound of tobacco indicates either that there are no real wants to be relieved, or that those who preside over the distribution of the American funds in Paris are wofully deficient in charity and common sense. That many thousands of homeless wanderers are suffering fearfully in France, however, cannot be doubted; and while the credit of contributing the means of relief remains with the American subscribers to the French Relief Fund, the shame of misappropriating it rests exclusively with those who have undertaken the distribution of American subscriptions.

AN APOLOGY TO MR. QUIGLEY.

In the House of Representatives yesterday, Mr. Quigley corrected THE EVENING TELEGRAPH by denying that he was in favor of the commission bills, and we accordingly make haste to correct our mistake, and to make all proper apologies. Mr. Quigley's name did not appear among those of the members of the Committee on Municipal Corporations who signed Mr. Johnston's report, and, under all the peculiar circumstances of the case, we thought we were justified in putting him down among the advocates of the commission bills. We regret exceedingly that Mr. Quigley was misrepresented in this manner in our columns, for the Philadelphia members of the Legislature who have favored the commission bills have exposed themselves to the execration and hatred of their fellow-citizens, and have incurred a disgrace that will cling to them for life. That it should have been possible for such an error to occur, however, is more the fault of the members of the Legislature than of the newspapers; for those of our law-makers who have been opposed to the commission outrage have been profoundly silent on the subject, and it has been impossible for the alarmed and indignant people of Philadelphia to tell who were their friends and who their enemies. The signatures to Mr. Johnston's report gave the first authoritative declaration that any of the members of the Legislature were opposed to the bills, and it was truly unfortunate for Mr. Quigley that his name did not appear. As Mr. Quigley has now declared openly that he is not in favor of the bills, it is to be hoped that he will distinguish himself by an open and persistent antagonism to them in case any attempt is made to revive them in any shape. The people of Philadelphia are not at all satisfied that the danger is passed, or that a desperate attempt will not yet be made to create the commissions, and we are far from sharing the confidence of our Democratic contemporary the *Age*, that the Democratic Senate will prove more virtuous than the Republican House. The Democrats have never yet in the history of the State or nation distinguished themselves by their eagerness to keep their fingers out of the public treasury, and with the example of the nominally Democratic government of New York before our eyes, our hopes that we will be able to escape out of our present dilemma by Democratic assistance are somewhat limited. Mr. Quigley, therefore, and all the members of the Legislature who have any virtue left, can deserve the confidence and regard of the public at large by sounding the alarm in case any attempt is made to revive the commission scheme in any shape whatever, and by opposing it openly, boldly, and vigorously in committee and on the floor of the House or Senate.

THE recent official reports of the condition and prospects of Alaska indicate that that territory has proved a white elephant of stupendous proportions. The fur trade is decreasing rapidly, and scarcely amounts in a year to the daily sales of furs in the winter season in Philadelphia; the reported mines have no veritable existence; the timber is inferior to that of Washington and Oregon; the agricultural products are of no account, and even the ice too porous to be worth exporting. The inhabitants are depraved, idle, or hostile; and the great want of the country is said to be a gunboat to keep the Indians in order and a strong garrison at Sitka. The best use that Alaska can be put to is its conversion into a place of banishment for the weak, venal, and foolish politicians of the United States. If a few thousand of these miscreants could be sent and kept there, the investment might still be made to pay.

THE resignation of Collector Moore has excited a flutter among the politicians, and speculations are rife as to the appointment of his successor. It is to be hoped that the President will take pains to select a really able and efficient man to take the place of Mr. Moore, and that he will not allow himself to be influenced too much one way or the other by interested individuals who have axes to grind. The public benefit and not the wishes of mere trading politicians should be consulted in a matter of this kind. The two gentlemen who are most prominently named for the collectorship are E. Harper Jeffries, Esq., of the Commercial Exchange, and D. P. Southworth, Esq., ex-Supervisor of Internal Revenue. Mr. Jeffries is endorsed by the Commercial Exchange, and Mr. Southworth by the members of Congress. Either of them would make an efficient officer, and would give satisfaction both to the merchants of Philadelphia and to the Government.

NOTICES.

SPRING SALE

OF

FINE CLOTHING FOR GENTLEMEN AND BOYS.

An entirely new stock. By far the largest and most varied, the most elegantly made up, in new and stylish modes, well sewed and handsomely trimmed; grave and gay, to suit all tastes—boys of six or men of sixty.

Scale of Prices—*Cheap*, CHEAPER, CHEAPEST.

WANAMAKER & BROWN

have now opened, after months of preparation, a stock of Spring and Summer Clothing, which far surpasses even their former efforts.

They will be disposed of by a

LIVELY AND QUICK SALE.

to insure which they have put the lowest figures possible on every article in store.

ADVICE—Come and see for yourself.

Secure a "first pick" in the stock.

Register your orders early in the Custom Department.

Ask your wife to examine our Boys' Clothing.

Buy your Shirts, Cravats, etc., in our enlarged Gents' Furnishing Department.

OAK HALL BUILDING,

LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN PHILADELPHIA,

S. E. COR. SIXTH AND MARKET STREETS.

THE SUDDEN CHANGES OF TEMPERATURE, together with the searching winds which are now so common, are causing severe Colds to prevail everywhere, and laying the foundations for many cases of Inflammation of the Lungs, Pleurisy, Asthma, and other Lung Disorders. Prudent people should now take especial precautions to avoid unnecessary exposure, and if unfortunate enough to contract Colds, would do well to resort at once to Dr. Jayne's Expectorant, a safe and reliable remedy, which will not only promptly cure Coughs and Colds, but will relieve and strengthen the Pulmonary and Bronchial organs, and remove all dangerous symptoms. Sold everywhere.

INTERESTING TO LADIES.—"Our Grover & Baker Machine has had constant service for the past eight years, during which time, as a family sewer, we have neither seen nor heard of its equal for simplicity in construction and neatness, with great durability of stitch. 'Witching,' as applied to other machines by our neighbors, is with us unknown."

H. F. WARREN,
Scranton, Pa.

NO CURE, NO PAY.—FORREST'S JUNIPER TAR—For Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Spitting of Blood and Lung Diseases. Immediate relief and positive cure, or price refunded. N. B.—The only genuine is prepared by Dr. J. Mason Forrest & Co., since 1862. For sale by French, Richards & Co., Tenth and Market, and A. M. Wilson, Ninth and Filbert. Price 35 cents.

THE PURITY AND SUPERIORITY of Dr. Colton's Nitrous Oxide Gas for painless tooth extraction is proverbial.

Office No. 737 Walnut street.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

☞ CALVARY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, LOCUST Street, above Fifteenth—Rev. Dr. HUMPHREY, Pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ SIXTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, SPRUCE Street, below Sixth.—Rev. J. P. CONKEY will preach to-morrow at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. 3 18 2t

☞ CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, EIGHTH Street, above ARCH.—Services to-morrow morning at 10½ o'clock. Communion at 3½ o'clock, therefore no evening service.

☞ CHURCH OF THE ATONEMENT, CORner SEVENTEENTH and SUMMER Streets.—Rector, Rev. BENJAMIN WATSON, D. D. Services on to-morrow (Sunday) at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ BETH-EDEN BAPTIST CHURCH, BROAD and SPRUCE Streets.—Rev. J. WHEATON SMITH, D. D., Pastor, will preach Sunday morning at 10½ and evening at 7½ o'clock. Strangers always welcome.

☞ SPRING GARDEN BAPTIST CHURCH, THIRTEENTH Street, above Wallace.—Rev. L. P. HORNBERGER, Pastor. Preaching to-morrow at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sunday-school at 2 P. M.

☞ NORTH TENTH STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, below Girard avenue.—Rev. MATTHEW NEWKIRK, Pastor. At 10½ A. M. Sacramental services. At 3½ P. M. Children's Church. No evening service.

☞ ARCH STREET M. E. CHURCH, S. E. CORner ARCH and BROAD Streets.—Preaching Sunday at 10½ A. M. by Rev. JAMES NEILL, and 7½ P. M. by Rev. A. RITTENHOUSE. Strangers invited.

☞ THE FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, WASHINGTON Square.—Rev. HERRICK JOHNSON, D. D., Pastor, will preach to-morrow at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Evening subject, "Christianity and the Rewards it promises." Strangers welcome.

☞ ST. MARK'S CHURCH, LOCUST, ABOVE Sixteenth street.—The fourth sermon of the course will be preached to-morrow evening at 7½ o'clock, by Rev. ALBRA WADLEIGH, of Germantown, on "The Sacraments of the Church." Seats free.

☞ DIVINE SERVICE (PROTESTANT EPISCopal) will be held in the hall of the COURTLAND SAUNDERS COLLEGE, THIRTY-NINTH Street, above Market, on Sunday, March 19th, at 10·30 A. M. and 7·30 P. M. Sunday-school at 2·30.

☞ THE PHILADELPHIA PRESBYTERIAN Alliance will hold a public meeting in the WEST ARCH STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, on Thursday evening, 23d inst., at 7½ o'clock. Interesting addresses and important business.

☞ REV. A. A. WILLITS, D. D., WILL PREACH in the WEST ARCH STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner EIGHTEENTH and ARCH Streets, to-morrow at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Evening sermon, the twenty-first of a series on interesting incidents in the ministry of Christ, "The Anointing of Jesus at Bethany."

☞ REV. A. A. WILLITS, D. D., WILL DEliver the second lecture of the course in the CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, EIGHTH street, above Arch, on TUESDAY EVENING NEXT, 21st inst., at 8 o'clock. Subject—"Sunshine." Tickets, fifty cents. To be obtained at Gould & Fischer's, No. 923 CHESNUT street, and at the door on the evening of the lecture. 3 18 3t*

☞ SEVENTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, BROAD Street and PENN Square.—Services during next week as follows—Sunday, March 18, preaching at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M. by the pastor, Rev. HENRY C. McCOOK; prayer meeting at 7½ o'clock, and preaching at 8 o'clock; on Monday evening, by Rev. S. A. MUTCHMORE; Tuesday evening, Rev. J. M. CROWELL, D. D.; Wednesday evening, Rev. R. H. ALLEN, D. D.; Thursday evening, Rev. WILLIAM P. BREED, D. D.; Friday evening, Rev. HERRICK JOHNSON, D. D.

☞ "TRUE AMBITION."—REV. B. GRIFFITH, D. D., Corresponding Secretary of the American Baptist Publication Society, will preach the Fifth Sermon of the Fifth Annual Series, before the YOUNG PEOPLE'S ASSOCIATION of the TABERNACLE BAPTIST CHURCH, CHESNUT Street, west of Eighteenth, To-morrow (Sunday), at 7½ P. M. Subject—"The True Ambition."

The Twelfth Anniversary of the Association will be held at the Church on TUESDAY EVENING NEXT, March 21st. Addresses by Rev. J. H. CASTLE, D. D., Rev. P. S. HENSON, D. D., and others. Music by the Young People's Choir.

USE CAMPHOR EARLY! NOW IS THE TIME! —10,000 pounds pure Refined Camphor at retail, for clothing, carpets, and furs, at

W. F. SIMES & SON'S
Drug and Paint Store,
No. 1102 MARKET Street.

GROCERIES, ETC.

JAVA COFFEE.

Genuine Dutch Government Java Coffee

IN THE ORIGINAL BAGS,

JUST RECEIVED IN STORE.

E. BRADFORD CLARKE,

(SUCCESSOR TO SIMON COLTON & CLARKE,)

S. W. Corner BROAD and WALNUT,

1 31 tuthstf4p PHILADELPHIA.

To Bank Depositors

AND

The Business Public Generally—

TO ALL WHO DEAL IN STOCKS—

TO ALL WHO DRAW CHECKS, ORDERS OR NOTES—

TO ALL WHO HAVE DEALT, OR DESIRE TO DEAL IN GOVERNMENT BONDS OR OTHER SECURITIES, LIABLE TO BE ALTERED IN NUMBER, OR AMOUNT, OR STOLEN—

TO ALL WHO HAVE BOOKS AND LEDGER BALANCES, ALSO LIABLE TO ALTERATION.—

TO ALL LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES—

TO ALL WHO EXPECT TO HAVE PROPERTY TO BEQUEATH BY WILL, AND DO NOT WISH THE LEGATEE'S NAME CHANGED, OR THE BEQUEST INCREASED—

WE SAY PROVIDE YOURSELVES WITH THE "CHECK PUNCTURER," EITHER ROLLER OR STAMP.

IT IS SIMPLE, IT IS CONVENIENT, CAN BE CARRIED IN THE POCKET.

IT IS ENDORSED, AND ITS USE RECOMMENDED BY THE PROMINENT BANKERS AND OFFICIALS IN THE COUNTRY.

SEE CIRCULAR BELOW.

IT IS WITHIN THE REAC OF ALL.

Roller and Rubber. .....$3·00

Stamps .....$5·00

PHILADELPHIA, March, 1871.

We, the undersigned, having examined the Puncturing Machines shown us by George W. Holmes, Jr., of Philadelphia, have no hesitation in saying that such use and application in puncturing Commercial Paper, such as checks, drafts, etc., will be an effectual safeguard against the alteration of such instruments.

They are simple in construction, convenient for use, and we would recommend their adoption by all persons whose business requires papers to be in circulation which are liable to be altered in amount, and especially by bank depositors.

Philadelphia National Bank.
Bank of North America.
Mechanics' National Bank.
First National Bank.
Western National Bank.
Commonwealth National Bank.
Corn Exchange National Bank.
Union National Bank.
Central National Bank.
Tradesmen's National Bank.
Fourth National Bank.
National Bank Republic.
Manufacturers' National Bank.
Penn National Bank.
Kensington National Bank.
Eighth National Bank.
National Bank of Northern Liberties.
Consolidation National Bank
Third National Bank.
Sixth National Bank.
National Security Bank.
Bank of America.
Union Banking Company.
First National Bank, Camden, N. J.
Fidelity Insurance, Trust, and Safe Deposit Company.
Philadelphia Trust and Safe Deposit Company.
GEORGE EYSTER, Assistant Treasurer United States, Philadelphia.
JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers.
DREXEL & CO., Bankers.
E. W. CLARK & CO., Bankers.
THOMAS R. DAVIS, Auditor Penna. R. R. Co.
CHARLES MAGARGE & CO., Nos. 30, 32 and 34 South Sixth street.
J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO., Nos. 715 and 717 Market street.
WM. F. MURPHY'S SONS, Bank Stationers.
H. H. BINGHAM, Postmaster, Philadelphia.
E. COLEMAN, Sup't Adams Express, Phila.

They are also endorsed by Banks of New York, Washington, and other cities, and by the mercantile community in general.

The Check Puncturing Company.

GEO. W. HOLMES, JR.,

General Agent for the United States,

OFFICE,

No. 30½ North FIFTH St.,

3 18 s3t PHILADELPHIA.

THE MISSES McVAUGH & DUNGAN,

NO. 114 SOUTH ELEVENTH STREET,

Have opened their Spring Assortment of

DESIRABLE WHITE GOODS.

Piques in Plaids, Stripes, and Cords.
French Nainsook, all prices.
French Muslin, 2 yards wide, very low.
Tucked Muslin, for Waists and Skirts.
A LARGE STOCK OF HAMBURG EDGING AND INSERTING.
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French Caps for Ladies and Children.
Ladies' Under-garments, very cheap.
NOVELTIES AND FANCY ARTICLES RECEIVED DAILY.

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Are white, very productive, as two trials at Bloomsdale in '69 and '70 determined, and weigh 42 lbs. per bushel. They are securely put up in grain sacks of two bushels, weighing 84 lbs. net. Price, $5 per sack, delivered on vessel or railroad station free of porterage. Samples by mail on application, enclosing postage stamp.

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SUGAR, SILVER AND NORWAY MAPLES, large Apple, Pear, Cherry, and other fruit trees, dwarf and standard Evergreens for lawns and hedges. Address JOHN PERKINS,
1t* Moorestown, N. J.

LOST—A PAIR OPERA GLASSES.—ON FRIDAY Evening, 17th instant, in a Thirteenth street car. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning to J. M. K., No. 227 MARKET Street. 1t*

IMPORTANT COMMUNICATION

FROM THE

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Immense Stock of BLACK DRAP D'ETES, for Gentlemen's Suits and Ladies' Embroidered Sacks. Every variety of Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, for Friends' Wear.

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ARE INVITED TO CALL AND EXAMINE OUR

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VARIETY OF DESIGN

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COLOR

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PERFECT AND COMPLETE,

Is offered at rates

LOWER

Than it has been possible to sell for years.

CURTAINS AND SHADES.

FINE

Curtain Materials.

NEW LACE

Curtains and Shades.

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MASONIC HALL,

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Nos. 1012 and 1014 CHESNUT Street,

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Chene Silks, Stripe Silks,
Black Silks, Black Hernanis,
Summer Poplins, Plaid Poplins and Serges.

New Styles in Ladies' Suits made to order.

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CONTENTS.

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MASON AND HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS.
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OBITUARY.

Robert Chambers.

Robert Chambers, of the well-known Edinburgh publishing firm of William & Robert Chambers, died yesterday at Edinburgh. He was born in 1802, at Peebles, and was two years younger than his brother William. His parents were respectable, and he received an excellent common school education in his native town. Pecuniary reverses obliged his parents to remove to Edinburg, and Robert and William were, to a great extent, thrown upon their own resources. Their fondness for reading induced them to select the business of bookselling, and William served an apprenticeship from 1814 to 1819, when he started on his own account in a small way with only a few shillings capital. Robert began business in 1818, and having strong literary tastes, he tried his hand at authorship by starting a small periodical called the *Kaleidoscope*, which William set up in type and printed himself. This publication was short-lived, and in 1823 Robert began to write a work which he hoped would prove popular. This was entitled "Illustrations of the Author of Waverley," and referred to the supposed original characters of the novelist. So soon as this work was published he began to collect materials for his "Traditions of Edinburgh," which appeared in 1824, and passed through several editions. In 1826 Robert published the "Popular Rhymes of Scotland," and in 1827, "Pictures of Scotland." A short time after he issued five volumes of histories of "The Scottish Rebellion," two of a "Life of James I," and three of "Scottish Ballads and Songs." In 1835 he completed in four volumes his "Biographical Dictionary of Eminent Scotchmen." In the meantime William carried on an independent business as author and publisher until 1839, when the brothers united in the production of a "Gazetteer of Scotland," which appeared in 1832. Robert also wrote a "History of Scotland for Juvenile Readers." In 1832 *Chambers' Journal* was projected by the elder brother for the purpose of "supplying intellectual food of the best kind, in such a form and at such a price as to suit the convenience of every man in the British dominions." The success of *Chambers' Journal* was immense, and it soon obtained a circulation of fifty thousand, and subsequently it rose much higher. The success of this publication induced the brothers to join in partnership. In 1834 they commenced the publication of "Information for the People," which was followed by the "Cyclopedia of English Literature," "The People's Edition of Standard English Works," "The Educational Course," two series of "Tracts" and "Papers for the People." Robert, although he had not received any regular scientific education, displayed from early life a strong tendency to such studies, and he produced several geological works. His last historical work was "The Domestic Annals of Scotland." He also edited the "Book of Days," which was completed in 1863, and he also aided greatly in the preparation of "Chambers' Encyclopedia." The establishment of the Messrs. Chambers in Edinburgh is one of the sights of the city. Nearly two hundred hands are employed in it.

CITY ITEMS.

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S. E. corner Arch and Seventh streets.

A VALUABLE INVENTION.—Among the many devices of fraud and villainy, that of altering checks, drafts, bonds, etc., to larger amounts than intended by those issuing them, has lately become popular with rogues and swindlers, who, by removing the figures and the words denoting the amount for which the paper was drawn, and writing in the amount desired, have succeeded in defrauding bankers, merchants, and others of very large sums of money. To prevent the success of this sort of fraud, many shrewd intellects have devoted their attention, and, at last, an invention has been perfected which is signally effectual. We have been shown an instrument styled the "check punchurer," by Mr. George W. Holmes, Jr., of this city, by which the figures and words expressing the amount of money named therein can be instantly punctured so as to prevent a second writing of words or figures in their places, leaving the original writing perfectly intact. This invention, which is very simple and cheap, has been endorsed by all the principal banks and bankers and many of the merchants of this city, as may be seen by reference to our advertising columns.

ELEGANT FURNITURE.—Mr. T. A. McClelland, auctioneer, No. 1210 Chesnut street, asks special attention to his public sale on Monday, at 10½ A. M., at the auction rooms. The assortment of fine furniture is well worthy the closest examination of the public, the goods being of the very latest designs and of highest finish, consisting of splendid parlor, drawing-room, library, dining-room and chamber sets, handsome chairs, music cabinets, lounges, etc.

The sale is positively peremptory, by order of consignees, and every article warranted or no sale.

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MR. WILLIAM W. CASSIDY, the jeweller at No. 8 South Second street, has one of the largest and most attractive stocks of all kinds of Jewelry and Silverware in the city. He has also on hand a fine assortment of fine American Western Watches. Those who purchase at this store at the present time are certain to get the worth of their money.

GREEN GUM PLASTERS,
THE ONLY ONES which effectually will CURE CORNS BUNIONS, are manufactured by
G. KRAUSE, Apothecary,
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THE "MILTON GOLD" JEWELRY COMPANY will open a branch for the exhibition and sale of their celebrated goods at No. 1022 Chesnut street in a few days.

DR. J. P. WYMAN, Dentist, respectfully informs his patients and the public that he has removed from No. 257 North Sixth street to No. 1233 Arch street.

BURNETT'S COLOGNE the best made in America.

DIED.

CARR.—This morning, at 8 o'clock, JESSE W. CARR, late of Pittsburg, Pa.

His relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 1246 N. Broad street, on Tuesday, 21st instant, at 2 o'clock.

To proceed to Laurel Hill Cemetery. "

DEHAVEN.—This morning, HARRY, eldest son of A. H. and Mary T. DeHaven, aged 5 years.

Notice of the funeral will be given in Monday morning's papers. §

FLEU.—On the 14th instant, ALLEN L., son of John and the late Jane Fleu, aged 37 years.

The relatives and friends, also Northern Liberty Lodge, No. 11, I. O. of O. F.; Chosen Friends' Lodge, No. 3, K. of P.; Decatur Council, No. 36, O. U. A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 604 Thompson street, on Sunday afternoon, at 1 o'clock.

To proceed to Laurel Hill Cemetery.

JONES.—On the 16th instant, HENRY JONES, in the 55th year of his age.

The relatives and male friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 513 N. Seventh street, on Tuesday, at 12 o'clock M.

To proceed to Laurel Hill Cemetery. "

LAWTON.—On the morning of the 17th instant, Chief Engineer ANDREW LAWTON, U. S. N., in the 46th year of his age.

His relatives and friends and the naval officers attached to the station are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, at the Navy Yard, on Monday, 20th instant, at 10 o'clock A. M. §

REEVES.—At Phœnixville, Pa., on the 16th instant, DAVID REEVES, Esq., in the 79th year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday, 19th instant, at 10 o'clock A. M.

To proceed to Laurel Hill Cemetery.

A special train will leave Phœnixville at 11 o'clock for the Cemetery.

Carriages will leave the city from Mr. Robert M Bringhurst's, No. 38 N. Eleventh street, at 11·30 A. M

The Ridge road cars also run to and from the Cemetery. *

SMITH.—This morning, at her residence, No. 1010 Clinton street, ELIZABETH BEACH, wife of Richard S. Smith.

Due notice will be given of the funeral. *

SPECIAL NOTICES.

For additional Special Notices see Inside Pages.

☞ H. M. DALY'S WHISKY WAREROOMS, Nos. 222 S. FRONT Street and 139 DOCK St.
IMMENSE STOCK
OF THE BEST BRANDS
IN ORIGINAL BARRELS.
Among which may be found the celebrated "GOLDEN WEDDING," Bourbon of ancient date; Wheat and Rye Whiskies, all pure from manufacturers (in original packages), including those well-known distillers,
THOMAS MOORE & SON,
JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO., and
THOMAS MOORE.
The attention of the trade is requested to test these Whiskies, at market rates. 2 4smw§

☞ OFFICE OF THE LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY,
PHILADELPHIA, March 17, 1871.
A special meeting of the Stockholders of the LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY will be held at the rooms of the Board of Trade, No. 505 CHESNUT Street, on TUESDAY, the 28th day of March, 1871, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of acting upon a proposed agreement for the lease of the LEHIGH AND SUSQUEHANNA RAILROAD and its branches to the CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY of New Jersey, and also upon a Supplement to the Charter, entitled "An act to enable the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company to consolidate their loans, borrow money, and secure the same by mortgage," approved March 15, 1871.
3 18 9t E. W. CLARK, President.

☞ PUBLIC NOTICE.—BLANK FORMS FOR remonstrance to the Legislature, ready for the signatures of citizens, against the passage of the iniquitous Commission schemes, by which the city will be governed for the next five years by a few irresponsible Commissioners, will be left at all the drug stores throughout the city by to-day at 12 o'clock.

The people, without distinction of party, are invited to sign them. Each person will please sign two separate remonstrances—one for the Senate, and the other for the House of Representatives.

By order of the Committee. 1t

☞ BUSHROD W. JAMES, M. D., will lecture on "The Curiosities of The Golden Garden, California," on WEDNESDAY EVENING NEXT, March 22, at 8 o'clock, at
SPRING GARDEN INSTITUTE,
N. E. cor. BROAD and SPRING GARDEN Streets.
Tickets, admitting a gent and two ladies, can be procured of Jacob M. Ellis, No. 325 Walnut street, and of Balderston & Son, No. 902 Spring Garden street. 3 18 3t*

☞ MAMMOTH GOLD AND SILVER MINING COMPANY OF COLORADO.
The annual meeting of the stockholders will be held at No. 900 WALNUT Street, at noon on the 4th day of April, when an election will be held for Five Directors to serve the ensuing year.
MICHAEL NISBET,
3 18 swt5t Secretary.

☞ GEOLOGY.—PROFESSOR GUNNING ON "Darwinism, the Origin of Species—Man and the Gorilla," at HARMONIAL HALL, 'ELEVENTH and WOOD Streets, THIS EVENING, at 8. Admittance, 25 cents. 1t*

☞ FINE BOOTS AND SHOES FOR GENTLEMEN,
Made on improved lasts. Beauty, Comfort, Durability. BARTLETT,
2 20tf No. 33 South SIXTH Street, above Chesnut.

☞ HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY—MONTHLY EXHIBITION TUESDAY EVENING, March 21, at HORTICULTURAL HALL. FLORAL DISPLAY, with music. Admission free. 3 18 3t

☞ LETTER PRESS COPIES CAN BE TAKEN from PRINTING executed at HELFENSTEIN & LEWIS', FIFTH and CHESNUT Streets.

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23	A	North Eighth St.
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23	L	North Eighth St.
23	O	North Eighth St.
23	V	North Eighth St.
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23	EMPORIUM.	North Eighth St.
23	"BARTLEY."	North Eighth St.
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400 Pieces Japanese Silks,

In every Style, Grade, Color, and Price that the markets of Europe afford.

French Rolled Poplins,

All Silk and Wool, $1·00 Per Yard.

These goods are much below current prices.

500 pieces Black Alpacas and Mohairs,

Of a brand that we believe, after careful and thorough examination, to be the best manufactured.

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PLAID DRESS GOODS FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN.

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FOURTH EDITION

Affairs at the Capital.

Proceedings of the Senate.

Contested Election Cases.

Outrages in the South.

The Duty on Coal and Salt.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM EUROPE.

Movements of Napoleon.

LONDON, March 18.—Napoleon will leave Cassel on Sunday to-morrow, and be due in London on Monday night.

Ship News.

The steamship Trojan, from New York, arrived in Lough Foyle to-day, and proceeded for Glasgow.

Latest Quotations.

LONDON, March 18—1·30 P. M.—Consols closed at 92¼ for money and 92¼@92⅜ for account. American securities easier. Bonds of 1862, 92¾; of 1865, old, 91¾; of 1867, 90⅞; 10-40s, 89. Erie, 18½; Illinois Central, 110⅛; Great Western, 35.

LIVERPOOL, March 18—1·30 P. M.—Flour, 27s. 9d.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Despatch to the Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, March 16.

The Senate Elections Committee

to-day has under consideration the cases of Blodgett, of Georgia, Hamilton, of Texas, and Goldthwaite, of Alabama. They decided to admit Hamilton, but postponed the other cases until Monday.

The Meridian, Miss., Outrage.

A despatch was received here to-day from Governor Alcorn, of Mississippi, by the Alabama delegation, in which he states that a thorough examination is being made concerning the outrage at Meridian; that there is some trouble along the frontier bordering on the State of Alabama, but with these exceptions affairs in the State are generally peaceful, and that he feels himself fully competent to preserve order throughout the State.

Strong appeals are being made to Senators to allow the bill which passed the House respecting the

Duty on Coal and Salt

to pass the Senate. The Finance Committee will not permit these measures to be acted on at the present session. Senator Trumbull and others, if the session is extended, will endeavor to secure the passage of both bills.

Minister Schenck,

having made application for his pay as Minister to England, discovered that he could not draw any except one month's pay. It appears that the law explicitly states that no Minister or Consul shall be allowed to draw more than one month's pay before going to his place of duty. Mr. Schenck will, therefore, be compelled to forego his pay as Minister until he arrives in England.

Senator Sherman

has given notice that he will press his resolution, agreed to in caucus, relative to the Judiciary Committee reporting a bill for the

Suppression of the Ku-Klux

in the South. The resolution is now before the Senate. It is believed it will give rise to considerable debate. Senator Sherman will lead off in the debate, giving his views of the condition of affairs in the South.

Southern Outrages.

The Southern Democratic members of the House held a caucus to-day, and resolved to issue an address to their constituents advising that every facility be afforded the joint committee for ascertaining the truth concerning the violations of law in that section of the country.

FROM THE STATE.

Daring Outrage and Robbery in Indiana.

PITTSBURG, March 18.—At 11 o'clock last night, as the telegraph operator at Indiana, Pa., was entering his office, which is in the same room with the First National Bank, he was attacked by four men with blackened faces, knocked down, dragged into the bank, gagged, and handcuffed. One of the party sat by him with a revolver while the others went to work to break open the safe.

Shortly afterwards they became frightened and left, getting no money, excepting eighty dollars from the operator, who was found this morning badly injured. One of the men is described as a large, muscular Irishman. The operator is unable to describe the others.

FROM THE WEST.

The Northern Pacific Railroad.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., March 18.—Track-laying has commenced on the Northern Pacific Railroad, west of Brainerd. The bridge is completed at that point and trains run over it. Five hundred barrels of flour have been shipped from this city marked "Aid for France." E. A. Graff, a prominent citizen of Minnesota, died in this city yesterday.

FROM THE DOMINION.

The Canadian Ministry.

OTTAWA, March 18.—The ministry stated in both houses last night they had received intelligence from Winnipeg to the 1st of March. The Dominion elections were proceeding quietly. There were no disturbances, as reported in American newspapers. The small-pox is disappearing in the Saskatchawan district.

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

Fatal Accident in Boston.

BOSTON, March 18.—By the fall of a scaffold at Jamaica Plains yesterday, Judson Lord was killed, and two other men had limbs broken, while a fourth man was severely bruised.

CONGRESS.

FORTY-SECOND TERM—FIRST SESSION.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Mr. Bayard moved to reconsider the vote on the passage of the bill defining a gross of matches. He had received despatches from large match manufacturers to the effect that the bill would work most injuriously to their interests. The motion was agreed to, and an order made for the recall of the bill from the House.

The Senate then took up the business of the morning hour, Mr. Sherman's resolution alleging the subversion by armed, disguised, and lawless men, mainly soldiers of the late Rebel armies, of all civil authority in a large party of the late insurrectionary States; that persons and property are unsafe, the rights of citizens denied, and the courts powerless by organized perjury to punish crime, and instructing the Judiciary Committee to report remedial legislation.

Mr. Sherman said every word contained in the resolution was strictly true; and that in eleven Southern States the public condition was one of unparalleled horror and anarchy.

Mr. Lewis said the condition of his State (Virginia) was as peaceful and orderly as that of any State in the Union. He denied that any Ku-klux organizations existed there.

Mr. Sherman replied that he would substantiate the assertions of the resolution from the testimony taken before the select committee of investigation. He proceeded to show that the result of the operations of the Ku-klux terrorism and intimidating colored men, was disgraceful to civilization and most startling. These men being mainly soldiers of the late Rebel armies had virtually taken up arms in violation of the very liberal terms accorded them by General Grant upon their surrender. After reading from the Ku-klux oath to show that the objects of the organization were political, to prevent colored men and others from exercising their political rights, and that by it the members were bound to murder, rob, and plunder under the discipline prescribed by their former Rebel leaders, Mr. Sherman said he did not know of any organization in history which for atrocity could compare with this. The Thugs of India were a secret organization, sworn to rob and plunder, but they did not conceal themselves. These men committed their crimes at night, and carried terror wherever they went. Every member of the Senate would admit that an organization so revolting to humanity should be put down. Their number in North Carolina had been stated at forty thousand, but was certainly ten thousand.

Any reader of the testimony would suppose it much larger. In Rockingham county, in that state, sixty-two of these outrages had been committed. In one case a magistrate of a town in that county had testified to the hanging of a colored preacher at a late hour of the night by seventy-five armed and disguised men on horseback. The dangling body of the victim was found suspended from a tree in front of the court-house with a paper pinned upon it on which were the words, "Beware, ye guilty, both black and white. K. K. K." A poor half idiot negro, who had seen some of these men, was drowned several days afterwards to prevent their detection by him. Thirty-eight similar cases had been shown to have occurred in the same vicinity.

OUR RELIGIOUS COLUMN.

LOOKING FOR PEARLS—AN ORIENTAL LEGEND.

The Master came one evening to the gate
Of a far city; it was growing late,
And sending his disciples to buy food,
He wandered forth intent on doing good,
As was his wont. And in the market-place
He saw a crowd, close gathered in one space,
Gazing with eager eyes upon the ground.
Jesus drew nearer, and thereon He found
A noisome creature, a bedraggled wreck—
A dead dog with a halter round his neck.
And those who stood by mocked the object there,
And one said, scoffing, "It pollutes the air!"
Another jeering, asked, "How long to-night
Shall such a miscreant cur offend our sight?"
"Look at his torn side," sneered a Jewish wit,
"You could not even cut a shoe from it,"
And turned away. "Behold his ears that bleed,"
A fourth chimed in, "an unclean wretch indeed!"
"He hath been hanged for thieving," they all cried
And spurned the loathsome beast from side to side.
Then Jesus, standing by them in the street,
Looked at the poor spent creature at his feet,
And, bending o'er him, spake unto the men;
"Pearls are not whiter than his teeth." And then
The people at each other gazed, asking,
"Who is this stranger pitying the evil thing?"
Then one exclaimed, with awe-abated breath,
"This surely is the Man of Nazareth;
This must be Jesus, for none else but He
Something to praise in a dead dog could see!"
And being ashamed, each scoffer bowed his head,
And from the sight of Jesus turned and fled.

HAPPINESS IN DEATH.

The Rev. William Jay, in a sermon on the requisites for a happy death, says:—

"It requires that you should obtain and preserve the evidences of pardon; without these you cannot be fearless and tranquil in the near views of eternity, since 'after death is the judgment.' It requires you to keep a conscience void of offense towards God and towards man. Is he in a condition to die who has lived in the practice of some known sin, and in the omission of some known duty? Is he in a condition to die who has worn the mask of hypocsisy, which will now drop off and expose him in his true character? Is he in a condition to die who, by artifice, unfair dealing, grinding the faces of the poor, has amassed gain which will dishonor him if restored, and damn him if retained? It requires us to live in the exercise of brotherly kindness and charity. Of all we do for Him, nothing pleases Him more than this; this we know He will acknowledge in the day of judgment, and why not in the day of death? 'Blessed is he that considereth the poor; the Lord will deliver him in time of trouble.' 'The Lord will strengthen him upon the bed of languishing; Thou wilt make all his bed in his sickness.' Many are praying for him; the widows and the fatherless cry, and their cry entereth 'the ears of the Lord of Sabbath.'

"It requires an attention to religion in your families. I pity that father who will be surrounded, when he dies, with children whose minds he never informed, whose dispositions he never curbed, whose manners he never guarded; who sees one an infidel, another a profligate, and all irreligious. I know that you are not answerable for the conversion of your offspring, but you are responsible for the use of all proper means. And if these have been neglected, you will plant your dying pillow with thorns; whereas, if you have seriously and perseveringly attended to them, your dying repose shall not be disturbed by want of success; but you shall be able to say, 'Although my house be not so with God, yet hath he made me an everlasting covenant, ordered in all things and sure; for this is all my salvation and all my desire, although he make it not to grow.'

"Through the mercy of God, and the grace of His dear Son, may we be enabled to live in the discharge of duty, that our 'dying beds shall feel soft as downy pillows are.' Amen."

SUMMARY OF CHURCH NEWS.

EPISCOPAL.

—Joseph A. Dugdale, a preacher among the Hicksite (Unitarian) Friends, whose winning smile has been the "open sesame" which, all through his long and useful life, has admitted him to places usually inaccessible, has been invited, recently, to preach in the Episcopal church at Mount Pleasant, Iowa. The Rev. Dr. Cooper, the rector, after Friend Dugdale closed, made an appeal "in behalf of the broadest liberality and the utmost toleration among Christian denominations."

—The next General Convention of the Episcopal Church will be memorialized concerning the repeal of the Church canons forbidding the officiating of ministers of other denominations in Episcopal pulpits, and requiring the use of the Book of Common Prayer before all sermons and lectures. The "Muhlenburg Memorial" will also be presented, praying for liberty on the part of ministers to omit "such words, expressions, or passages" in the service as may, in his judgment, contradict his ordination vow "to teach nothing as necessary to salvation but that which he is persuaded may be concluded and proved by Scripture."

—At Baltimore, Md., the United Presbyterian Church of which the Rev. William Bruce is pastor, has just completed the first year of an experiment to abolish all pew rents, and depend entirely upon weekly contributions for the means of meeting current expenses. The trial year has resulted well, and a surplus of about two hundred dollars is in the treasury.

—So decided in his temperance opinions is the Rev. Mr. Cooper, Presbyterian pastor of McConnellsville, Pa., that when the subscription books for his support were opened he instructed the deacons as follows:—To receive no money on subscriptions from families any part of whose income is derived from the sale of intoxicating liquors; to mark all such subscriptions as paid, and charge the same to his account; and if the amount allowed him as salary could not be raised from other sources, the salary might be reduced just as much as the subscriptions from these doubtful sources amounted to.

—The First Church, Memphis, on the first Sabbath of the new year, received twenty-nine persons on profession of their faith, and nine by letter.

—The Norfolk *Journal* mentions that on a late Sabbath thirty-eight persons were received as members of the Presbyterian church of Norfolk, Va., Dr. Armstrong's. A few only of these were upon dismission from other churches.

—There is a rumor that a church of the Presbyterian Church South will shortly be formed in New York, and Dr. Palmer, of New Orleans, called to the pastorate.

—The *Associate Reformed Presbyterian* explains the decline in that Church by the following statement:—"The want of increase since 1852 has been owing to two causes, viz.: deaths, and a change of relation—principally the latter. Since 1842, 17 of our ministers have died. During the same period 26 have left us to join other churches; 22 have connected with the Old School Presbyterians, and 4 have joined the United Presbyterians North."

—The Northwestern Seminary at Chicago has thirty-eight students, one of whom received his collegiate education in Norway, one in the Netherlands, two in Ireland, three in Canada, and the remainder in above twenty different institutions in this country.

CONGREGATIONAL.

—Mr. Frederick Marquand, of Southport, Ct., has offered to erect, at his own expense, a chapel for the Yale Theological School. The estimated cost is not far from $22,000. The building will be large enough for the religious meetings of the college and for use for special lectures. It is to be completed in September.

—The Female Cent Society of New Hampshire is a valuable auxiliary to home missionary enterprises. During the sixty-five years of its existence it has collected $74,829. It has a memorial fund of $3000. In 1805, its first year, $500 was raised; in 1870, $2500—all by contributions of one cent a week from each of its members.

—A conference of the Congregational churches of New York and Brooklyn was held at the Church of the Pilgrims, in Brooklyn, Wednesday, March 8. The question, "What is the best means of promoting the highest spirituality among Christians?" was discussed by the Rev. Mr. Beecher, Rev. Dr. Palmer, Rev. Messrs. Janes, Brown, and Everest, and Rev. Dr. Thompson.

—The missionary brig Morning Star, which recently sailed from Boston for the South Sea Islands, meeting rough weather, has been compelled to return from Provincetown to Boston and reload, there being too much ballast on board.

—The receipts of the American Board for January were $34,489, which is a falling off of $17,905 from those of the same month last year; and for the six months ending January 31, the receipts show a falling off of $17,927.

—The Rev. Jacob Totka, a minister of the German Reformed Church, has been received as a candidate for orders in Minnesota, and the Rev. Joseph T. Hillmar, late pastor of the Roman Catholic congregations at St. Anthony and Minneapolis, Minnesota, has been received into the communion of the Episcopal Church.

—Bishop Coxe, of Buffalo, has just opened a new Episcopal Church in Tonawanda, N. Y. It cost about $4500, nearly the whole of which sum was donated by Mr. Sherman, of Avon.

—Bishop Henry Whitehouse, of the Episcopal Diocese of Illinois, has lately given ordination to a young Swede, Rev. Mr. Almqvist, from Gotheborg, Sweden. He is now laboring in Michigan. The efforts of this Church to absorb Scandinavian Lutherans have signally failed of late.

BAPTIST.

—A new Baptist church was dedicated on March 8 at Hunter's Point, the new city which has grown up within a few years at the eastern terminus of the Long Island Railroad. The sermon was by the Rev. Dr. Everts, of Chicago. The congregation was organized in 1869, with nine members. In building the church, which cost $29,500, it was largely aided by Mr. Horace Waters; the wife of Mr. Waters furnished the baptistery.

—Emanuel Baptist church, at Albany, has just been completed. It takes the place of Pearl street Baptist church, where Dr. B. T. Welch had his long and fruitful ministry, and is now under the care of Rev. Dr. Bridgman. It is situated on State street, above the new Capitol. It will afford sittings for one thousand persons.

—The new Michigan avenue Baptist church, Chicago, has adopted a plan for renting its sittings which presents some good features. Any number of sittings may be rented, from a single sitting to a whole pew, for any period, however short, at a uniform rate throughout the house of $1·25 for each sitting. The preference in the choice of paws is given to those who will pay the rents of the greatest number of seats. The surplus from such extra rentals is to be laid aside to assist those who cannot pay a full rental.

—A correspondent of the *Watchman and Reflector* has thought what a beneficent and fruitful mission a Christian minister would accomplish if he could go with supplies to the different missionary stations in France, distribute aid to the suffering, comfort them in their affliction, and preach the Gospel of salvation. He could reach at the same time thousands of Romanists, who would welcome such a man as an angel from heaven. He thinks that the French people, believing that their sufferings are a chastisement from the Almighty, will be in a favorable mood to receive such teachings.

PRESBYTERIAN.

—The Committees of the Presbyterian and United Presbyterian Churches, appointed to consider the question of a union of the two branches, met in Pittsburg during the week, and organized by the election of the Rev. Dr. Dickson, of New York, chairman, and of the Rev. W. J. Reid, of Pittsburg, secretary.

—The *Occident* gives a favorable report of the Presbyterian mission to the Chinese in California. It was strengthened by the accession of the Rev. I. M. Condit in June. Having labored at a similar work in Canton, he was able at once to enter into all the work of the mission, as a preacher to the Chinese in their own language. The various departments of the work have been prosecuted during the past as in former years, except that, owing to the great falling off in the immigration, there has been less call for the visiting and preaching to the newly arrived strangers which has heretofore been a prominent feature of the work. During the year two of the members of the church returned to China, where they are employed as colporteurs a portion of the time, the other portion being devoted to study, with a view to preparation for greater usefulness.

—The subscriptions to the Memorial Fund thus far are estimated at $4,000,000, of which $800,000 to $900,000 have been subscribed to educational institutions, about $75,000 being to enterprises on the foreign mission field; above $1,000,000 are for new churches, $1,000,000 to the payment of church debts, and $1,000,000 for parsonages, repairs, hospitals, and publication buildings. The Rev. Gardner Spring, now eighty-six years old, has recently expressed to the chairman of the Memorial Committee his joy in view of the successful progress of the work.

—F. W. Marquand, Esq., who offers $25,000 for the new chapel of Yale Theological Seminary, is a deacon in the Congregational Church at Southport, Connecticut, and this is but one of his many noble deeds.

—The Presbyterian Church in Plover, Wisconsin, has unanimously voted itself Congregational.

METHODIST.

—The Methodists of Great Britain are divided into numerous sects. The original body call themselves "Wesleyans." "The Methodist New Connection" differ from them on questions of government, and the Primitive Methodists on evangelistic measures. Beside these there are the Methodist Association and the "United Methodist Free Churches."

—The Wesleyan missionaries in South Africa find a new field of labor among the multitudes who are flocking to the newly discovered diamond-mines on the banks of the River Vaal.

—Drew Seminary, Madison, N. J., has received a bequest of $100,000 from the late Abel Minard, of Morristown, to aid in giving a ministerial education to indigent young women.

—A remarkable work is reported in progress in the Methodist Mission at Lucknow, India. About 50 conversions have taken place in two weeks, about half of them being natives.

—The endowment of $400,000 for the proposed Syracuse University has been subscribed. The city is to add $100,000 more, and then there will be nothing in the way of a speedy commencement of the work, and its steady advancement to completion.

—The death of James Osgood Andrew, senior Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, took place at Mobile on the 2d inst.

LUTHERAN.

—The Rev. Dr. Luther E. Albert asks the following pointed question in the *Lutheran Observer*:—

"Would it not be well to give up, at least for a season, our disputes about our differences, and lend our entire energy towards the extension of Christ's kingdom throughout the world? The diversions might be more favorable in the end for purity of doctrine, as well as practice, than those discussions which are frequently steeped more in our own spirit than in the spirit of Christ."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

THE STAR COURSE OF LECTURES.

A. MINER GRISWOLD,
("The Fat Contributor.")
On MONDAY EVENING, March 26.
Subject:—"INJUN MEAL."
GENERAL KILPATRICK, March 23.
"Battle Scenes of the Rebellion."
MRS. CADY STANTON, March 27.
"The True Republic."
MENDELSSOHN QUINTETTE CLUB, March 30.
Admission, 50 cents; Reserved Seats, 25 cents extra.
Tickets to any of the Single Lectures, and to the Concert, for sale at Gould & Fischer's Piano Rooms, No. 923 CHESNUT Street, and at the ACADEMY on the evenings of the Lectures.
Doors open at quarter-past 7: Lecture at 8. 3 17 25

OFFICE FIRE COMMISSIONERS, S. E. corner FIFTH and CHESNUT.
PHILADELPHIA, March 15, 1870.
NOTICE.
THE VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT having been retired from service and the NEW DEPARTMENT placed in operation at 6 O'CLOCK THIS EVENING, the Board respectfully asks the co-operation of the public to assist them in their endeavors to make the Department a success.
The Board would return their sincere thanks to the Volunteer Department for their assistance and uniform good conduct while they were engaged in organizing.
JACOB LAUDENSLAGER, President.
Attest—JOHN R. CANTLIN. 3 16

THE FIRST ANNUAL LITERARY AND Musical Entertainment of the United Lyceums of Philadelphia will be held at the ACADEMY OF MUSIC, SATURDAY EVENING, March 18, 1871, at ½ before 8 o'clock. Professor ADAMS will assist. Germania Orchestra. Admission, 50c.; reserved seats, 75c.
Tickets for sale at Gould & Fischer's Piano Rooms, No. 923 Chesnut street, and at the Academy on the evening of the entertainment. 3 13mwfs4t

OFFICE OF THE LOGAN IRON AND STEEL COMPANY,
PHILADELPHIA, March 13, 1871.
The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this company will be held at the office, No. 230 SOUTH THIRD street, on TUESDAY, March 28, at 12 o'clock M., when an election will be held for Five Directors, and such other business transacted as may then be presented. By order.
CHARLES WESTON, Jr., Secretary.
3 14 12t

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL RAILWAY COMPANY, No. 218 S. FOURTH Street.
PHILADELPHIA, March 8, 1871.
An instalment of Five Dollars per share on the subscriptions to the preferred stock of the National Railway Company will be due and payable at the office of the Company, No. 218 S. FOURTH Street, Philadelphia, on or before the 24th of March, 1871.
By order of the Board of Directors.
3 8 2w JACOB RIEGEL, Treasurer.

OFFICE VOLCANIC OIL AND COAL COMPANY, No. 10 MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.
PHILADELPHIA, March 12, 1871.
The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of TWENTY-FIVE CENTS a share, payable on and after the 15th instant.
THOMAS J. MAGILL, Secretary and Treasurer.
3 13 6t

WOODHULL & CLAFLIN, the Lady Brokers of Wall street, New York, will deliver their argument for Constitutional Equality, the great political issue, at the ACADEMY OF MUSIC, March 21. Tickets for sale at F. A. NORTH & CO.'S, No. 1026 CHESNUT street. 3 15 6t

THE UNION FIRE EXTINGUISHER COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA
Manufacture and sell the Improved, Portable Fire Extinguisher. Always Reliable.
D. T. GAGE,
5 30 tf No. 118 MARKET St., General Agent.

THE PENNSYLVANIA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
MARCH 6, 1871.
The Directors have this day declared a dividend of SEVEN DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per Share on the Stock of the Company for the last six months, which will be paid to the Stockholders or their legal representatives after the 16th instant.
3 7 10t WM. G. CROWELL, Secretary.

THE THIRD ANNIVERSARY OF THE MIDNIGHT MISSION will be held at the CHURCH OF THE EPIPHANY, FIFTEENTH and CHESNUT, Sunday, 19th inst., at 7½ P. M. Sermon by the Rev. THOMAS A. JAGGAR, Rector of Holy Trinity. 3 17 2t

TICKETS FOR THE ENTERTAINMENT of the UNITED LYCEUMS for sale by members of the INDEPENDENT LYCEUM and at J. McCARAHER'S, S. W. corner of SEVENTEENTH and LOCUST Streets. 3 13 mwfs4t*

DR. F. R. THOMAS, No. 914 WALNUT ST., formerly operator at the Colton Dental Rooms, devotes his entire practice to extracting teeth without pain, with fresh nitrous oxide gas. 11 17§

THURSTON'S IVORY PEARL TOOTH POWDER is the best article for cleansing and preserving the teeth. For sale by all Druggists. Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. 11 26 stuthly

DISPENSARY FOR SKIN DISEASES, NO. 216 S. ELEVENTH Street.
Patients treated gratuitously at this institution daily at 11 o'clock. 1 14

THE BEST COAL.
ISAAC K. WRIGHT & SON,
No. 124 South SECOND Street.
YARDS—Corner EIGHTH and MASTER Sts. and
3 15 w[m4] No. 818 SWANSON St., above Queen.

MILLINERY.

MRS. R. DILLON
NOS. 323 AND 331 SOUTH STREET,
FANCY AND MOURNING MILLINERY, CRAPE VEILS,
Ladies' and Misses' Crape, Felt, Gimp, Hair, Satin, Silk, Straw and Velvets, Hats and Bonnets, French Flowers, Hat and Bonnet Frames, Crapes, Laces, Silks, Satins, Velvets, Ribbons, Sashes, Ornaments and all kinds of Millinery Goods. 1 4

DRY GOODS.

C. H. HAMRICK & CO.,
No. 45 North EIGHTH Street,
PHILADELPHIA,
WILL ON MONDAY, 13th INST.,
OPEN ONE CASE
BLACK SILKS,
THE GREATEST BARGAINS EVER OFFERED THE PUBLIC.
Black Silk, warranted Lyons make, $1·50.
Black Silk, warranted Belon's make, $2.
Black Silk, warranted Bellon's make, $2·50 to $5.
ONE CASE
Splendid Evening Silks,
ALL THE NEW SHADES,
AT LOW PRICES.
Hernani, 75c. Hernani, 87c. Hernani, $1·25.
One Case Tea Rose Poplins, 37½c., worth 62½c.
One Case Splendid Silk Serges.
One Case Splendid Blue and White Plaids, 75c., worth $1·25.
One Case Granite Poplins, 29 inches wide, 28c.
Ladies' Underwear.
A Large Assortment at only Half Market Rates.
Lawn Suits Complete. $3·50.
One Case more Pacific and Manchester Poplins, 12½c.
One Case of Black and White Plaids at 25c.
PRICES GUARANTEED.
Bring along your samples.
C. H. HAMRICK & CO.
3 11 stuth3t4p

1853 "THORNLEY'S" 1871
Eighteenth Anniversary.
For eighteen years we have been on SPRING GARDEN St., and amid the mutations of Time we have went steadily on adding to our long and respectable list of FIRST-CLASS customers (and to our exchequer, of course) for all of which we to-day present our
ANNIVERSARY THANKS,
And say that never in all the past have we offered a more complete stock of
Dry Goods
Than we have the pleasure of now presenting before the public.
SOME SPECIALTIES.
BLACK SILKS,
SPRING DRESS GOODS,
NEW AND BEAUTIFUL SHAWLS,
RICH LINEN TABLE DAMASKS,
MARSEILLES AND OTHER QUILTS,
MUSLINS, CASSIMERES, FLANNELS, Etc.
JOSEPH H. THORNLEY,
NORTHEAST CORNER OF
EIGHTH and SPRING GARDEN Sts.,
2 3 thstu5 PHILADELPHIA.

PERKINS & CO.,
No. 9 South NINTH Street,
Have always on hand a complete assortment of
BLACK GOODS.
N. B.—HERNANIES A SPECIALTY.
2 28 tuths3mrp

727 CHESNUT STREET. 727
POPULAR PRICES FOR DRY GOODS.
STRICTLY ONE PRICE.
ALEXANDER RICKEY.
9 10 tuths No. 727 CHESNUT Street.

MARBLE WORKS.

H. S. TARR & SON'S
MANUFACTORY OF
Carved and Ornamental Marble Work,
GREEN Street, above Seventh,
1 30 3m PHILADELPHIA.

SAXON GREEN,
is Brighter, will not Fade, Costs Less than any other because it will Paint twice as much surface.
SOLD BY ALL DEALERS IN
PAINTS.
J. H. WEEKS & CO., Manufacturers,
3 9 tf **No. 124 N. FOURTH St., Philadelphia.**

COTTON.—MIDDLING FAIR AND MIDDLING Gulfs, Alabama and Uplands, samples, clean stain, etc., for sale by
WILLIAM M. GREINER,
1 20 2m No. 109 CHESNUT Street.

SHIPPING.

NATIONAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
STEAM DIRECT TO AND FROM NEW YORK, QUEENSTOWN, AND LIVERPOOL.
The magnificent Ocean Steamships of this line, sailing regularly every SATURDAY, are among the largest in the world, and famous for the degree of safety, comfort, and speed attained.
CABIN RATES, CURRENCY,
$75 and $65. First class Excursion Tickets, good for twelve months, $130. Early application must be made in order to secure a choice of state-rooms.
STEERAGE RATES, CURRENCY,
Outward, $38. Prepaid, $32. Tickets to and from Londonderry and Glasgow at the same low rates. Perons visiting the old country, or sending for their friends should remember that these steerage rates are $2 cheaper than several other lines.
Bank drafts issued for any amount, at lowest rates, payable on demand in all parts of England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, and the Continent of Europe.
Apply to WALLER & CO., Agents,
1 16 No. 204 WALNUT St., just above Second.

FOR LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.—The Inman Line of Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:—
City of Brussels, Saturday, March 18, at 2 P. M.
City of Limerick, via Halifax, Tuesday, March 21 at 1 P. M.
City of London, Saturday, March 28, at 8 A. M.
City of Washington, Saturday, April 1, at 2 P. M. and each succeeding Saturday and alternate Tuesday, from pier No. 45 North river.

RATES OF PASSAGE			
By Mail Steamer Sailing every Saturday.			
Payable in gold.		Payable in currency.	
First Cabin	$75	Steerage	30
To London	80	To London	35
To Halifax	20	To Halifax	15

Passengers also forwarded to Antwerp, Rotterdam, Sweden, Norway, Denmark, etc., at reduced rates.
Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.
For further information apply at the company's office.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, N. Y.
Or to O'DONNELL & FAULK, Agents,
4 5 No. 402 CHESNUT Street, Philadelphia.

LORILLARD STEAMSHIP COMPANY FOR NEW YORK,
SAILING TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, AND SATURDAYS AT NOON.
INSURANCE ONE-EIGHTH OF ONE PER CENT.
No bill of lading or receipt signed for less than fifty cents, and no insurance effected for less than one dollar premium.
For further particulars and rates apply at Company's office, Pier 33 East river, New York, or to
JOHN F. OHL,
PIER 19 NORTH WHARVES.
N. B.—Extra rates on small packages iron, metals, etc. 2 8 §

THE REGULAR STEAMSHIPS ON THE PHILADELPHIA AND CHARLESTON STEAMSHIP LINE are ALONE authorized to issue through bills of lading to interior points South and West in connection with South Carolina Railroad Company.
ALFRED L. TYLER,
Vice-President So. C. RR. Co.

PHILADELPHIA AND SOUTHERN MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S REGULAR SEMI-MONTHLY LINE TO NEW ORLEANS, La.
The JUNIATA will sail for New Orleans, via Havana, on ——, April —, at 8 A. M.
The YAZOO will sail from New Orleans, via Havana, on March —.
THROUGH BILLS OF LADING at as low rates as by any other route given to MOBILE, GALVESTON, INDIANOLA, ROCKPORT, LAVACCA, and BRAZOS, and to all points on the Mississippi river between New Orleans and St. Louis. Red river freights reshipped at New Orleans without charge of commissions.

WEEKLY LINE TO SAVANNAH, GA.
The WYOMING will sail for Savannah on Saturday, March 18, at 8 A. M.
The TONAWANDA will sail from Savannah on Saturday, March 18.
THROUGH BILLS OF LADING given to all the principal towns in Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, and Tennessee in connection with the Central Railroad of Georgia, Atlantic and Gulf Railroad, and Florida steamers, at as low rates as by competing lines.

SEMI-MONTHLY LINE TO WILMINGTON, N. C.
The PIONEER will sail for Wilmington on Saturday, March 25, at 6 A. M. Returning, will leave Wilmington Sunday, April 2.
Connects with the Cape Fear River Steamboat Company, the Wilmington and Weldon and North Carolina Railroads, and the Wilmington and Manchester Railroad to all interior points.
Freights for Columbia, S. C., and Augusta, Ga., taken via Wilmington at as low rates as by any other route.
Insurance effected when requested by shippers. Bills of lading signed at Queen street wharf on or before day of sailing.
WILLIAM L. JAMES, General Agent,
6 15 No. 130 S. THIRD Street.

FOR SAVANNAH, GEORGIA AND THE FLORIDA PORTS.
THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.
GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE.
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.
FOUR STEAMERS A WEEK,
TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, AND SATURDAYS.
THE STEAMSHIPS
SAN SALVADOR, Captain Nickerson, from Pier No. 8 North River.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling Green.
MONTGOMERY, Captain Faircloth, from Pier No. 13 North River.
R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West street.
LEO, Captain Dearborn, from Pier No. 16 East River.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents, Nos. 61 and 62 South street.
GENERAL BARNES, Captain Mallory, from Pier No. 36 North River.
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, No. 88 Liberty street.
Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.
Superior accommodations for passengers.
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Freight line. [1 6†
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.
C. D. OWENS, Agent A. & G. R. R., No. 229 Broadway.
GEORGE YONGE, Agent C. R. R., No. 409 Broadway.

FOR NEW YORK, VIA DELAWARE and Raritan Canal.
SWIFTSURE TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.
DESPATCH AND SWIFTSURE LINES,
Leaving daily at 12 M. and 5 P. M.
The steam propellers of this company will commence loading on the 8th of March.
Through in twenty-four hours.
Goods forwarded to any point free of commission
Freights taken on accommodating terms.
Apply to
WILLIAM M. BAIRD & CO., Agents,
6 § No. 132 South DELAWARE Avenue.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL, UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month.
MERRIMACK, Captain Wier.
SOUTH AMERICA, Captain E. L. Tinklepaugh.
NORTH AMERICA, Captain G. B. Slocum.
These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia, and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
12 10† No. 5 Bowling-green, New York.

WHITE STAR LINE
OCEANIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S LINE OF NEW STEAMERS BETWEEN NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK, IRELAND.
The company's fleet comprises the following magnificent full-powered ocean steamships, the six largest in the world:—
OCEANIC, Captain Murray. ARCTIC.
ATLANTIC, Captain Thompson. BALTIC.
PACIFIC, Captain Perry. ADRIATIC.
These new vessels have been designed specially for the transatlantic trade, and combine speed, safety, and comfort.
Passenger accommodations unrivalled.
Parties sending for their friends in the old country can now obtain prepaid tickets.
Steerage, $32, currency.
Other rates as low as any first-class line.
For further particulars apply to ISMAY, IMRIE & CO., No. 10 WATER Street, Liverpool, and No. 7 EAST INDIA Avenue, LEADENHALL Street, London; or at the company's offices, No. 19 BROADWAY, New York.
1 9† J. ——. SPARKS, Agent.

SHIPPING.

CLYDE'S STEAM LINES.—Office, No. 12 South WHARVES.
PHILADELPHIA, RICHMOND AND NORFOLK STEAMSHIP LINE, THROUGH FREIGHT AIR-LINE TO THE SOUTH AND WEST.
Steamers leave every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY "at noon," from FIRST WHARF above MARKET Street.
No bills of lading signed after 12 o'clock on sailing day.
THROUGH RATES to all points in North and South Carolina, via Seaboard Air-line Railroad, connecting at Portsmouth, and at Lynchburg, Va., Tennessee, and the West via Virginia and Tennessee Air-line, and Richmond and Danville Railroads.
Freights HANDLED BUT ONCE and taken at LOWER RATES than by any other line.
No charge for commissions, drayage, or any expense of transfer. Steamships insure at lowest rates.
FREIGHTS RECEIVED DAILY.
State-room accommodations for passengers.
WM. P. PORTER, Agent, Richmond and City Point. T. P. CROWELL & CO., Agents, Norfolk.

PHILADELPHIA AND CHARLESTON.—PHILADELPHIA AND CHARLESTON STEAMSHIP LINE.
THURSDAY LINE FOR CHARLESTON, and all interior points of South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, etc.
The first-class Steamship VIRGINIA, Captain Hunter, will sail on Thursday, March 23, at 12 o'clock, noon, from Pier 8, North Wharves, above Arch street.
Through bills of lading to all principal points in South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, etc., etc.
Rates of freight as low as by any other route.
For freight or passage apply on the Pier, as above.
WM. A. COURTNEY, Agent in Charleston.

FOR NEW YORK DAILY—VIA DELAWARE AND RARITAN CANAL.—EXPRESS STEAMBOAT COMPANY.
The CHEAPEST and QUICKEST water communication between Philadelphia and New York.
Steamers leave DAILY from first wharf below MARKET Street, Philadelphia, and foot of WALL Street, New York.
THROUGH IN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS.
Goods forwarded by all the lines running out of New York North, East, and West, free of commission.
Freight received daily and forwarded on accommodating terms.
JAMES HAND, Agent,
No. 119 WALL Street, New York.

NEW EXPRESS LINE TO ALEXANDRIA, GEORGETOWN and Washington, D. C., Chesapeake and Delaware Canal, connecting with Orange and Alexandria Railroad.
Steamers leave regularly every SATURDAY at noon, from First Wharf above MARKET Street.
Freights received daily.
HYDE & TYLER, Agents, Georgetown, D. C.
M. ELDRIDGE & CO., Agents, Alexandria, Va.

DELAWARE AND CHESAPEAKE TOW-BOAT COMPANY.
Barges towed between Philadelphia, Baltimore, Havre-de-Grace, Delaware City, and intermediate points.
CAPTAIN JOHN LAUGHLIN, Superintendent.
OFFICE, No. 12 South WHARVES,
PHILADELPHIA.

WILLIAM P. CLYDE & CO., AGENTS
For all the above lines.
No. 12 SOUTH WHARVES, Philadelphia, where further information may be obtained. 2 28

THE ANCHOR LINE STEAMERS Sail every Saturday and alternate Wednesday to and from Glasgow and Derry.
Passengers booked and forwarded to and from all railway stations in Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Norway, Sweden, or Denmark and America as safely, speedily, comfortably, and cheaply as by any other route or line.

"EXPRESS" STEAMERS.	"EXTRA" STEAMERS.
ANGLIA,	IOWA,
AUSTRALIA,	TYRIAN,
BRITANNIA,	BRITANNIA,
INDIA,	IOWA,
COLUMBIA,	TYRIAN,
EUROPA.	BRITANNIA.

From Pier 20 North river, New York, at noon.
Rates of Passage, Payable in Currency, to Liverpool, Glasgow, or Derry:—
First cabins, $65 and $75, according to location.
Cabin excursion tickets (good for twelve months), securing best accommodations, $130.
Intermediate, $33; steerage, $28.
Certificates, at reduced rates, can be bought here by those wishing to send for their friends.
Drafts issued, payable on presentation.
Apply at the company's offices to
HENDERSON BROTHERS,
12 27† No. 7 BOWLING GREEN.

CORDAGE, ETC.

CORDAGE.
Manilla, Sisal and Tarred Cordage
At Lowest New York Prices and Freights.
EDWIN H. FITLER & CO.,
Factory, TENTH St. and GERMANTOWN Avenue;
Store, No. 22 N. WATER St. and 23 N. DELAWARE Avenue,
4 18 12m PHILADELPHIA

JOHN S. LEE & CO., ROPE AND TWINE MANUFACTURERS,
DEALERS IN NAVAL STORES,
ANCHORS AND CHAINS,
SHIP CHANDLERY GOODS, ETC.,
Nos. 46 and 48 NORTH WHARVES.

LUMBER

1871 SPRUCE JOIST. SPRUCE JOIST. HEMLOCK HEMLOCK. 1871

1871 SEASONED CLEAR PINE. SEASONED CLEAR PINE. CHOICE PATTERN PINE. SPANISH CEDAR, FOR PATTERNS. RED CEDAR. 1871

1871 FLORIDA FLOORING. FLORIDA FLOORING. CAROLINA FLOORING. VIRGINIA FLOORING. DELAWARE FLOORING. ASH FLOORING. WALNUT FLOORING. FLORIDA STEP BOARDS. RAIL PLANK. 1871

1871 WALNUT BOARDS AND PLANK. WALNUT BOARDS AND PLANK. WALNUT BOARDS. WALNUT PLANK. 1871

1871 UNDERTAKERS' LUMBER. UNDERTAKERS' LUMBER. RED CEDAR. WALNUT AND PINE. 1871

1871 SEASONED POPLAR. SEASONED CHERRY. ASH. WHITE OAK PLANK AND BOARDS. HICKORY. 1871

1871 CIGAR BOX MAKERS' CIGAR BOX MAKERS' SPANISH CEDAR BOX BOARDS, FOR SALE LOW. 1871

1871 CAROLINA SCANTLING. CAROLINA H. T. SILLS. NORWAY SCANTLING. 1871

1871 CEDAR SHINGLES. CYPRESS SHINGLES. 1871
MAULE, BROTHER & CO.,
11§ No. 2500 SOUTH Street.

PANEL PLANK, ALL THICKNESSES. COMMON PLANK, ALL THICKNESSES. 1 COMMON BOARDS. 1 and 2 SIDE FENCE BOARDS. WHITE PINE FLOORING BOARDS. YELLOW AND SAP PINE FLOORINGS, 1¼ and 4¼ SPRUCE JOIST, ALL SIZES. HEMLOCK JOIST, ALL SIZES. PLASTERING LATH A SPECIALTY.
Together with a general assortment of Building Lumber for sale low for cash. T. W. SMALTZ,
11 30 6m No. 1715 RIDGE Avenue, north of Poplar St

PATENTS.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 21, 1871.
On the petition of DANIEL S. NIPPES, of Upper Merion Township, Pennsylvania, administrator of Albert S. Nippes, deceased, praying for the extension of a patent granted to the said Albert S. Nippes, on the 21st day of April, 1857, for an improvement in Grinding Saws:
It is ordered that the testimony in the case be closed on the 21st day of March next, that the time for filing arguments and the Examiner's report be limited to the 31st day of March next, and that said petition be heard on the 5th day of April next.
Any person may oppose this extension.
SAMUEL A. DUNCAN,
2 10 20t Acting Commissioner of Patents.

JOHN FARNUM & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS and Manufacturers of Cocoa-nut Fishing and Mill Lines, No. 125 CHESNUT Street, Philadelphia.

INSURANCE.

DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY. Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, 1835.

Office S. E. corner of THIRD and WALNUT Streets, Philadelphia.

MARINE INSURANCES
on Vessels, Cargo, and Freight to all parts of the world.

INLAND INSURANCES
on Goods by river, canal, lake, and land carriage to all parts of the Union.

FIRE INSURANCES
on Merchandise generally; on Stores, Dwellings, Houses, etc.

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1870.

$300,000	United States Six Per Cent Loan (lawful money)	$333,375 00
200,000	State of Pennsylvania Six Per Cent. Loan	214,000·00
200,000	City of Philadelphia Six Per Cent. Loan (exempt from Tax)	204,162·50
164,000	State of New Jersey Six Per Cent. Loan	163,920·00
20,000	Pennsylvania Railroad First Mortgage Six Per Ct. Bonds.	20,700·00
25,000	Pennsylvania Railroad Second Mortgage Six Per Ct. Bonds.	25,250·00
25,000	Western Pennsylvania Railroad Mortgage Six Per Cent. Bonds (Pennsylvania Railroad guarantee)	20,000·00
30,000	State of Tennessee Five Per Ct. Loan	18,000·00
7,000	State of Tennessee Six Per Ct. Loan	4,200·00
12,500	Pennsylvania Railroad Company (250 Shares Stock)	15,000·00
5,000	North Pennsylvania Railroad Company (100 Shares Stock)	4,300·00
10,000	Philadelphia and Southern Mail Steamship Company (80 sh's Stock)	4,000·00
1,650	Loans on Bond and Mortgage, first liens on City Properties	261,650·00
$1,960,150	Par. C'st, $1,264,447·34. M'kt v'l	$1,293·657·00
	Real Estate	56,000·50
	Bills Receivable for Insurances made	230,971·27
	Balances due at Agencies—Premiums on Marine Policies—Accrued Interest and other debts due the Company	93,375·40
	Stock and Scrip, etc., of sundry corporations, $7950, estimated value	3,912·00
	Cash	142,911·73
		$1,820,727·97

DIRECTORS.

Thomas C. Hand,	Samuel E. Stokes,
John C. Davis,	William G. Boulton,
Edmund A. Souder,	Edward Darlington,
Joseph H. Seal,	H. Jones Brooke,
James Traquair,	Edward Lafourcade,
Henry Sloan,	Jacob Riegel,
Henry C. Dallett, Jr.,	Jacob P. Jones,
James C. Hand,	James B. McFarland,
William C. Ludwig,	Joshua P. Eyre,
Hugh Craig,	Spencer McIlvaine,
John D. Taylor,	Thomas P. Stotesbury,
George W. Bernadou,	John B. Semple, Pittsb'rg,
Wm. C. Houston,	A. B. Berger, Pittsburg,
H. Frank Robinson,	D. T. Morgan, Pittsburg.

THOMAS C. HAND, President.
JOHN C. DAVIS, Vice-President.
HENRY LYLBURN, Secretary.
HENRY BALL, Assistant Secretary. 2 1 11m

ASBURY
LIFE INSURANCE CO.
NEW YORK.

LEMUEL BANGS, President.
GEORGE ELLIOTT, Vice-Pres't and Sec'y.
EMORY McCLINTOCK, Actuary.

JAMES M. LONGACRE,
MANAGER FOR PENNSYLVANIA AND DELAWARE,
Office, 302 WALNUT St., Philadelphia.
H. C. WOOD, Jr., Medical Examiner.
5 23 mwfim REV. S. POWERS, Special Agent.

Union Mutual Insurance Company
OF PHILADELPHIA.
INCORPORATED 1804.
Fire, Marine, and Inland Insurance.
Office, N. E. Cor. THIRD and WALNUT
LOSSES PAID SINCE FORMATION,
$7,000,000.
ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, JANUARY 1, 1871,
$255,397'89.
RICHARD S. SMITH, President.
JOHN MOSS, Secretary. 2 13

People's Fire Insurance Company,
No. 514 WALNUT Street.
CHARTERED 1859.

Fire Insurance at LOWEST RATES consistent with security. Losses promptly adjusted and paid. NO UNPAID LOSSES.

Assets December 31, 1870 ..... $128,851·78
CHAS. E. BONN, President.
GEO. BUSCH, Jr., Secretary. 2 14

FIRE ASSOCIATION
INCORPORATED MARCH 17, 1820.
OFFICE,
No. 34 NORTH FIFTH STREET,
INSURE
BUILDINGS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, AND MERCHANDISE GENERALLY
From Loss by fire (in the City of Philadelphia only)
ASSETS, JANUARY 1, 1870, $1,705,319·07.

TRUSTEES.

William H. Hamilton,	Charles P. Bower,
John Carrow,	Jesse Lightfoot,
George I. Young,	Robert Shoemaker,
Jos. R. Lyndall,	Peter Armbruster,
Levi P. Coats,	M. H. Dickinson,
Samuel Sparhawk,	Peter Williamson,
Joseph E. Schell.	

WM. H. HAMILTON, President.
SAMUEL SPARHAWK, Vice-President.
WILLIAM F. BUTLER, Secretary

FAME INSURANCE COMPANY
No. 809 CHESNUT Street.
INCORPORATED 1856. CHARTER PERPETUAL.
CAPITAL $300,000.
FIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY.
Insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire either Perpetual or Temporary Policies.

DIRECTORS.

Charles Richardson,	Robert Pearce,
William H. Rhawn,	John Kessler, Jr.,
William M. Seyfert,	Edward B. Orne,
John F. Smith,	Charles Stokes.
Nathan Hilles,	John W. Everman,
George A. West,	Mordecai Buzby.

CHARLES RICHARDSON, President.
WILLIAM H. RHAWN, Vice-President.
WILLIAMS I. BLANCHARD Secretary. 7 23

THE ENTERPRISE INSURANCE CO. OF PHILADELPHIA.
Office S. W. cor. FOURTH and WALNUT Streets.
FIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY.
PERPETUAL AND TERM POLICIES ISSUED.
CASH Capital (paid up in full) ..... $200,000·00
CASH Assets, December 1, 1870 ..... $600,383·24

DIRECTORS.

F. Ratchford Starr,	J. Livingston Erringer,
Naibro Frazier,	James L. Claghorn,
John M. Atwood,	Wm. G. Boulton,
Benj. T. Tredick,	Charles Wheeler,
George H. Stuart,	Thomas H. Montgomer
John R. Brown,	James M. Aertsen.

F. RATCHFORD STARR, President.
THOMAS H. MONTGOMERY, Vice-President.
ALEX. W. WISTER, Secretary.
JACOB E. PETERSON, Assistant Secretary.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
LONDON.
ESTABLISHED 1803.
Paid-up Capital and Accumulated Funds.
$8,000,000 IN GOLD.
PREVOST & HERRING, Agents,
4 6 No. 107 S. THIRD Street, Philadelphia.
CHAS. M. PREVOST CHAS. F. HERRING

INSURANCE.

Fire, Inland, and Marine Insurance.

INSURANCE COMPANY
OF
NORTH AMERICA,
Incorporated 1794.

CAPITAL $500,000
ASSETS January 1 1871 $3,050,536

Receipts of Premiums, '70 ..... $2,096,154
Interests from Investments, 1870 .. 137,050
$2,233,204

Losses paid in 1870 ..... $1,136,941

STATEMENT OF THE ASSETS.

First Mortgages on Philadelphia City Property	$334,950
United States Government Loans	325,932
Pennsylvania State Loans	169,310
Philadelphia City Loans	200,000
New Jersey and other State Loans and City Bonds	225,510
Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Co., other Railroad Mortgage Bonds and Loans	363,245
Philadelphia Bank and other Stocks	62,486
Cash in Bank	231,048
Loans on Collateral Security	31,434
Notes receivable and Marine Premiums unsettled	438,420
Accrued Interest and Premium in course of transmission	83,201
Real estate, Office of the Company	30,000
	$3,050,536

Certificates of Insurance issued, payable in London at the Counting House of Messrs. BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO.

ARTHUR G. COFFIN, PRESIDENT.
CHARLES PLATT, VICE-PRESIDENT.
MATTHIAS MARIS, Secretary.
C. H. REEVES, Assistant Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

ARTHUR G. COFFIN,	FRANCIS R. COPE,
SAMUEL W. JONES,	EDW. H. TROTTER,
JOHN A. BROWN,	EDW. S. CLARKE,
CHARLES TAYLOR,	T. CHARLTON HENRY,
AMBROSE WHITE,	ALFRED D. JESSUP,
WILLIAM WELSH,	LOUIS C. MADEIRA,
JOHN MASON,	CHAS. W. CUSHMAN,
GEORGE L. HARRISON,	CLEMENT A. GRISCOM
WILLIAM BROCKIE.	[1 23§

1829. CHARTER PERPETUAL. 1871.
Franklin Fire Insurance Company
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Office, Nos. 435 and 437 CHESNUT St.
Assets Jan. 1, '71, $3,087,452'35

CAPITAL ..... $400,000·00
ACCRUED SURPLUS AND PREMIUMS. 2,687,452·35

INCOME FOR 1871, $1,200,000. LOSSES PAID IN 1870, $272,891·70.

Losses Paid Since 1829 Nearly $6,000,000.

The Assets of the "FRANKLIN" are all invested in solid securities (over $2,750,000 in First Bonds and Mortgages), which are all interest bearing and dividend paying. The Company holds no Bills Receivable taken for Insurances effected.

Perpetual and Temporary Policies on Liberal Terms. The Company also issues policies upon the Rents of all kinds of Buildings, Ground Rents and Mortgages.

DIRECTORS.

Alfred G. Baker,	Alfred Fitler,
Samuel Grant,	Thomas Sparks,
George W. Richards,	William S. Grant,
Isaac Lea,	Thomas S. Ellis,
George Fales,	Gustavus S. Benson.

ALFRED G. BAKER, President.
GEORGE FALES, Vice-President.
JAMES W. McALLISTER, Secretary. [2 7t31
THEODORE M. REGER, Assistant Secretary.

THE PENNSYLVANIA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Incorporated 1825—Charter Perpetual.
No. 510 WALNUT Street, opposite Independence Square.

This Company, favorably known to the community for over forty years, continues to insure against loss or damage by fire on Public or Private Buildings, either permanently or for a limited time. Also on Furniture, Stocks of Goods, and Merchandise generally, on liberal terms.

Their Capital, together with a large Surplus Fund, is invested in the most careful manner, which enables them to offer to the insured an undoubted security in the case of loss.

DIRECTORS.

Daniel Smith, Jr.,	Thomas Smith,
Isaac Hazlehurst,	Henry Lewis,
Thomas Robins,	J. Gillingham Fell,
John Devereux,	Daniel Haddock,
Franklin A. Comly.	

DANIEL SMITH, JR., President.
WM. G. CROWELL, Secretary. 3 20

ANTHRACITE INSURANCE COMPANY.
INCORPORATED 1854.
CHARTER PERPETUAL.
Office, No. 311 WALNUT Street, between Third and Fourth streets, Philadelphia.

This Company will insure against Loss or Damage by Fire, on Buildings, Furniture, and Merchandise generally.

Also, Marine Insurance on Vessels, Cargoes, and Freights. Inland Insurance to all parts of the Union.

DIRECTORS.

William Esher,	Lewis Audenreid,
Wm. M. Baird,	John Ketcham,
John R. Blakiston,	J. E. Baum,
W. F. Dean,	John B. Heyl,
Peter Sieger,	Samuel H. Rothermel.

WILLIAM ESHER, President.
W'm. F. DEAN, Vice-President.
W. M. SMITH, Secretary. 3 1§

ENGINES, MACHINERY, ETC.

PENN STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER WORKS.—NEAFIE & LEVY, PRACTICAL AND THEORETICAL ENGINEERS, MACHINISTS, BOILER-MAKERS, BLACKSMITHS, and FOUNDERS, having for many years been in successful operation, and been exclusively engaged in building and repairing Marine and River Engines, high and low pressure, Iron Boilers, Water Tanks, Propellers, etc. etc., respectfully offer their services to the public as being fully prepared to contract for engines of all sizes, Marine, River, and Stationary; having sets of patterns of different sizes, are prepared to execute orders with quick despatch. Every description of pattern-making made at the shortest notice. High and Low Pressure Fine Tubular and Cylinder Boilers of the best Pennsylvania Charcoal Iron. Forgings of all size and kinds. Iron and Brass Castings of all descriptions. Roll Turning, Screw Cutting, and all other work connected with the above business.

Drawings and specifications for all work done the establishment free of charge, and work guaranteed.

The subscribers have ample wharf dock-room for repairs of boats, where they can lie in perfect safety, and are provided with shears, blocks, falls, etc, etc., for raising heavy or light weights.

JACOB C. NEAFIE,
JOHN P. LEVY,
8 15§ BEACH and PALMER Streets.

GIRARD TUBE WORKS AND IRON CO.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.,
Manufacture Plain and Galvanized WROUGHT-IRON PIPE
and Sundries for Gas and Steam Fitters, Plumbers Machinists, Railing Makers, Oil Refiners, etc.
WORKS,
TWENTY-THIRD AND FILBERT STREETS.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,
6 1 No. 42 N. FIFTH STREET.

COTTON SAIL DUCK AND CANVAS, OF ALL numbers and brands. Tent, Awning, Trunk and Wagon-cover Duck. Also, Paper Manufacturers' Drier Felts, from thirty to seventy-six inches, with Paulins, Belting, Sail Twine, etc.
JOHN W. EVERMAN,
No. 19 CHURCH Street (City Stores).

RAILROAD LINES.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD
Depot, THIRTEENTH and CALLOWHILL Streets.

Until further notice trains will Leave and Arrive as follows:—

TRAINS LEAVE.	A. M.	TRAINS ARRIVE.	A. M.
Read'g & Allent'n Way	7·30	Pottstown Accom.	9·15
Harrisb'g & Potts'e Ex	8·15	Read'g & Pottsv'e Ac.	10·20
Phila. & Potts'e Way Train	12·30		P. M.
	P. M.	Harrisb'g & Potts'e Ex	1·00
Harrisb'g & Potts'e Ex	3·30	Phila. & Pottsv'e W. Train	4·30
Pottstown Accomm.	4·00	Harrisbg & Potts'e Ex	7·00
Read'g & Pottsv'e Ac.	4·45	Harrisbg, Pottsville, and Allentown Ac.	9·10
ON SUNDAYS.	A. M.	ON SUNDAYS.	A. M.
To Reading	8·00	From Pottsville	12 35
	P. M.		P. M.
To Pottsville	3·15	From Reading	7·25

The Sunday trains connect with similar trains on the Perkiomen and Colebrookdale Railroads.

For Downingtown and points on Chester Valley Railroad, take 7·30 a. m., 12·30 noon, and 4 p. m.

For Schwenksville and points on Perkiomen Railroad, take 7·30 a. m. 12·30 noon, and. 4 p. m.

For Mt. Pleasant and points on Colebrookdale Railroad take 7·30 a. m. and 4·00 p. m.

N. Y. EXPRESS FOR PITTSBURG AND WEST. Trains leave New York at 9·00 a. m. and 5·00 p. m., passing Reading at 1·55 and 10·05 p. m., connecting at Harrisburg with Pennsylvania and Northern Central trains for Chicago, Cincinnati, Pittsburg, Baltimore, Williamsport, etc.

Sleeping cars accompany these trains through between Jersey City and Pittsburg without change.

Trains for New York leave Harrisburg at 3·10, 8·10, and 11·45 a. m., and 2·50 p. m.

Additional train leaves New York for Harrisburg at 12 o'clock noon.

For particulars see Guide Books, which can be obtained at No. 811 Chesnut street, and at all stations, without charge.

Season, School, Mileage, and Commutation Tickets at reduced rates to be had of S. Bradford, Treasurer, No. 227 S. Fourth street, Philadelphia, or T. A. Nicolls, General Superintendent, Reading.

STREET CARS.—The Thirteenth and Fifteenth, and Race and Vine streets, connecting with other lines, run close to the Depot.

Baggage collected and delivered by Dungan's Baggage Express. Orders left at Depot, or at No. 226 S. Fourth street.

GERMANTOWN AND NORRISTOWN BRANCH. Depot, Ninth and Green.

Trains leave for Germantown at 6, 7, 8, 8½, 9·05, 10, 11, 12 A. M.; 1, 2, 2·30, 3·15, 3·45, 4·05, 4·30, 5·05, 5·45, 6, 6·30, 7, 8, 9, 10·05, 11, 12 p. m. Leave Germantown, 6, 6·55, 7·30, 8, 8·20, 9, 9½, 10, 11, 12 a. M.; 1, 2, 3, 3·50, 4, 4·45, 5, 5·30, 6, 6·30, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 p. m. The 8·20 and 9·30 down trains, 2·30, 3·45, and 5·45 up trains, will not stop on the Germantown branch. On Sundays, leave at 9·15 a. m.; 2, 4·05, 7, 10·45 p. m. Leave Germantown, 8·15 a. m.; 1, 3, 6, 9·45 p. m.

Passengers taking the 6·55, 9 a. m., and 6·30 p. m. trains from Germantown, will make close connection with the trains for New York at Intersection Station.

CHESNUT HILL RAILROAD.—Leave at 6, 8, 10, 12 a. m.; 2·30, 3·45, 5·45, 7, 9 and 11 p. m. Leave Chesnut Hill at 7·10, 8, 9·10, 11·40 a. m.; 1·40, 3·40, 5·40, 6·40, 8·40, 10·40 p. m. On Sundays, leave 9·15 a. m.; 2 and 7 p. m. Leave Chesnut Hill at 7·50 a. m.; 12·40, 5·40, 9·25 p. m.

FOR CONSHOHOCKEN AND NORRISTOWN.—Leave at 6, 7·30, 9, 11·05 a. m.; 1·30, 3, 4, 5, 5·30, 6·15, 8·05, 10, 11·45 p. m. Leave Norristown at 5·30, 6·25, 7, 7·45, 8·50, 11 a. m.; 1·30, 3, 4·30, 6·15, 8, 9·30 p. m. On Sundays, leave at 9 a. m.; 2·30, 4, 7·30 p. m. Leave Norristown at 7 a. m.; 1, 5·30, 9 p. m.

FOR MANAYUNK.—Leave at 6, 7·30, 9, 11·05 a. m.; 1·30, 3, 4, 5, 5·30, 6·15, 8·05, 10, 11·45 p. m. Leave Manayunk at 6, 6·55, 7·30, 8·10, 9·20, 11·30 a. m.; 2, 3·30, 5, 6·45, 8·30, 10 p. m. On Sundays, leave at 9 a. m.; 2·30, 4, 7·30 p. m. Leave Manayunk at 7·30 a. m.; 1·30, 6·15, 9 30 p. m.

FOR PLYMOUTH.—Leave at 6 a. m. and 5 p. m. Leave Plymouth at 6·20 a. m. and 2·30 p. M.

The 7·45 a. m. train from Norristown will not stop at Magee's, Potts' Landing, Domino, or Schur's Lane. Passengers taking the 7·12, 9·05 a. m., and 6·30 p. m. trains from Ninth and Green streets will make close connections with the trains for New York at Intersection Station.

The 8·30 a. m., 12·30 and 5 p. m. trains from New York stop at Intersection Station. 11

1870.—FOR NEW YORK—THE CAMDEN and Amboy and Philadelphia and Trenton Railroad Companies' lines from Philadelphia to New York and Way Places.

FROM WALNUT STREET WHARF.

At 7 A. M., Mail and Accommodation, via Camden and Amboy, and at 3·30 P. M., Accommodation, via Camden and Jersey City.

At 2 and 6 P. M., for Amboy and intermediate stations.

At 7 A. M. and 3·30 P. M. for Freehold and Farmingdale.

At 7 and 10 A. M., 12 M., 2, 3·30, and 5 P. M. for Trenton.

At 7 and 10 A. M., 12 M., 2, 3·30, 5, 6, 7, and 11·30 P. M. for Bordentown, Florence, Burlington, Edgewater, Beverly, Delanco, Riverside, Riverton, and Palmyra.

At 7 and 10 A. M., 12 M., 5, 6, 7, and 11·30 P. M. for Fish House.

The 11·30 P. M. line leaves from Market Street Ferry (upper side).

FROM WEST PHILADELPHIA DEPOT.

At 7·30 and 9·45 A. M., 1·20, 3·10, 5·30, 6·45 and 12 P. M., New York Express Lines, and at 11·30 P. M., Line, via Jersey City.

At 7·30 and 9·45 A. M., 1·20, 3·10, 5·30, 6·45, and 12 P. M. for Trenton.

At 9·45 A. M. 1·20, 6·45 and 12 P. M. for Bristol.

At 12 P. M. (night) for Morrisville, Tullytown, Schenck's, Eddington, Cornwells, Torresdale, Holmesburg Junction, Tacony, Wissinoming, Bridesburg, and Frankford.

Sunday Lines leave at 9·45 A. M., 6 45 P. M., and 12 night.

FROM KENSINGTON DEPOT.

At 7·30 A. M., 2·30, 3·30, and 5 P. M. for Trenton and Bristol, and at 9·30 A. M. and 6 P. M. for Bristol.

At 7·30 A. M., 2·30, and 5 P. M. for Morrisville and Tullytown.

At 7·30 and 9·30 A. M., 2·30, 5, and 6 P. M. for Schenck's, Eddington, Cornwells, Torresdale, and Holmesburg Junction.

At 7 A. M., 12·30, 5·15, and 7·30 P. M. for Bustleton, Holmesburg, and Holmesburg Junction.

At 7 and 9·30 A. M., 12·30, 2·30, 5·15, 6, and 7·30 P. M. for Tacony, Wissinoming, Bridesburg, and Frankford.

VIA BELVIDERE DELAWARE RAILROAD.

At 7·30 A. M. for Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Dunkirk, Elmira, Rochester, Syracuse, Great Bend, Wilkesbarre, Schooley's Mountain, etc.

At 7·30 A. M. and 3·30 P. M. for Scranton, Stroudsburg, Water Gap, Belvidere, Easton, Lambertville, Flemington, etc.

At 5 P. M. for Lambertville and intermediate stations.

FROM MARKET STREET FERRY (UPPER SIDE), VIA NEW JERSEY SOUTHERN RAILROAD.

At 11 A. M. for New York, Long Branch, and intermediate places.

VIA CAMDEN AND BURLINGTON COUNTY RAILROAD.

At 6·45 and 11 A. M., 1, 2·30, 3·30, 5, and 6·30 P. M., and on Thursday and Saturday nights at 11·30 P. M. for Merchantsville, Moorestown, Hartford, Masonville, Hainesport, and Mount Holly.

At 6·45 A. M., 2·30 and 6·30 P. M. for Lumberton and Medford.

At 6·45 and 11 A. M., 3·30, 5, and 6·30 P. M. for Smithville, Ewansville, Vincentown, Birmingham, and Pemberton.

At 6·45 A. M., 1 and 3·30 P. M. for Lowistown, Wrightstown, Cookstown, New Egypt, Hornerstown, Cream Ridge, Imlaystown, Sharon, and Hightstown.

Dec. 12, 1870. WM. H. GATZMER, Agent.

WEST CHESTER AND PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, October 17, 1870, Trains will leave and arrive at the Depot, THIRTY-FIRST and CHESNUT Streets, as follows:—

FROM PHILADELPHIA

For West Chester at 7·45 and 11·20 A. M., 2·30, 6·15, and 11·30 P. M. Stops at all stations.

For West Chester at 4·40 P. M. This train stops only at stations between Media and West Chester (Greenwood excepted).

For B. C. Junction at 4·10 P. M. Stops at all stations.

FOR PHILADELPHIA

From West Chester at 6·30 and 10·45 A. M., 1·55, 4·55, and 6·55 P. M. Stops at all stations.

From West Chester at 7·55 A. M. This train stops only at stations between West Chester and Media (Greenwood excepted).

From B. C. Junction at 8·40 A. M. Stops at all stations.

ON SUNDAY.—Leave Philadelphia at 8·30 A. M. and 2 P. M. Leave West Chester at 7·55 A. M. and 4 P. M.

10 14 W. C. WHEELER, Superintendent.

WEST JERSEY RAILROADS.
FALL AND WINTER ARRANGEMENT, COMMENCING MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1870.

Trains will leave Philadelphia as follows:—From foot of Market street (upper ferry),

8·15 A. M., Passenger for Bridgeton, Salem, Swedesboro, Vineland, Millville, and way stations.

11·45 A. M., Woodbury Accommodation.

3·15 P. M., Passenger for Cape May, Millville, and way stations below Glassboro.

3·30 P. M., Passenger for Bridgeton, Salem, Swedesboro, and way stations.

5·30 P. M., Accommodation for Woodbury, Glassboro, Clayton, Swedesboro, and intermediate stations.

Freight Train leaves Camden daily, at 12 M.

WILLIAM J SEWELL, Superintendent

RAILROAD LINES.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.

AFTER 8 P. M., SUNDAY, JANUARY 1, 1870.

The trains of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad leave the Depot, at THIRTY-FIRST and MARKET Streets, which is reached directly by the Market street cars, the last car connecting with each train leaving Front and Market streets thirty minutes before its departure. The Chesnut and Walnut streets cars run within one square of the Depot.

Sleeping-car tickets can be had on application at the Ticket Office, N. W. corner Ninth and Chesnut streets, and at the Depot.

Agents of the Union Transfer Company will call for and deliver baggage at the depot. Orders left at No. 901 Chesnut street, or No. 116 Market street, will receive attention.

TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT.

Pittsburg Express	12·11 A. M.
Mail Train	8·30 A. M.
Lock Haven and Elmira Express	9·40 A. M.
Paoli Accommodation, 10·10 A.M. & 1·10 and 7·10	P.M.
Fast Line	12·40 P. M.
Erie Express	12·40 P. M.
Harrisburg Accommodation	2·30 P. M.
Lancaster Accommodation	4·10 P. M.
Parkesburg Train	5·30 P. M.
Cincinnati Express	9·00 P. M.
Erie Mail and Buffalo Express	9·50 P. M.
Pacific Express	10·10 P. M.
Paoli Accommodation, No. 4	11·10 P. M.

Erie Mail leaves daily, running on Saturday night to Williamsport only. On Sunday night passengers will leave Philadelphia at 10·10 P. M.

Cincinnati and Pacific Express leaves daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

The Western Accommodation Train runs daily, except Sunday. For this train tickets must be procured and baggage delivered by 5 P. M. at No. 116 Market street.

Sunday Train No. 1 leaves Philadelphia at 8·40 A. M.; arrives at Paoli at 9·40 A. M. Sunday Train No. 2 leaves Philadelphia at 6·40 P. M.; arrives at Paoli at 7·40 P. M.

Sunday Train No. 1 leaves Paoli at 6·30 A. M.; arrives at Philadelphia at 8·10 A. M. Sunday Train No. 2 leaves Paoli at 4·50 P. M.; arrives at Philadelphia at 6·20.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT DEPOT.

Cincinnati Express	8·10 A. M.
Philadelphia Express	7·00 A. M.
Erie Mail	7·00 A. M.
Paoli Accommodat'n, 6·30 A. M. & 3·50 &	6·40 P. M.
Parkesburg Train	9·00 A. M.
Fast Line and Buffalo Express	9·50 A. M.
Lancaster Train	12·20 P. M.
Erie Express	5·45 P. M.
Lock Haven and Elmira Express	5·45 P. M.
Pacific Express	3·25 P. M.
Southern Express	5·45 P. M.
Harrisburg Accommodation	9·40 P. M.
Paoli Accommodation, No. 4	10·50 P. M.

For further information apply to
JOHN F. VANLEER, Jr., Ticket Agent.
No. 901 CHESNUT Street.
FRANCIS FUNK, Ticket Agent.
No. 116 MARKET Street.
SAMUEL H. WALLACE,
Ticket Agent at the Depot.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for Wearing Apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding that amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.

A. J. CASSATT,
4 29 General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

PHILADELPHIA, WILMINGTON, AND BALTIMORE RAILROAD.—TIME TABLE.

COMMENCING MONDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1870, Trains will leave Depot, corner of Broad street and Washington avenue, as follows:—

Way Mail Train at 8·30 A. M. (Sundays excepted), for Baltimore, stopping at all regular stations. Connecting at Wilmington with Delaware Railroad Line, at Clayton with Smyrna Branch Railroad and Maryland and Delaware Railroad, at Harrington with Junction and Breakwater Railroad, at Seaford with Dorchester and Delaware Railroad, at Delmar with Eastern Shore Railroad, and at Salisbury with Wicomico and Pocomoke Railroad.

Express Train at 11·45 A. M. (Sundays excepted), for Baltimore and Washington, stopping at Wilmington, Perryville, and Havre-de-Grace. Connects at Wilmington with train for New Castle.

Express Train at 4 P. M. (Sundays excepted), for Baltimore and Washington, stopping at Chester, Thurlow, Linwood, Claymont, Wilmington, Newport, Stanton, Newark, Elkton, North East, Charlestown, Perryville, Havre-de-Grace, Aberdeen, Perryman's, Edgewood, Magnolia, Chase's and Stemmer's Run.

Night Express at 11·30 P. M. (Daily), for Baltimore and Washington, stopping at Chester, Linwood, Claymont, Wilmington, Newark, Elkton, North East, Perryville, Havre-de-Grace, Perryman's, and Magnolia.

Passengers for Fortress Monroe and Norfolk will take the 11·45 A. M. train.

WILMINGTON TRAINS.

Stopping at all stations between Philadelphia and Wilmington.

Leave Philadelphia at 11·00 A. M., 2·30, 5·00, and 7·00 P. M. The 5·00 P. M. train connects with Delaware Railroad for Milford and intermediate stations.

Leave Wilmington 6·45 and 8·10 A. M., 2·00, 4·00, and 7·15 P. M. The 8·10 A. M. train will not stop between Chester and Philadelphia. The 7·15 P. M. train from Wilmington runs Daily; all other accommodation trains Sundays excepted.

Trains leaving Wilmington at 6·45 A. M. and 4·00 P. M. will connect at Lamokin Junction with the 7·00 A. M. and 4·30 P. M. trains for Baltimore Central Railroad.

From Baltimore to Philadelphia.—Leave Baltimore 7·25 A. M., Way Mail; 9·35 A. M., Express; 2·35 P. M., Express; 7·25 P. M., Express.

SUNDAY TRAIN FROM BALTIMORE.

Leaves Baltimore at 7·25 P. M., stopping at Magnolia, Perryman's, Aberdeen, Havre-de-Grace, Perryville, Charlestown, North East, Elkton, Newark, Stanton, Newport, Wilmington, Claymont, Linwood, and Chester.

Through tickets to all points West, South, and Southwest may be procured at ticket office, No. 828 Chesnut street, under Continental Hotel, where also State Rooms and Berths in Sleeping Cars can be secured during the day. Persons purchasing tickets at this office can have baggage checked at their residence by the Union Transfer Company.

H. F. KENNEY, Superintendent.

THE PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE CENTRAL RAILROAD.—CHANGE OF HOURS.

On and after MONDAY, October 3, 1870, trains will run as follows:—Leave Philadelphia from depot of P. W. & B. R. R., corner Broad street and Washington avenue:—

For Port Deposit at 7 A. M. and 4·30 P. M.

For Oxford at 7 A. M., 4·30 P. M., and 7 P. M.

For Oxford Wednesdays and Saturdays only at 2·30 P. M.

For Chadd's Ford and Chester Creek Railroad at 7 A. M., 10 A. M., 4·30 P. M., and 7 P. M. Wednesdays and Saturdays only 2·30 P. M.

Train leaving Philadelphia at 7 A. M. connects at Port Deposit with train for Baltimore.

Trains leaving Philadelphia at 7 A. M. and 4·30 P. M. connect at Chadd's Ford Junction with the Wilmington and Reading Railroad.

Trains for Philadelphia leave Port Deposit at 9·25 A. M. and 4·25 P. M., on arrival of trains from Baltimore.

Oxford at 6·05 A. M., 10·35 A. M. and 5·30 P. M. Sundays at 5·30 P. M. only.

Chadd's Ford at 7·25 A. M., 11·58 A. M., 3·55 P. M., and 6·49 P. M. Sundays 6·49 P. M. only.

Passengers are allowed to take wearing apparel only as baggage, and the company will not in any case be responsible for an amount exceeding one hundred dollars, unless special contract is made for the same.

HENRY WOOD,
10 3 General Superintendent.

PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD.—The trains on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad will run as follows from the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, West Philadelphia:—

WESTWARD.

MAIL TRAIN	leaves Philadelphia	9·40 P. M.
"	" Williamsport	7·25 A. M.
"	arrives at Erie	7·40 P. M.
ERIE EXPRESS	leaves Philadelphia	12·20 A. M.
"	" Williamsport	8·50 P. M.
"	arrives at Erie	7·40 A. M.
ELMIRA MAIL	leaves Philadelphia	9·30 A. M.
"	" Williamsport	6·35 P. M.
"	arrives at Lock Haven	7·50 P. M.

EASTWARD.

MAIL TRAIN	leaves Erie	9·00 A. M.
"	" Williamsport	10·05 P. M.
"	arrives at Philadelphia	6·50 A. M.
ERIE EXPRESS	leaves Erie	9·00 P. M.
"	" Williamsport	8·25 A. M.
"	arrives at Philadelphia	5·30 P. M.
ELMIRA MAIL	leaves Lock Haven	8·15 A. M.
"	" Williamsport	9·25 A. M.
"	arrives at Philadelphia	5·30 P. M.
BUFFALO EXP.	leaves Williamsport	12·35 A. M.
"	" Sunbury	2·20 A. M.
"	arrives at Philadelphia	9·40 A. M.

Express, Mail, and Accommodation, east and West, connect at Corry, and all west bound trains and Mail and Accommodation east at Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny River Railroad.

W. A. BALDWIN, General Superintendent.

RAILROAD LINES.

NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—THE SHORT MIDDLE ROUTE TO THE LEHIGH AND WYOMING VALLEYS, NORTHERN PENNSYLVANIA, SOUTHERN AND INTERIOR NEW YORK, BUFFALO, CORRY, ROCHESTER, THE GREAT LAKES, AND THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
Takes effect December 19, 1870.

Fifteen Daily Trains leave Passenger Depot, corner of Berks and American streets (Sundays excepted), as follows:—

7·00 A. M. (Accommodation) for Fort Washington.

At 7·35 A.M. (Express), for Bethlehem, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Williamsport, Mahanoy City, Hazleton, Pittston, Towanda, Waverley, Elmira, and in connection with the ERIE RAILWAY for Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Rochester, Cleveland, Chicago, San Francisco, and all points in the Great West.

8·25 A. M. (Accommodation) for Doylestown.

9·45 A. M. (Express) for Bethlehem, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Mahanoy City, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Scranton, Hackettstown, Schooley's Mountain, and N. J. Central and Morris and Essex Railroads.

11 A. M. (Accommodation) for Fort Washington

1·15 and 6·20 and 8 18 P. M., for Abington.

1·45 P. M. (Express) for Bethlehem, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Mahanoy City, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, and Hazleton.

2·30 P. M. (Accommodation) for Doylestown.

At 3·20 P. M. (Bethlehem Accommodation) for Bethlehem

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

THE COAL TRADE.

The Union of the Bituminous and Anthracite Coal Miners—Further Trouble Ahead—The Bituminous Trade—The Coal Question in the Legislature—The Complete Tonnage for the Week, Etc.

At a meeting of representatives from the anthracite and bituminous coal fields of Pennsylvania, which commenced yesterday at Johnstown, a union of the trade associations of the two regions was effected. This end has been looked forward to for some time by the anthracite miners, but what the meaning of it is remains to be seen. If it be only an enlargement of the jurisdiction of the W. B. A., the bituminous miners uniting in fellowship under conditions, the public can afford to let the action go unrebuked for the present, awaiting the time when trouble is occasioned by the coalition to raise a cry against it. But if the union has been formed with the understanding that the immense bituminous coal fields are to be governed by the same corrupt form of government and under the same conditions as the anthracite, then it is now time to expose the move, and in every possible way hold up the members of both associations to the strongest condemnation of the people. From the rumors at present in circulation, the latter appears to be the end in view, and it is reported that the bituminous miners are soon to unite in a general strike for the purpose of producing a complete famine of all kinds of fuel. While this is not so frightful as it seems, because we cannot believe that any considerable number of the innumerable Western miners will be such fools as to cut off their own heads for the benefit of their far-distant and unknown Eastern brethren, for which act of self-sacrifice they would not receive the slightest return in any way, yet the bare possibility of such a thing demands the most earnest and decisive action. A mere peaceable combination of all miners for their own mutual interests can be borne, but when it comes to an immense union for the express sinister purpose of depriving the consumer entirely of a necessary of life as important as daily bread, or at the best, the doling out of the commodity in quantities and at prices most agreeable to those in the union, it should not be submitted to tamely. The anthracite union is bad enough, so bad, in fact, that its utter ruin would be the best thing that could happen, both to its members and to all who have ever had anything to do with it. But the formation of a more extended absolute monarchy, under our very eyes, and under the protection of a republican government, should be opposed at every point and in every possible way, by every man who has the best interests of the country at heart. If we let these things go on, the final act will be not only bloodshed, but bloody war itself, for questions concerning the necessaries of life affect every one, and when brought to an issue, those wronged will bear no trifling.

The bituminous trade is largely increasing by reason of the strike, and the leaders see that they can do nothing unless this also is stopped. In the event of their move being unsuccessful, the only effect of the lengthened suspension will be a great reduction in the demand and the annihilation of the natural rate of increase in the production for some time to come.

Many iron furnaces and manufactories are being altered so as to burn bituminous, though the anthracite is preferred, and this change once made will not be altered again in a hurry. Many other consumers, also, who can use either anthracite or bituminous, declare their intention of using only the less desirable of the two fuels until there is some assurance that the anthracite trade is on a much surer basis. The Pennsylvania Road is now bringing large quantities of bituminous direct from the Western fields, and semi-bituminous from Baltimore and Western Maryland is coming in fast by all the routes.

The Senate Committee of the State Legislature on the coal troubles is busy taking testimony in the matter. It is, however, only a prolongation of the trouble to submit it to such arbiters as these. They will not make a report for some time, and when they do, a bill, if any is prepared, will be delayed before being presented. Then it will be considered in the House, where it will probably be passed as a sort of sop to Cerberus, but when it comes to the Senate it will be surely killed and the miners will have all their trouble for nothing.

The principal railroad companies cannot be touched, at all events, because they have not transgressed their charters, and if they had they are by far the most powerful with legislature, men. As it is, they have fully as many of their agents in Harrisburg now as have the miners, so as to save unnecessary trouble. Both parties during the week have been busily besieging the members of the committee. Arbitration between the parties concerned themselves, without reference to any legal or judicial body, which is the shortest mode of settlement, hangs fire as yet from want of action by the miners.

The following is the complete summary of the trade for the past week as reported for the Pottsville *Miners' Journal* of to-day:—

	1870. WEEK.	1870. TOTAL.	1871. WEEK.	1871. TOTAL.	INC. & DEC.
Anthracite.					
P. & R. R....	36,088	640,865	16,358	506,127	d134,738
Sch. Canal...		25,228		24,374	d 854
L. Val R.R.&.	35,355	631,390	10,809	366,828	d264,562
L. V.R.R.Nth			52	34,161	34,161
L. Canal....					
L. Nav. R. R.	8,149	148,249	1,646	8,149	d140,100
Scr'ton Sth	32,084	507,810			
do Nth	11,532	121,421			
Pa. Coal Co.	17,650	172,546	218	3,009	d169,537
Pa. Canal..					d 32,597
D. & H. Cal.					
D. & H. R. R.	8,724	93,775		48,333	d 45,443
do. do. W	2,063	19,227		12,721	d 6,506
do. do. S.	8,061	32,597			
Wyoming Nh.	3,363	51,749	12,749	81,497	29,748
Shamokin....					
Treverton....					
Big Lick Col.			718	18,224	
Lykens V. Co.		249		10,042	9,793
Williamston.		28,407	4,886	14,680	d 13,727
	173,089	2,283,513	56,916	1,133,145	
	56,916	1,133,145			
	116,173	1,150,368			
Bituminous.					
Broad Top....	6,427	40,998	7,196	49,022	8,024
B. & O. R. R.	9,556	85,216	22,511	107,151	21,934
Ches. & O. Ca.					
	15,983	126,214	29,707	154,173	
Tot'l, all kind	189,072	2,409,727	86,623	1,289,318	
	86,633	1,289,318			
	102,439	1,120,409			

The *Journal* remarks:—

"There are still at least 16,000 tons on hand at Port Richmond, and on all the cargoes shipped to New York to take advantage of the prices ruling there, the shippers, with only a single exception or so, have experienced heavy losses. From the highest point coal has fallen four dollars a ton, so we were informed by a dealer yesterday, and all are anxious to sell. Bituminous coal is also arriving in largely increased quantities from Baltimore, where the supply was nearly doubled over that of last year, within a couple of weeks. The Chesapeake and Ohio Canal is also navigable, and upwards of 40 cargoes have been shipped and vessels despatched to Alexandria to carry it to New York on its arrival.

Large contracts are being made for bituminous coal at low rates by manufacturers and steam lines for the season. In Boston they have ample coal to last until May, and if the trade is not more brisk than it is now, some of the dealers will have stocks to last until July. Throughout all the New England towns the supply of coal seems to be ample, as all are practising strict economy and diminishing the number of fires."

"For every week the resumption of the anthracite trade is delayed will the price of coal recede from 5 to 10 cents a ton. This will arise from the lessened consumption caused by the high prices prevailing in the markets for anthracite; from the economy practised in its use; and also from the stoppage of those works which use only anthracite and which, in the present state of trade, prefer stopping to going on and paying these high prices. Another reason is the increased consumption of bituminous coal, caused entirely by the uncertainty of procuring a regular supply of anthracite at fair prices, while contracts can be made for bituminous coal throughout the whole season at low rates; and if the duty should be removed on foreign coal, at extremely low rates."

SPIRITED.—A spiritualist who has been four days in his coffin awaiting burial, and who is, therefore, considered as good as any other dead-beat in his profession, will hold forth to-morrow evening for the benefit of the cause.

FOR SALES OF REAL ESTATE, STOCKS, LOANS, FURNITURE, etc., see Thomas & Sons' advertisements.

A "SUPE'S" TROUBLES.

One of the Roman Soldiers of the Stage in Durance Vile.

The ambitious young men who play the highly tragic *role* of "supe" in our theatres, upon whom is foisted all the drudgery of the stage, who occasionally with ill-fitting clothes that make their proverbial awkwardness all the more conspicuous, serve their mimic lords with diluted wines; or, armed *cap-a-pie*, with trembling limbs march in and out before the wonder-stricken audience, and eventually are stabbed under the armpits and die temporarily, have the misfortune of being the worst paid and hardest worked people who serve, in their way, to entertain the public.

Such an one was Charles Howard, eighteen years of age, who was employed as a supernumerary at the Arch Street Theatre. As his salary at this business was not sufficient to meet his wants, he became, on the 4th of February last, an errand boy in Adams' Express Company's office, No. 322 Chesnut street. But even with this addition to his weekly stipend, disappointed in not having enough, he resorted to pilfering. On the 9th of February he stole a gold watch valued at $100, which he carried to a pawnbroker's, presenting at the same time to the inquisitive Abraham this fictitious note:—

"This is to authorize the bearer to raise some money on this watch—about $30. I am sick, and in want of funds. I would be able to redeem it in May. H. J. G. NEWMULLER,
"No. 723 South Tenth street."

This satisfied Abraham, and he handed over $25. Last night ex-Detective Levy, who had been engaged by the company, arrested Howard at the Arch Street Theatre. He was taken to Alderman Smith's, and having confessed to the theft and the writing of the note, was held in $1200 to answer.

THE MORTALITY OF THE CITY.—The number of deaths in the city for the week ending at noon to-day was 238, being an increase of 59 over those of last week and a decrease of 77 from the corresponding period of last year. Of these 135 were adults and 103 minors. 167 were people of the United States, and 59 were foreigners. 8 were people of color. 14 were from the country. The principal causes of death were:—Consumption of the lungs, 48; disease of the heart, 7; marasmus, 8; old age, 9; typhoid fever, 7; convulsions, 16; inflammation of the lungs, 22; debility, 15; scarlet fever, 9; congestion of the brain, 2.

The deaths were divided as follows among the different wards:—

Wards.		*Wards.*	
First	9	Seventeenth	6
Second	11	Eighteenth	15
Third	13	Nineteenth	12
Fourth	13	Twentieth	21
Fifth	6	Twenty-first	3
Sixth	5	Twenty-second	6
Seventh	13	Twenty-third	9
Eighth	7	Twenty-fourth	11
Ninth	5	Twenty-fifth	6
Tenth	3	Twenty-sixth	6
Eleventh	2	Twenty-seventh	10
Twelfth	4	Twenty-eighth	1
Thirteenth	3	Unknown	14
Fourteenth	4		
Fifteenth	13	Total	238
Sixteenth	7		

SUPPOSED ABDUCTION OF A BOY.—Yesterday afternoon a man on Broad street, near Pearl, stopped a lad, aged thirteen years, named Thos. McElwee, and asked him would he like to go and work on a farm. The boy answered that he would like to go, and the man said he would take two boys if he could get them. McElwee then went with the man to Pearl street, where another boy was met named Robert Smith. After some conversation the man, accompanied by the two boys, proceeded to the Baltimore depot, when the man took Smith, who is twelve years of age, in the cars, saying he was going to take him to Delaware county, and he promised to return to the city next Monday and take McElwee. Young Smith's parents are in a very distressed condition over the kidnapping of their son.

The last has light hair, wears a blace Kossuth hat, light colored jacket, dark blue pants, and a red and white woollen shirt. His residence is at No. 1524 Pearl street.

RING 'EM IN.—The Washington Square property-owners advertise in a morning paper for all who wish the new public buildings made a complete botch, to "sign the petition to abolish the Public Buildings Commission, the only commission appointed by the Legislature on the importunity of self-constituted borers, with vast and vague powers and unlimited tenure of office. Sign to abolish this usurping commission, and thereby restore to the city her lost rights."

MASONIC LODGE CONSTITUTED.—The Right Worshipful Grand Lodge A. Y. M., Robert A. Lamberton, R. W. G. M., to-day at noon constituted Excelsior Lodge, No. 491, at the Masonic Temple on Chesnut street.

The usual ceremonies took place, accompanied by an orchestra under the direction o Brother George Ford. The officers are:—W. M., William R. Nichols; S. W., Isaac Muff J. W., John L. Benzon; Treasurer, Samuel Lee; Secretary, H. B. Lesinger.

DEATH FROM HEART DISEASE.—Mrs. Mary Bassett, the widow of the late Colonel Bassett, died suddenly this morning in Dr. Kilduff's drug store, at the southeast corner of Sixth and Shippen streets. She was returning from market, and was on the corner waiting for a car, when she suddenly reeled and fell. On being removed into the store, she died almost immediately. The cause of her death was heart disease and congestion of the lungs. The deceased was removed to her residence, No. 639 Washington avenue.

DISORDERLY FIREMEN.—James McCue and Jackson Mehang were arrested on Thursday afternoon last, while in the act of drawing across the Wire Bridge the carriage of the Union Hose Company, on Bridge street, West Philadelphia. Officer Kelly, of the Sixteenth district, made the arrest. The accused were placed under $500 bail each by Alderman Randall.

ROBBERY AND INCENDIARISM.—The residence of Mr. Ash, No. 417 Spruce street, was entered by thieves at 2 o'clock this morning and $50 worth of silverware carried off. Not content with this, the scoundrels kindled a fire under the kitchen stairs. The fire was discovered and extinguished by Officers Ford and McGowan, of the Third district. The loss will be about $50.

DISORDERLY HOUSE.—A house of ill fame kept by a Mrs. Dunn, on Fifth street, above Thompson, was invaded last night at 11 o'clock by Lieutenant Clarke, of the Tenth district, who took with him a squad of men and arrested six females, all of whom have been placed under bail by Alderman Burns.

THE CASE OF PERCY B. SPEAR.—Percy B. Spear was before Judge Cadwalader this morning on a motion for a new trial, which the Judge refused. Counsel for defendant then asked that sentence be deferred two weeks. This was refused also, but his Honor consented to hold the matter over one week.

BEAT A POLICEMAN.—Hugh McNeill, one of the "Gut" gang, attacked Policeman Rogers yesterday, at Twenty-third and Market streets. The officer arrested him, and Alderman Burns held him in $600 bail.

THE "STAR" COURSE OF LECTURES.—On Monday next, at the Academy of Music, M. A. Miner Griswold (the Fat Contributor) will discourse upon "Injin Meal." A very entertaining lecture may be expected.

FELL INTO THE RIVER.—Christopher Bloomhart fell off Willow street wharf into the Delaware at 2 o'clock this morning, but was rescued by Officers King and Milligan, of the Seventh district police.

WINDOW SMASHER.—Early this morning, Officer Murphy, of the Sixth district, came across James Bowen, who was drunk and engaged in smashing windows in Race street below Twenty-second.

DANGEROUS.—Washington Smith, who was shot on Wednesday night last, was in a very weak condition this morning, and his friends despair of his recovery.

MILLIKEN'S LINEN STORES,

1128 CHESNUT Street and 828 ARCH Street.

THE BEST SHIRT BOSOMS.

Our Shirt Bosoms are celebrated for the superior style in which they are made, and for great durability.

Linen Shirt Bosoms at all prices from 25 cents up.

MILLIKEN'S GOLDEN-FLAX LINENS,

Undoubtedly the best and cheapest Linens in the market. A full line now open.

Richardson's Housewife Linens. Medium Linens.
Light Medium Linens for Ladies. Fine Bosom Linens.

LOWER PRICES FOR LINENS.

We are pleased to announce to our customers that

We have made a

Great Reduction from Last Season's Prices.

A STRUGGLE WITH A RUFFIAN AND A RUFFIAN'S FAMILY.—Some three weeks ago, a notorious rough named George Young beat a drover at the West Philadelphia Drove Yard. A warrant for his arrest was issued, but so adroit was Young that he persistently eluded capture. Yesterday afternoon, Lieutenant Smith, of the Sixteenth district, had good reason to believe that Young was in the house of his mother, on Forty-first street, near the Pennsylvania Railroad, and he despatched Officers Hoopes, Cochrane, and McFarland to make the arrest. Officer Hoopes demanded admittance to the house, which was complied with by Young's mother. The other two policemen remained outside. As soon as Hoopes had entered the house the doors were locked, and Young and a brother, assisted by the mother, made an assault on him with clubs, etc. A tussle ensued, and the officer, being a powerful man, succeeded in keeping his assailants at bay. Finally, he drew his revolver, and frightened off the mother and brother, and then had a desperate struggle with Young. The two officers outside hearing the noise, broke in the doors, and rendered assistance in securing the ruffian, who fought like a tiger all the way to the station house. He had eventually to be tied with a rope. Alderman Randall sent him to prison in default of bail. It is said that he is a terror to the neighborhood, and the people would not grieve much if he never comes back again.

COUNTRY SEAT AND FARM FOR SALE.—50 or 100 acres, Bristol pike, above the 7-mile stone, and near Tacony. Mansion house and small dwelling to let. Apply on premises, or No. 610 LOCUST Street. 1t*

GERMANTOWN.—TWO DESIRABLE Houses to rent, handsomely and completely furnished; one for the year and one for the summer. Also, several properties for sale. Apply to WILLIAM H. BACON, No. 317 WALNUT Street.
3 18 6t*

DRY GOODS.

A SPECIALTY.

SILK CHAIN

TAMISE GRENADINE

at $1,

50 PER CENT. UNDER GOLD COST.

A NEW AND HANDSOME MATERIAL.

ELY, HUNSBERGER & ELY,

No. 1126 CHESNUT Street,

3 18 2t PHILADELPHIA.

EYRE

AND

LANDELL,

ARCH & FOURTH Sts.

NEW SILKS,
NEW SHAWLS,
NEW LACES,
NEW JAPANESE.

1 27 mwssmrp

CHEAP RELIABLE ONE-PRICE STORE.

Special Announcement.

It gives me great pleasure to inform the ladies that I have just opened a superior stock of

Lyons Black Silks

For the spring of 1871, from the lowest to the best grades. Unsurpassed for color, cheapness, and durability.

It will be my constant aim, at all times, to be under the market price.

We have no American Silks.

ALSO,

Dress Goods for Spring.

2 cases of Silk Serge for Suits, 75c., cheap at $1.
2 cases of Black Mohair, superior goods,

Much Under Price.

Spring Poplins for Suits, from 31 to 75c.
1 case Serge Plaids, beautiful quality, only 25c.
Plaids at all prices for Suits.
A full line of Silk Rolled Poplins for Suits. A full line of Japanese Silks, plain, plaid, and stripe, or in Dress Patterns, at our usual low prices.
All the above at

GEORGE D. WISHAM'S,

3 11s 12t8p No. 7 North EIGHTH Street.

Our motto:—Small Profits and Quick Sales.

NEW DIMITY BANDS, SCARCE AND DESIRABLE, at low prices.
IMITATION VALENCIENNES EDGING.
Will open to-day, one lot 1185 dozen. One lot 429 dozen, together 1614 dozen, 19,368 yards at 30 cents a dozen, are job goods and under importer's regular prices.
TWO YARDS WIDE FRENCH MUSLIN.
Will open to-day 50 pieces, at 50 cents a yard; same quality has been considered cheap at 60 cents.
RING SPOT NET VEILS.
Will open to-day this desirable net, closely resembling Thread Net, only $1·15 a yard.
NEW REAL GUIPURE LACES.
Now opening, a few job lots, and very cheap.
NOTTINGHAM LACE, FOR CURTAINS.
We invite especial attention to the 50 cent Net. A very large New York importer (true of the man and his stock) is selling the same goods freely at 32 cents. Can furnish 1000 yards of this pattern.
NEW NOTTINGHAM PILLOW-LACES.
An assorted case, among them the desirable
BIRD LACE,
by the yard at importers' prices.
FRENCH FINISH SKIRT-LINING,
in White, Black and Plain, or Mode Color, at
WORNE'S
LACE, EMBROIDERY AND WHITE GOODS STORE,
NO. 38 NORTH EIGHTH STREET. 1t*

JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.

1124 CHESNUT STREET. **1124**

ROBBINS, CLARK & BIDDLE:

GORHAM SILVER

GORHAM SILVER

GORHAM SILVER

ROBBINS, CLARK & BIDDLE.

3 13 ws 4t

OPENED TO-DAY,

A LARGE INVOICE OF

Vienna Fancy Goods,

Just received per steamer Westphalia.

J. E. CALDWELL & CO.,

JEWELLERS,

No. 902 CHESNUT Street,

3 18 stuth3 PHILADELPHIA.

THE MILTON GOLD JEWELRY COMPANY have concluded to make their headquarters at CUTTER'S, No. 712 CHESNUT Street, the old and well-known Dollar Store.

THE MILTON
GOLD JEWELRY
ANSWERS EVERY PURPOSE OF PURE GOLD, EXCEPT IN VALUE.

THE COMPANY GUARANTEE THEIR GOODS TO
WEAR THE SAME AS GOLD,
and always to retain their color, and stand the test of the strongest acids.
THEY DEFY EVEN THE BEST JEWELLERS IN AMERICA TO TELL THEIR GOODS FROM GOLD IN ANY OTHER WAY EXCEPT BY WEIGHT.
THE ONE DOLLAR STORE,
No. 712 CHESNUT STREET,
the Company have rented temporarily, for the purpose of introducing their goods in America.
They will OPEN
MONDAY, MARCH 20.
The Agent in America for the Milton Gold Jewelry will adopt
THE POPULAR
ONE DOLLAR PLAN
for the sale of these Goods, in order to bring them at once within the reach of all classes.
The Milton Gold Jewelry within the last year has had an immense sale in England and France, and is worn by the aristocracy and nobility of Europe, and is fast taking the place of Gold Jewelry that has heretofore been worn.
The goods are of the most elegant patterns, and of the very latest styles. Some of them are beautifully chased, engraved, enamelled, etc.
The assortment comprises all articles of Jewelry—Bracelets, Sets, Ladies' and Gents' Pins, Rings, Seals, Lockets, Pencils, Sleeve Buttons, Shirt Studs, Chains, etc.
THE MILTON GOLD JEWELRY
was sold for four years in London by many of the leading jewellers of that city for pure gold before the secret was discovered. These goods so closely resemble the genuine that the English Government enacted a law making it a criminal offense to sell this jewelry unless it was marked on the cards or tags "Milton Gold," so that purchasers could not be deceived in reference to what they were buying.
There is now a large amount of spurious English coin in circulation, made of the Milton Gold. The only means by which it can be detected is by weight, so it can be seen from this fact that the article must be an exact imitation.
We request our American friends to come and examine our goods. We feel satisfied that they will give the same satisfaction in the United States that they have given in England and France.
THE CHOICE OF
ANY ARTICLE FOR ONE DOLLAR.
SHOP, No. 712 CHESNUT Street,
Will open on MONDAY, March 20.
Respectfully,
3 18 2t MILTON GOLD JEWELRY CO.

GROCERIES, ETC.

ENGLISH AND SCOTCH ALES AND BROWN STOUT.

Just received, a fresh invoice of Guinness' Extra Dublin Stout, Tennant's English Ale and Brown Stout, Robert Younger's Sparkling Edinburgh Ale, Bass & Co.'s East India Pale Ale, Allsopp's Pale Ale, in stone and glass, all in fine order, our own importation.

A full line of choice and desirable FAMILY GROCERIES.

WILLIAM KELLEY,

N. W. Corner TWELFTH Street and GIRARD Avenue,

11 10 thstu5 PHILADELPHIA.

COOPER & CONARD

Just opened, several large lots

BLACK SILKS.

Especial Great Bargains, at $1, $1·25, $1·50 and $2 per yard.

EXTRA WIDE SILK POPLINS, $1.
EXTRA WIDE SILK POPLINS, $1·25.
SILK POPLINS, 75c.
SILK POPLINS, 88c.
SILK ALEPODRAS.
SILK GRISELLES.
JAPANESE SILKS.
100 PERCALE ROBES.
JAPANESE ROBES.
SPRING POPLINS.
BLACK MOHAIR.
CHEAP ALPACAS.
MOURNING GOODS.
LADIES' OVERSKIRTS.
LADIES' SUITS.
LADIES' UNDERWEAR.
LADIES' SHAWLS.
LADIES' SACQUES.
LADIES' W. P. CLOAKS.
GENTS' CASSIMERES.
BOYS' CASSIMERES.
FINE COATINGS.
GOOD VESTINGS.
UNRIVALLED STOCK.
FAIR DEALING.
BEST QUALITY GOODS.
LOWEST PRICES.

An inspection only is needed to convince every one that our stock is always fresh and full; that we keep nothing but reliable goods; and that while many are higher elsewhere, none are cheaper.

COOPER & CONARD

S. E. CORNER NINTH AND MARKET STREETS.

FIRST SPRING OPENING
OF
CARPETINGS,

Thursday, March 16.

We respectfully extend an invitation to visit us and examine all the new and latest styles of

CARPETINGS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, Etc.,

Which we have just opened, and which we will offer at the

Very Lowest Cash Prices.

PEABODY & WESTON,

CARPET HOUSE,

No. 723 CHESNUT Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.—ESTATE OF WILLIAM HARPER, deceased.—Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers. On Tuesday, April 18, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, the following described property, viz.:—

No. 1. Valuable Business Location, three-story brick dwelling, with side yard, No. 921 Passyunk avenue, corner of Marriott street, two fronts, 45¼ feet front. All that modern and substantially built three-story brick messuage, with three-story back buildings and lot of ground, situate at the northeast corner of Passyunk avenue and Marriott street; the lot containing in front on Passyunk avenue 45 feet 8 inches, and extending in depth along Marriott street 112 feet ½ of an inch, and on the other line 93 feet 6¼ inches. The house is 22 feet 9 inches front on Passyunk avenue; built of first quality materials and workmanship, with handsome side garden, filled with choice fruit trees, grape vines, and flowers. Corner lot 22 feet 11 inches, fronting on Passyunk avenue, and extending along Marriott street 112 feet ½ of an inch; all in complete order in every particular. Also, one-half of the party wall of the house on Marriott street, adjoining the end of the lot. Also, the north party wall of the house, which is about 90 feet lot g and three stories high. May be examined any day previous to the sale. See plan. Clear of all incumbrance.

No. 2. Well-secured Ground Rent, $600 a year. All that well-secured ground rent of $600 a year, payable January and July, issuing out of all that lot of ground situate at the northeast corner of Bainbridge and Guilford streets; secured by a public school-house, and payable by the city when it is due, by a resolution of Councils passed that all warrants for ground-rents to be paid when due without delay. Lot 54 feet on Bainbridge street, by 60 feet on Guilford street.

No. 3. Eight Building Lots, Pavonia, N. J. All those 8 building lots, each 20 feet front by 100 feet deep, situate on the Pavonia Land Association's land, north of Camden, State of New Jersey. Plan can be seen at the auction store and on the day of sale. See plan.

No. 4. Stocks.
1 share Pavonia Land Association.
3 shares Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania.
Pew No. 82, centre aisle of Sixth Presbyterian Church.
20 shares Union Mining Company of the State of Nevada.
400 shares Honey Comb Petroleum Company.
100 shares Sugar Dale Oil Company.
100 shares Oil Basin Petroleum Company.
$2000 interest in the Dalias Oil Company.
Lot No. 203, section (J) in the Philadelphia Cemetery.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
3 18 a 1 15 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Three-story brick dwelling, No. 1023 Anita street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, above Federal street. On Tuesday, March 28, 1871, at 12 o'clock noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that three-story brick messuage and lot of ground situate on the north side of Anita street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, No. 1023; the lot containing in front on Anita street 16 feet, more or less, and extending in depth 66 feet 3¼ inches. The house contains seven rooms; has the gas introduced; has been newly papered and painted; new tin roof; good yard, planted with grape vines, etc. For further particulars, apply to Robert Graffen & Son, No. 537 Pine street.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
3 18 s2t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE.—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Three-story brick dwelling, No. 627 Carpenter street, west of Sixth street. On Tuesday, March 28, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that three-story brick dwelling, with one-story kitchen and lot of ground, situate on the south side of Carpenter street, 174 feet 3 inches east of Seventh street. No. 627; containing in front on Carpenter street 16 feet, and extending in depth 73 feet 9 inches to a 3 feet wide alley, with the privilege thereof. Subject to a yearly ground rent of $36, currency.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
3 18 s 2t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

PUBLIC SALE—THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers.—4 well-secured Ground Rents, $72, $50, $21, and $30 each a year. On Tuesday, March 21, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, the following described Ground Rents:—

No. 1. All that irredeemable yearly ground rent of $30, payable by William S. Vandever, 1st of January and July, in silver, issuing out of a lot of ground situate on the west side of West street, 198 feet north of Coates street, Fifteenth ward, fronting on West street 14 feet, and in depth 75 feet. Reserved June 28, 1849.

No. 2. All that irredeemable yearly ground rent of $80, payable by William S. Vandever, 1st of January and July, in silver, issuing out of a lot of ground, situate on the west side of West street, 226 feet north of Coates street, Fifteenth ward; fronting on West street 14 feet, and in depth 75 feet. Reserved June 28, 1849.

No. 3. All that yearly ground-rent of $72, payable by John W. Massey, 1st of January and July, in silver, issuing out of a lot of ground situate on the east side of Thirteenth street and south side of Myrtle street, Fourteenth ward. Beginning at the southeast corner of Thirteenth and Myrtle streets, thence extending southward along Thirteenth street 17 feet 9¾ inches to a point, thence eastward 59 feet 9 inches, thence northward 9 feet ¾ of an inch, thence westward along Myrtle street 61 feet 10 inches to the place of beginning. Reserved January 15, 1868.

No. 4. All that yearly ground-rent of $21, payable by James W. Packer, 25th of March and September, in silver, issuing out of a messuage and lot of ground situate on the north side of Myrtle street, 148 feet 6 inches east of Thirteenth street, Fourteenth ward; fronting on Myrtle street 15 feet, and in depth 32 feet 6 inches. Reserved September 26, 1851.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
1t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

PUBLIC SALE.—THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers.—Small farm, 10 acres, Hammonton, Atlantic county, New Jersey, 1¾ miles from the railroad depot at Hammonton. On Tuesday, April 4, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that tract of land, with the one-story frame dwelling thereon erected, situate in the town of Hammonton, Atlantic county, New Jersey, bounded and described as follows:—Beginning at a point in the middle of Plymouth road and the line of the Heterson estate, and runs thence (1) by the centre of Plymouth road aforesaid 75 deg., east 13·18 chains to land of Morris J. Jennes; thence (2) north 15 deg., east 15·20 chains to a point in the line of the Peterson estate aforesaid; thence (3) by the line of said property 20·40 chains to the place of beginning; containing 10 acres of land. Has abundance of fruit trees and small fruits; also a large amount of wood included in the sale. The property belongs to John Berry. Immediate possession.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
3 18 s 3t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Modern Three-story Brick Dwelling, No. 1406 Ellsworth street, west of Broad street. On Tuesday, April 11, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that three-story brick messuage, with two-story back building and lot of ground, situate on the south side of Ellsworth street, west of Broad street, No. 1406; the lot containing in front 17 feet, and extending in depth about 84 feet 5 inches to a 4½ feet wide alley, which leads into a 16 feet wide street, with the privileges of said alley. The house is in good condition, newly papered and painted; has parlor, dining-room, and kitchen on the first floor; gas, bath, hot and cold water, cooking range, marble mantels, Baltimore heater, new tin roof, etc. Subject to a yearly ground rent of $150. House rents for $40 a month. Immediate possession. Keys next door, No. 1404. M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
3 18 s1 8 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

NOW IS THE BEST TIME FOR PAINTING your houses and rooms. 25,000 pounds ready-mixed Paints, all colors and shades. Pots and Brushes loaned. Call and see samples at
W. F. SIMES & SON'S
Steam Paint Works,
1t No. 1102 MARKET Street.